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Appendix 12

Waste Analysis Plan

RCRA Part B Permit Renewal Application

Edwards Air Force Base



Prepared for:

412th Civil Engineer Group Environmental Management Division 120 North Rosamond Blvd., Building 3735 Edwards AFB, CA 93524-8600

XXX 2017

TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>Sect</u>	ION		<u>Page</u>
1.0	Intro	ODUCTION	1-1
	1.1	Regulatory Background	1-1
	1.2	Plan Purpose	1-1
	1.3	Plan Usage	1-2
2.0	New	MATERIALS/PROCESS AND UNKNOWN WASTESTREAM IDENTIFICATION	2-1
	2.1	Step 1 – Known/Unknown Waste Determination Process	2-1
		2.1.1 Unknown or Unidentified Waste Identification Procedures	2.1
		(Immediate Danger)	
	2.2	Step 2 – New Process/Waste Evaluation	
		2.2.1 Process Evaluation	2-2
	2.2	2.2.2 No Sample Required	
	2.3	Step 3 – Wastestream Sampling	
	2.4	Step 4 – Data Results Review and Profile Update	
	2.5	Step 5 – Wastestream Data Processing	
3.0		ARDOUS WASTESTREAM AND PROFILE MAINTENANCE	
	3.1	Step 1 – Initial Wastestream Review	
	3.2	Step 2 – Profile Review/Recertification	
	3.3	Step 3 – Wastestream Sampling	
	3.4	Step 4 – Analytical Results Review and Profile Update	
	3.5	Step 5 – Waste Data Processing	3-2
4.0	Was	TE IDENTIFICATION AND EVALUATION	4-1
	4.1	Waste Determination	4-1
	4.2	Waste Evaluation	4-1
5.0	Sami	PLING METHODOLOGY, FREQUENCY, AND DOCUMENTATION	5-1
	5.1	Sampling Methods	5-1
		5.1.1 Sampling Equipment	
		5.1.2 Sample Containers5.1.3 Sample Selection and Collection	
		5.1.4 Decontamination	
		5.1.5 Personal Protective Equipment	5-3
	<i>5</i> 2	5.1.6 Quality Assurance/Quality Control	
	5.2	Sampling Frequency	
		5.2.1 Frequency of High-Volume Wastestreams5.2.2 Frequency of Low-Volume Wastestreams	
		5.2.3 Frequency Changes for Sampling and Analysis	

	5.3	Samp	oling Documentation	5-5
		5.3.1 5.3.2	Sample Label	
6.0	Was	ΓΕ Α ΝΑL	LYSIS PARAMETERS AND RATIONALE	6-1
	6.1	Test N	Methods	6-1
	6.2	Other	Special Analysis and Testing Considerations	6-2
7.0	TRAC	KING AN	ND REPORTING	7-1
	7.1	7.1.1 System		ment Information
8.0	DATA	INTERP	PRETATION	8-1
	8.1	HW C	Classification	8-1
	8.2	Analy	ytical Data Review	8-1
		8.2.1 8.2.2 8.2.3	Comparison of Test Results to Criteria Test Results for Atypical Substances QA/QC Exceptions	8-2
9.0	Was	TE A NAL	YSIS PLAN REVISION	9-1
10.0	Refe	RENCES	3	10-1

LIST OF ATTACHMENTS

Attachment A-1	Hazardous Waste Inventory	
Attachment A-2	Hazardous Wastestream Sample and Analysis Parameters	
Attachment B	Example Test America Analytical Report	
	LIST OF TABLES	
Table 5-1.	Sampling Methods for Waste Materials	5-6
Table 5-2.	Examples of Sample Equipment for Waste Types and Waste Containers	
Table 5-3.	Sample Containers, Preservatives, and Holding Times for Liquids	
Table 5-4.	Sample Containers, Preservatives, and Holding Times for Solids	
Table 5-5.	Sample Equipment Decontamination Procedures	
Table 6-1.	Analytical Methods for Characterizing Hazardous Waste	
Table 6-2.	RCRA 8 and CAM 17 Metals (STLC, TTLC, TCLP) Concentration Limits	
Table 8-1.	Characteristic Hazardous Waste Designations	
Table 8-2.	RCRA 8 and CAM 17 Metals (STLC, TTLC, TCLP) Concentration Limits	
Table 8-3.	TCLP Criteria for Toxicity Characteristics	
Table 8-4.	STLC/TTLC Criteria for Inorganic Persistent and Bioaccumulative	
	Toxic Substances	8-7
Table 8-5.	STLC/TTLC Criteria for Organic Persistent and Bioaccumulative	
	Toxic Substances	8-8
	LIST OF FIGURES	
Figure 1-1.	New Material Process and Unknown Wastestream Identification	1-3
Figure 1-2.	Hazardous Wastestream and Profile Maintenance	1-4
Figure 2-1.	Unknown Item Checklist	2-5
Figure 2-2.	Waste Material Profile Sheet Certification Form	2-6
Figure 2-3.	Process Evaluation Checklist	2-7
Figure 2-4.	Wastestream Generator Profile Request Form	2-8
Figure 3-1.	Waste Material Profile Sheet Annual Re-Certification Form	3-3
Figure 5-1.	Hazardous Waste Profile Sheet	5-11
Figure 5-2.	Sample Label	5-11
Figure 5-3.	Chain of Custody Record	
Figure 6-1.	Metal Analyses Decision Flow Diagram	
Figure 8-1.	Waste Turn-In Document	8-9
Figure 8-2.	Metal Analyses Decision Flow Diagram	8-10

LIST OF ACRONYMS

ACCS Accumulation Site

AFFF Aqueous Firefighting Foam

AP Accumulation Point
AFB Air Force Base
AFI Air Force Instruction

ASTM American Society for Testing and Materials

BTU/lb British thermal units per pound

CAM California Metals

CEV Environmental Management
CCR California Code of Regulations
CFR Code of Federal Regulations

COC Chain Of Custody

cm cemtimeter

DOT Department of Transportation

DRMO Defence Reutilization and Marketing Office
DRMS Defense Reutilization and Marketing Services
DTSC Department of Toxic Substances Control

EPA U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

EESOHMIS Enterprise Environmental Safety Occupational Health Management Information System

ERP Environmental Restoration Program

FOB found on base

H2O Hydrogen Dioxide (Water)

H2O2 Hydrogen Peroxide HCL Hydrochloric Acid HM Hazardous Material HW Hazardous Waste

HWAS Hazardous Waste Accumulation Site
HWMP Hazardous Waste Management Plan
HWPS Hazardous Waste Profile Sheet
HWSF Hazardous Waste Support Facility
HWSI Hazardous Wastestream Inventory

HWSMDB Hazardous Wastestream Management Database

IAP Initial Accumulation Point IDW Investigation Derived Waste

l liter

Max maximum

MEK Methyl Ethyl Ketone mg/L milligrams per liter

mL milliliter

N/A Not Applicable

NACE National Association of Corrosion Engineers

QA/QC Quality Assurance/Quality Control

PCBs Polychlorinated Biphenyls pH Hydrogen Ion Concentration

POC point of contact ppb parts per billion

PPE Personal Protective Equipment

ppm parts per million

PQL Practical Quantitation Limit
PTFE Polytetrafluoroethylene (Teflon)

RC Reaction Code

RCRA Resource Conservation and Recovery Act

RGN Reactivity Group Number

SDS Safety Data Sheet

S/L solid/liquid

SRF Sample Request Form

STLC State Toxicity Leaching Procedure SVOC Semivolatile Organic Compound

Spec Specification

TCLP Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure

TDS Total Dissolved Solids

TEB Triethyl Borane

TPH Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons

TSS Total Soluble Solids

TTLC Toxicity Threshold Limit Concentration

TOX Total Organic Halide

USAF United States Air Force

VOC Volatile Organic Compound

WAP Waste Analysis Plan WET Wet Extraction Test

WTID Waste Turn-In Document

1.0 Introduction

1.1 REGULATORY BACKGROUND

The Waste Analysis Plan (WAP) for Edwards Air Force Base (AFB) is required by Title 40 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) 264.13(a), (b) and (c); California Code of Regulations (CCR) 66264.13; and Air Force Instruction (AFI) 32-7042 – Waste Management, Section 2.3 Waste Characterization and Identification.

The WAP applies to all Edwards AFB hazardous waste (HW) that are transferred to the permitted Hazardous Waste Support Facility (HWSF). Edwards AFB does not dispose of or treat HW at the HWSF, so compliance with the waste analysis requirements of 40 CFR 268.7 (a)(4) are not currently required.

Air Force Instruction 32-7042 requires the WAP to include the following:

- Procedures to sample each wastestream
- Identification of all wastestreams that are evaluated and analyzed
- Descriptions of testing and analytical methods
- Location of samples
- Sampling/analysis frequency
- Documentation
- Sample quality assurance
- Quality control
- Sample request procedures
- Hazardous Wastestream Inventory (HWSI) to include:
 - All HW generated
 - Generating activity identification (organization)
 - Location (building number)
 - Wastestream identification number (profile number)
 - United States Environmental Protection Agency (U.S. EPA) codes
 - State codes.

1.2 PLAN PURPOSE

The WAP provides procedures for identifying and evaluating HW in order to complete a Hazardous Waste Profile Sheet (HWPS), or equivalent Defense Reutilization and Marketing Services (DRMS) form, for each HW. It also contains detailed procedures for conducting visual wastestream evaluations, sampling, and physical and chemical analyses of waste-generating activities at Edwards AFB, including

procedures for selecting waste parameters for analysis, selecting waste sample methods, documenting samples, identifying and requesting analytical methods, and reevaluating/recertifying HW.

The WAP is not intended to replace plans, instructions, or guidance pertaining to sampling, analysis and characterization of noncontainerized waste from the following sources; investigation derived waste (IDW), Environmental Restoration Program (ERP) site soil, monitoring wells, retention ponds, or waste piles. However, if waste from these sources has been containerized in bulk or nonbulk containers, the guidance of the WAP will apply.

1.3 PLAN USAGE

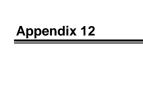
The Edwards AFB WAP is divided into three main categories for wastestream identification/characterization

- New Material/Process Wastestream Identification,
- Unknown HW Determination and Identification, and
- Hazardous Wastestream and Profile Maintenance.

Two procedural flowcharts (Figures 1-1 and 1-2) detail the steps required for each category. Figure 1-1 decision provides plan user with critical making steps and procedures identification/characterization of both new wastestreams generated by new processes or existing processes for which the process or raw materials for the process have changed, and known and unknown hazardous materials (HM)/HW found on base. Figure 1-2 provides the plan user with critical decision making steps and procedures for reevaluating and recertifying profiled routine and nonroutine wastestreams.

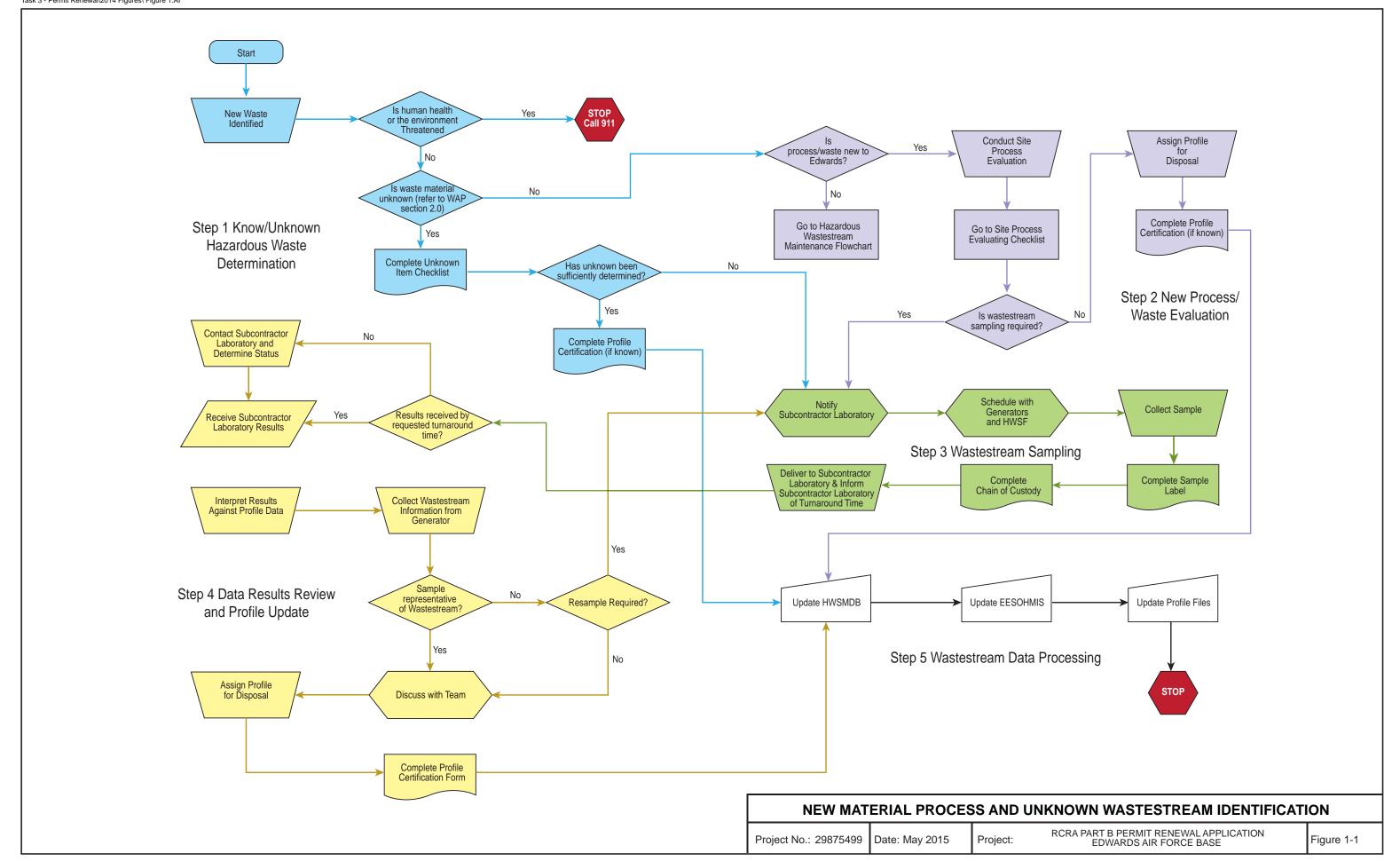
The last step for each flowchart is Wastestream Data Processing. This last step involves the filing of data/documentation, sending approved forms and documentation to waste generators, and updating tracking spreadsheets and the United States Air Force (USAF) Enterprise Environmental Safety Occupational Health Management Information System (EESOHMIS) (Edwards AFB web-based hazardous materials and hazardous waste tracking database, which includes Wastestream profile sheets and generator information). If either flowchart instructs the user to go to Step 5 prior to the other four steps being completed, it indicates that there are no further steps required and all necessary identification/characterization data have been collected and is sufficient.

HW characterization involves three sequential steps: waste identification; waste evaluation; and results interpretation and documentation. Each of these steps is detailed in the WAP. Other sections of the plan provide the user with specific information and quick references on the subcategories of: sample frequency; sample equipment selection; sample quality assurance; wastestream identification number (profile number); United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) codes; and state codes.



Waste Analysis Plan

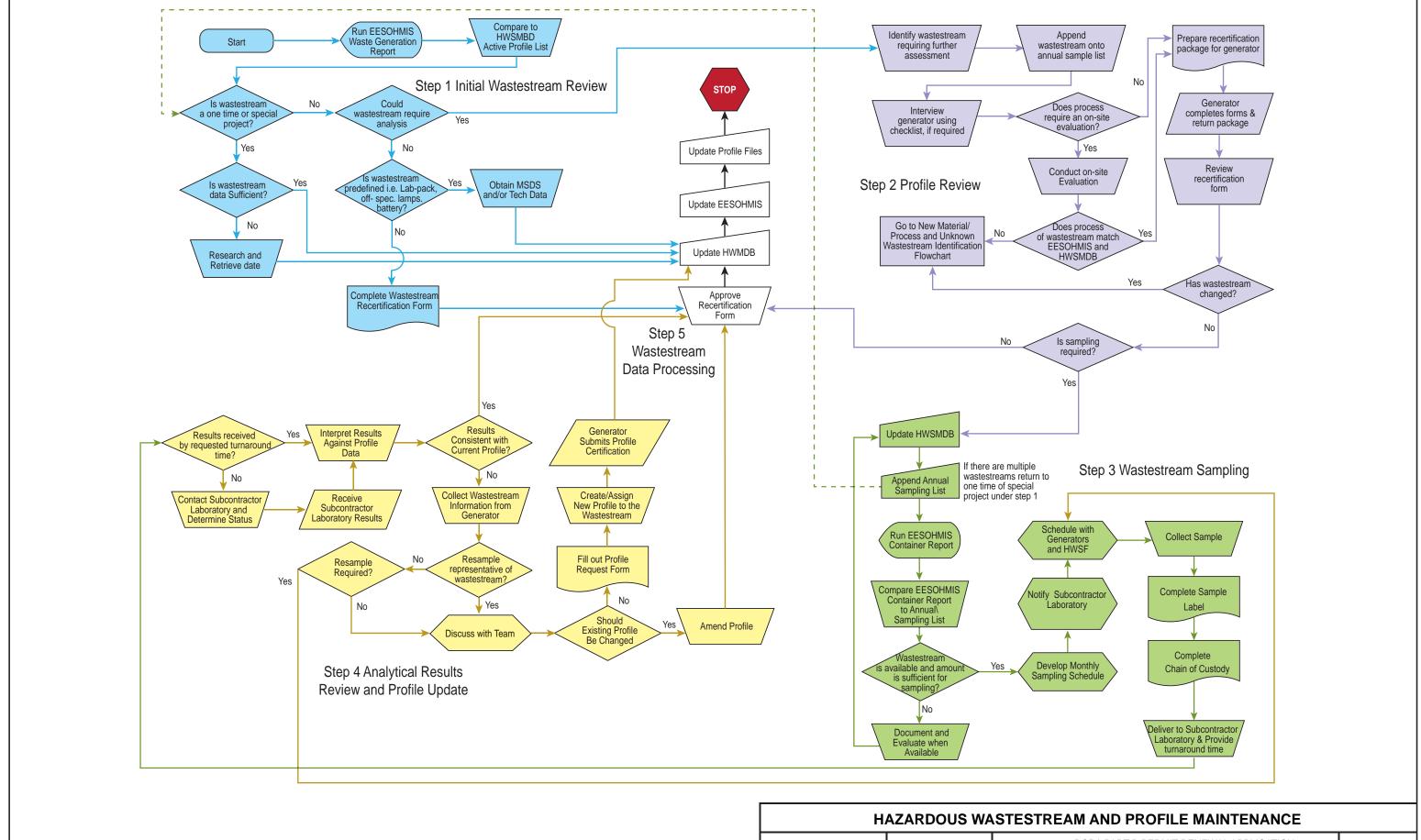
Figure 1-1. New Material Process and Unknown Wastestream Identification





Waste Analysis Plan

Figure 1-2. Hazardous Wastestream and Profile Maintenance



Project No.: 29875499

Date: May 2015

Project:

Figure 1-2

2.0 New Materials/Process and Unknown Wastestream Identification

2.1 Step 1 – Known/Unknown Waste Determination Process

Waste found on base that is not easily identified because it is abandoned and not labeled or mislabeled is considered unknown wastes. Usually, unknown wastes found-on-base (FOB) is of two types; dump sites and abandoned materials. Edwards AFB has been in operation since before World War II, 30+ years before RCRA was enacted. There is always the possibility that abandoned chemicals or wastes from before the enactment of RCRA may be found, typically discovered when buildings are renovated or demolished, or during construction work that uncovers long buried dump sites.

There are occasions when 'unknown' waste is found on Edwards AFB by individuals who may not know what it is, but enough information may be available upon research by 412th Test Wing Civil Engineer Group Environmental Management Division (CEV) to either characterize the waste as is, or to sample and request appropriate analysis to make a characterization. These unknown items will no longer be considered unknowns. Known wastestreams are considered to be those for which a generating process and hazardous constituents can be identified and if necessary, appropriate analysis can be requested.

If there is no source of information for an item found on base or information that can be gathered through site observations is nonexistent or insufficient to make an effective identification, the item will be considered an 'unknown.' All unknown or unidentified waste found on base will be handled on a case-by-case basis.

2.1.1 Unknown or Unidentified Waste Identification Procedures (Immediate Danger)

If nothing is known about the wastestream and there is an immediate or perceived danger or threat to human life, call 911 using a base cable phone or (661) 277-4540 from cellular phones. Quick response by trained staff can often prevent an accident from turning into a disaster.

If actions may be required, but there is no immediate danger and it is uncertain as to who should respond and how, call the Command Post at (661) 277-3040. The Command Post will use its resources to contact appropriate base staff agencies by observing the following:

If an emergency response occurs, sampling and analysis will be performed as part of the response and be coordinated by CEV, the Edwards AFB Fire Department, and Bio Environmental Engineering.

2.1.2 Unknown or Unidentified Waste Identification Procedures (No Immediate Danger)

If there is no immediate or perceived danger or threat to human life, person or persons discovering the dump site or abandoned item will notify CEV.

The CEV staff will complete the Unknown Item Checklist (Figure 2-1). This checklist allows the user to identify potential generators of the waste, important facts regarding potential sources and wastestream types through questioning on-site or nearby base staff (e.g., there are two partially empty unlabeled poly

drums found behind a hanger and adjacent to water treatment building. By completing the unknown item checklist, it is discovered that hanger occupants had observed base water treatment staff filling the treatment unit a couple of months prior. A call is made to the base Civil Engineering Water Shop to confirm and a safety data sheet (SDS) is provided for the contents of the drums. The waste product is characterized by using the SDS and performing a field pH test to confirm. The drums are assigned a profile and disposed of by CEV).

If sufficient information is available for waste identification and characterization after the completion of the checklist, the waste can be profiled and then a Waste Material Profile Sheet Certification Form (Figure 2-2) can be completed. The Waste Material Profile Sheet Certification Form for FOB waste will be filled out by CEV staff, unless during the research and checklist completion activities the owner of the FOB waste is identified and located. This form is formal documentation of the process or source of the waste, description of the waste, location of the waste, technical contact, profile number assigned, and if a sample was or is required. The completed form is signed by both the waste generator/owner or CEV staff characterizing the waste and CEV profile approval staff.

If there is not sufficient information to properly characterize the waste, then samples must be taken. The unidentified wastestream FOB will be left in place and sampled to determine the waste's hazardous characteristics.

Once the waste has been properly identified, it shall be moved to the HWSF, properly labeled based on sampling identification and arrangements made for the proper disposal.

2.2 Step 2 – New Process/Waste Evaluation

For the purpose of this WAP, a 'new process' will be defined as a physical operation or activity generating or producing waste material not reused in a closed loop recycling system that has either not been performed at Edwards AFB or has been performed on base, but will now be performed by a new process owner. In order to effectively identify and characterize a wastestream, including the selection of appropriate analysis, the process producing the waste must be thoroughly understood.

2.2.1 Process Evaluation

The Process Evaluation is performed by interviewing the process owner. A checklist, such as the Example Process Evaluation Checklist (Figure 2-3) can be used, allowing CEV staff to collect and document critical information about the process and the waste it generates from the generator and/or process owner, including, but not limited to:

- Hazardous and nonhazardous materials (chemicals) being used in the process;
- Quantity and type of waste;
- Process location;
- Duration of the process; and
- How wastestream is containerized, and HW accumulation site receiving the process waste.

This information will be used to either assign the wastestream an existing profile or make a new profile based on generator knowledge and technical data. The information will also allow the correct analytes to be selected if a sample is needed.

2.2.2 No Sample Required

If after completion and review of the process evaluation results and the Waste-stream Generator Profile Request Form (Figure 2-4), the CEV concludes that there is enough technical and generator knowledge to effectively characterize and profile the waste without sampling and analysis, the following actions are required:

- Assign a profile by comparing the process-waste characterization to other similar Edwards AFB wastestream profiles with the same process category (e.g., aircraft maintenance, process changeout, parts washing, painting and coating, paint removal, and structure maintenance) and selecting the best profile.
- Instruct the generator to complete and sign a Waste Material Profile Certification Form (see Figure 4) which will be approved by CEV.
- If no existing profile matches the wastestream, CEV will use a Wastestream Generator Profile Request Form to create a new profile or modify an existing profile and assign the new or modified profile to the wastestream.

The purpose of the Wastestream Generator Profile Request Form is to allow CEV wastestream profiling staff to justify and track reasons new waste profiles are created or existing profiles are modified. This also allows the profiling staff to track profiles that will need to be resubmitted to the Defense Reutilization Management Office (DRMO) or disposal facilities.

It should be noted, that modifying an existing profile can only be performed by the authorized CEV profiling staff and only after the HW profiling team agrees there will be no impact to historical items shipped under this profile by the modification.

2.3 Step 3 – Wastestream Sampling

Sampling will be performed in accordance with Section 6.0, Waste Analysis Parameters and Rational, of this report, and the Hazardous Wastestream Sample and Analysis Parameters Spreadsheet (Table A-2).

Prior to sampling of any wastestream, notification to the designated analytical laboratory will be made. This is intended to serve two purposes: allows laboratory personnel to schedule workload depending on the priority rating given to the sample and allows sampling personnel to receive information on sample containers and preservation required for the wastestream.

Larger scale sampling projects may require a site specific sampling plan to document procedures for conducting sampling activities.

2.4 STEP 4 – DATA RESULTS REVIEW AND PROFILE UPDATE

The interpretation of data for the purpose of making a HW determination, classification of HW, or to verify that a wastestream continues to meet the profile parameters can only be performed by designated CEV. New profile development and profile updates resulting from the interpretation of data will also be performed by qualified CEV. More information on data interpretation and profile update are presented in Section 8.0, Data Interpretation, of this report.

2.5 Step 5 – Wastestream Data Processing

Any change to a wastestream and/or wastestream profile prompts an action to update the tracking data base HW Profile Sheet in the Hazardous Wastestream Management Database (HWSMDB), which includes the HWSI and the Hazardous Wastestream Sample and Analysis Parameters Spreadsheet, and to update the physical profile files.

Figure 2-1. Unknown Item Checklist



UNKNOWN ITEM CHECKLIST

Date Item/Site Discovered:
Description of item's/site:
Describe other items in the area:
Are there any identifying markings on the items?
Is the item upright? YESNO (if no, specify the position)
Is the item leaking? YESNO (If no, does the container show signs of degradation)
Is the item closed (lids, bungs to prevent water exposure)? YESNO
Location item(s) discovered:
Does the Site appear to be a dumping area? YESNO(If Yes, contact Environmental Restoration Program and Geographic Information System)
Describe how the item/site was discovered:
Nearest buildings, facilities, or tanks:
Question nearby personnel on activities/operations/projects in the area (past and present):
Name of POCs:
Name of POCs:
Contact No. for POCs:

Figure 2-2. Waste Material Profile Sheet Certification Form

412 CEG/CEVC Environmental Management – Hazardous Waste Waste Material Profile Sheet Certification Form

Building #	Cert. Date
ACCS / IAP #	Contact
Organization	Sample # (if applicable)
Phone	Projected Annual Volume
Edwards AFB Profile #	MSDS#
Waste Stream Name	
Process (source) Generating Waste Stream:	
Is this waste stream expected to be reoccurring or one	e-time generation?
Reod If waste will be One-time, please explain:	curring One Time
If waste will be One-time, please explain: "I certify that all the information submitted in t	
If waste will be One-time, please explain:	his and attached documents are correct to the
"I certify that all the information submitted in the best of my knowledge."	his and attached documents are correct to the
"I certify that all the information submitted in the best of my knowledge." Signature	his and attached documents are correct to the
"I certify that all the information submitted in t best of my knowledge." Signature Print Name	his and attached documents are correct to the
"I certify that all the information submitted in the best of my knowledge." Signature	his and attached documents are correct to the Title

Questions or comments, please call Maung Thein at 277-1436 or Cat McDonald at 277-3681. Return completed form to HWSF via E-mail or FAX to 277-1460, or deliver to Bldg. 4904, 446 N. Rosamond Blvd. Edwards AFB

Figure 2-3. Process Evaluation Checklist



PROCESS EVALUATION CHECKLIST

Date of Review: Proc	ess Location Site/Building#:	
POC Name/No.:	Org/Office Symbol:	
Associated IAP/HWAS:	Associated HAZMART/Shop:	<u></u>
Description of process:		
3		
Is this a new process? If NO, is this an existing process that is be If YES, please explain how the process an	ing modified? □ \	′ES □ NO ′ES □ NO
		-2
Expected process duration (How long will this	happen at this location?):	-
Hazardous materials used in process (list all a	and provide MSDS for each):	
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
9		
Non-hazardous materials used in process (lis-	t all and specify percentage of the to	tal)
· *	Percentage:	0%
	Percentage:	0%
Will the type of waste generated be Off-spec	or Expired product only?	∕ES □ NO

Figure 2-4. Wastestream Generator Profile Request Form



WASTE STREAM GENERATOR PROFILE REQUEST FORM

Date:	Date Profile Needed:
	(Please allow five days if possible)
Building # or Location:	IAP/HWAS#:
How was this waste stream generated?	
What are the constituents of the waste stream a	nd the estimated % of each constituent?
Is the waste stream new and unused product?	
If waste stream is a new and unused product, ha	as the container been opened?
If waste is off-spec material, has the waste stream	am been mixed with anything?
If so, what has the waste stream been mixed wi	th?
What is the size of the material/waste container	and how much total waste?
Has a current manufacture's MSDS of all comp years old)?	onents of the waste stream been obtained (less than five
	n?
Is this waste stream expected to be reoccurring	or one-time generation?
What is the projected annual volume and freque	ency of generation? (i.e. 1 gallon a week)
Has the waste stream been sampled?	
If so, what are the analytical results?	
Comments:	
TO DE COMPLET	ED DV 414 TWICENIC CEA EE
Is a new profile needed? YES/NO (If yes, give	ED BY 412 TW/CEVC STAFF reason)
Will sampling be required before first turn into	HWSF?
Does the waste stream fit any existing profiles?	
Can an existing profile be modified to include t is reactivated, record last date of activation)	this waste stream? YES/NO (If an existing expired profile

Questions or comments, please call Maung Thein at 277-1436 or Cat McDonald at 277-3681 Return completed scanned form to HWSF via E-mail or FAX to 277-1460 or deliver to Bldg. 4904, 446 N. Rosamond Blvd. Edwards AFB

3.0 HAZARDOUS WASTESTREAM AND PROFILE MAINTENANCE

The hazardous wastestream and profile maintenance process includes final steps that CEV completes to ensure that HW profiles are current on certification and changes to wastestreams have been thoroughly reviewed and documented. Wastestream and profile maintenance is the daily responsibility of CEV profiling staff. The following five steps will address procedures for the annual review required for all wastestreams that are shipped off-site for recycling or disposal. The result of these steps is the recertification of the wastestreams and authorization for the generators to continue to use the applicable profile.

3.1 Step 1 – Initial Wastestream Review

The initial review of the Edwards AFB wastestreams for the purpose of annual update and evaluation for change, deactivation of profiles, and sampling requirements follow a set procedures

First, authorized CEV personnel run an EESOHMIS HW generation report. This report shows all active profiles used by base HW generators within the year (the report can be run for calendar or fiscal year depending on when the wastestream review begins and what will render the most accurate representation). This report provides the following: which wastestreams were generated by each generator, quantity of each wastestream generated, whether the waste was collected and shipped in bulk or nonbulk containers, and frequency of the waste generation.

Second, the data gathered from the EESOHMIS generated report is evaluated against current HWSMDB spreadsheets to determine which wastestreams from which generators will automatically be sampled and analyzed based on quantity generated and the wastestream type requiring annual analysis. In addition, during the evaluation, the following wastestreams are eliminated from the report: off-specification/expired HM wastestreams, consisting of all wastestreams classified solely from MSDS and technical data, manufactured article waste, including, but not limited to, batteries, lamps, cylinders, and decontamination kits, and one-time generation waste. Once these wastestreams have been eliminated from the review, the remaining wastestreams are those routine wastestreams for which recertification is dependent on knowledge of the generating process and/or analysis.

3.2 Step 2 – Profile Review/Recertification

The CEV profiling staff prepares and sends each Edwards AFB HW generator a package consisting of a cover letter listing all wastestreams generated and designating those wastestreams that will require recertification. The package also includes a Waste Material Profile Sheet Annual Recertification Form (Figure 3-1) for each applicable wastestream. Each HW generator will complete and sign the forms and return them to the CEV profiling staff. This wastestream and process information allows CEV to determine if there have been significant process and wastestream changes requiring either further consultation with the generator or sampling and analysis.

3.3 Step 3 – Wastestream Sampling

After determining which wastestreams will require sampling and analysis, and those wastestreams that do not require analysis, but require other modifications to the wastestream profile, the Hazardous Wastestream Sample and Analysis Parameters spreadsheet will be updated, so that sampling and site visits (if necessary) can be scheduled with the generator. Note that there may be situations that require waste to be sampled at the point of generation; however, most waste will be sampled at the HWSF prior to being prepared for off-site shipment.

Wastestreams that are scheduled to be sampled, but have either not been generated or generated in insufficient quantities during the evaluation period must be documented as a carryover sample for the next evaluation period.

3.4 Step 4 – Analytical Results Review and Profile Update

The interpretation of data for the purpose of making a HW determination, classification of HW, or to verify that a wastestream continues to meet the profile parameters can only be performed by designated CEV. New profile development and profile updates resulting from the interpretation of data will also be performed by qualified CEV. More information on data interpretation and profile update is presented in Section 8.0 of this report.

3.5 Step 5 – Waste Data Processing

Any change to a wastestream and/or wastestream profile prompts an action to update EESOHMIS and the HWSMDB, which includes the HWSI and the Hazardous Wastestream Sample and Analysis Parameters Spreadsheet, and to update the physical profile files.



Waste Analysis Plan

Figure 3-1. Waste Material Profile Sheet Annual Re-Certification Form

412 TW/CEVC Environmental Management - Hazardous Waste

Organization	Recertification Date		
Building #	Edwards AFB Profile #		
ACCS / IAP #			
POC			
Phone			
Waste Stream Name:			
Process (source) Generating Waste Stream	:		
	Yes No		
1. Do you still generate this waste stream? If r	no, skip the following		
questions, explain in the comments, and sig	n and return this		
form to CH2MHILL Environmental, Hazardoเ	us Waste.		
2. Has the process generating the waste chang			
3. Have any of the characteristics of the waste changed, such as a			
change in physical state, chemical composit			
If 'yes' was selected for questions 2 and 3, please exp	plain below. Also, utilize this space to indicate any nission of a new profile and sample of the waste- stream.		
changes of updates. Changes may necessitate subm	ission of a new prome and sample of the waste- stream.		
	·		
"I certify that all the information submitted in the knowledge."	is and attached documents are correct to the best of my		
Generator's Signatu <u>re</u>	Title		
Printer's Signature	Date		
	Date		
FOR OFFICE USE ONLY			
Comment:	Needed: yes no		

Questions or comments, please call Maung Thein at 277-1436 or Cat McDonald at 277-3681 Return completed scanned form to HWSF via E-mail or FAX to 277-1460 or deliver to Bldg. 4904, 72 E. Forbes Ave. Edwards AFB.

4.0 Waste Identification and Evaluation

4.1 Waste Determination

In order to determine if a wastestream needs to be evaluated, the following questions need to be addressed:

- Is it a waste? If the answer to any of the following four questions is yes, the material is a waste.
 - Is the material no longer useful for its intended purpose (e.g., because it is dirty, out of specification or a spill residue)?
 - Is it an unintended or usable byproduct?
 - Does the base intend to discard the material for eventual treatment, storage, recycling, or disposal? Is it produced by cleanup at a previously uncontrolled waste site?
 - Is it a solid waste? A solid waste is generally defined as any discarded material (including solids, semisolids, liquids, and gases), which is abandoned, recycled, or considered inherently waste-like. These terms are fully defined in 22 CCR 66261.2, and examples illustrating use of the terms during waste evaluation are provided in the Air Force Hazardous Waste Management Guide, Section 4-1, dated 13 November 1992.
- Is it a hazardous waste? If the material is a solid waste, the solid waste should be evaluated to determine if it is HW. As defined in 22 CCR 66261.3, a material is an HW if it has not been excluded from regulation and is a characteristic HW (e.g., ignitable, corrosive, reactive, or toxic), a listed HW, or a mixture of a listed HW and solid waste. In addition, any waste generated from the treatment, storage, or disposal of HW, including any sludge, spill residue, ash, emission control dust, or leachate including precipitation runoff is an HW per 22 CCR 66261.3(c)(1). Sampling and analysis may be required to determine whether a waste is hazardous or nonhazardous, which will be discussed in the following sections.

4.2 WASTE EVALUATION

Waste evaluation is the process of determining which identified solid wastes may be classified as HWs. This process can be conducted by either using the waste generator's knowledge of the waste, or by analytical testing per 40 CFR 261, 22 CCR 66262.20, and 22 CCR 66264.13. The composition of each waste must be adequately evaluated to allow for proper identification of hazardous characteristics, labeling of drums, on-site storage, packaging for transportation, and off-site disposal.

In general, CEV determines the composition of each wastestream by using:

- Generator knowledge;
- MSDSs provided by the generators to characterize off-specification containers, and virgin products;
- Previous analytical results; and
- Analytical tests.

5.0 SAMPLING METHODOLOGY, FREQUENCY, AND DOCUMENTATION

5.1 Sampling Methods

The methods to be used for sampling waste materials vary with the form and consistency of the material. Waste materials often vary significantly in state (e.g., liquid, solid, and semisolid) and consistency, and require combinations of methods be utilized. The sampling methods are presented in Table 5-1.

5.1.1 Sampling Equipment

Sampling equipment selection is dependent on the type of waste and the source of the waste being sampled. Sample equipment might include a combination of two or more collection tools if the waste media is not consistent. For example, a drum of paint-related waste may have 12 inches of liquid or semiliquid media on top, but the remainder of the waste may be solid. This would require the selection of at least two sample equipment types. It is Edwards AFB procedure that sampling equipment selection is made on a case-by-case basis, with knowledge of the actual waste item being sampled. The following sections provide a list of sampling equipment commonly used at Edwards AFB.

5.1.1.1 Composite Liquid Waste Sampler (Coliwasa)

The Coliwasa is a device employed to sample free-flowing liquids and slurries contained in drums, shallow tanks, pits, and similar containers. It is especially useful for sampling wastes that consists of several immiscible liquid phases. The Coliwasa consists of glass, plastic, or metal tube equipped with an end closure that can be opened and closed while the tube is submerged in the material to be sampled.

5.1.1.2 Weighted Bottle

This sampler consists of a glass or plastic bottle, sinker, stopper, and a line that is used to lower, raise, and open the bottle. The weighted bottle can be used for liquids and free-flowing slurries. A weighted bottle with a line is built to the specifications in the ASTM Methods D270 and E300.

5.1.1.3 Dipper

The dipper consists of a glass beaker clamped to the end of a two or three-piece telescoping aluminum or fiberglass pole that serves as the handle. Dippers sample liquids and free flowing slurries. Dippers are not available commercially and must be fabricated.

5.1.1.4 Thief

A thief consists of the two slotted concentric tubes, usually made of stainless steel or brass. The outer tube has a conical pointed tip that permits the sampler to penetrate the material being sampled. The inner tube is rotated to open and close the sampler. A thief is used to sample dry granules or powered wastes whose particle diameter is less than one-third the width of the slots. A thief is available at laboratory supply stores.

5.1.1.5 Trier

A trier consists of a tube cut in half lengthwise with a sharpened tip that allows the sampler to cut into sticky solids and to loosen soil. A trier samples moist or sticky solids with a particle diameter less than one-half the diameter of the trier.

Triers 61- to 100-cm long and 1.27 to 2.54 cm in diameter are available at laboratory supply stores. A large trier can be fabricated.

5.1.1.6 Auger

An auger consists of sharpened spiral blades attached to a hard metal central shaft. An auger samples hard or packed solid wastes or soil. Augers are available at hardware and laboratory supply stores.

5.1.1.7 Scoops and Shovels

Scoops and shovels are used to sample granular or powered material in bins, shallow containers, and conveyor belts. Scoops are available at laboratory supply stores. Flat-nosed shovels are available at hardware stores.

5.1.2 Sample Containers

Prior to performing sampling, CEV contacts the laboratory to schedule and to receive any special sample requirements that might apply. Sample container selection is based not only on the waste type, but on test methods and amount of sample required to be representative. In addition, holding times and preservatives are contingent on test methods. The requirements for sample equipment are presented in Table 5-2. The requirements for sample containers, preservation, and holding times for liquids and solids are presented in Tables 5-3 and 5-4, respectively. The data presented in Tables 5-3 and 5-4 are for methods that are typically used to characterize wastes at Edwards AFB, or provide additional information about a waste. For those situations requiring methods not given in Tables 5-3 and 5-4, the HWSF personnel will coordinate with the testing laboratory to establish the proper sample containers, preservation, and holding times.

5.1.3 Sample Selection and Collection

Determining how many samples and which waste containers to sample is dependent on an understanding of the process generating the waste. The site or group of wastestream containers is always assessed prior to determining the number of samples required. If the waste is contained in several containers and the waste is generated from research or other variable processes, every container should be sampled. However, if there are a large number of containers from a consistent process, a subset of containers, randomly selected, will be sampled.

To obtain a representative sample from a container, one useful strategy is to divide the container into an imaginary grid, and collect incremental samples at random into a single sample. The homogeneity of the waste will impact the number of incremental samples composing a grab or combined sample. The less homogeneous the wastestream, the more samples it will take to result in a representative sample of the

waste population. Only authorized wastestreams will be incrementally sampled from multiple generators of the same wastestream.

All Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) samples should be introduced into the sample container in a manner that minimizes loss of volatiles due to agitation and entrained air. After the lid has been tightened on water samples, the vial should be inverted and tapped to check for air bubbles. If there are any air bubbles present, the sample must be discarded and another collected.

5.1.4 Decontamination

Whenever possible, samples should be collected directly into the sample bottle. Any reusable sampling equipment must be decontaminated prior to each use. See Table 5-5 for examples of decontamination procedures. Most equipment decontamination should be accomplished by washing the equipment in a nonphosphate detergent solution and rinsing. Alternatively, disposable equipment can be used and disposed of after each sample is collected. At times, it may be preferable to employ a more thorough chemical decontamination (i.e., if high concentrations of volatiles were detected in the preceding sample).

5.1.5 Personal Protective Equipment

Personnel collecting HW samples must wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE), including impervious gloves, chemical safety goggles, coveralls, and suitable boots. Knowledge of the wastestream and/or site conditions will always be the deciding factor in the selection of PPE.

Sampling of unknown waste will always be accomplished in Level A or modified Level B PPE, and only properly trained staff will take samples of unknown wastestreams.

5.1.6 Quality Assurance/Quality Control

Edwards AFB employes a basic Quality Assurance/Quality Control (QA/QC) program that reflects the fact that the vast majority of wastestreams generated by Edwards AFB operations are already well characterized and supported by decades of institutional generator knowledge. The QA/QC program relies on a limited QA/QC sampling protocol and QA/QC processes in place with testing laboratories that are certified by the California Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC), and the Regional Water Quality Control Board, for the treatment and disposal of HW.

The basis for a limited QA/QC program is that nearly all HW samples submitted for testing are either: (1) one-time samplings of individual containers of waste for the purposes of characterization, storage, manifesting for disposal, and identification of any land disposal restrictions; or (2) are verifications and updates of existing wastestream characterizations. The result is a large number of that sampling events characterized by very small sample sets taken across a large number of wastestreams.

5.1.6.1 QA/QC Samples

A limited QA/QC sampling protocol will be employed.

The QA/QC sampling procedures that are used to measure the accuracy and precision of sampling include:

- Trip blanks are prepared before sampling occurs. The trip blank accompanies the sampling equipment into the sampling area. Once the sampling is completed, the trip blanks accompany the samples to the laboratory for analysis. Trip blanks are designed to detect VOC contamination or cross-contamination during the handling and transportation of samples. Except as noted, trip blanks are prepared for all HW sampling events. Trip blanks are not used with soil samples.
- Field blanks are prepared during the sampling process using analyte-free water. The field blanks are then sent with the samples to the laboratory for analysis. Field blanks are used to ensure samples are not contaminated during the sampling process. Field blanks are used at Edwards AFB for HW samples only when the environment during sampling cannot be controlled or if a past analysis detects the presence of compounds not expected in the wastestream.
- Field duplicates measure precision by determining variance due to waste composition, sampling technique, or analytical technique. Field duplicates are taken in conjunction with field blanks, or when sampling a new wastestream that cannot be otherwise characterized based on gernerator knowledge.
- Equipment blanks are collected after completion of sampling equipment decontamination and prior to their next use in a sampling event. This is done to ensure equipment is clean before sampling. If one-time use disposal sampling equipment is used, no equipment blank is collected.
- Temperature blanks are not collected as the testing laboratories used by Edwards AFB measure
 the interior temperature of the cooler upon receipt, and report the results in their analytical
 reports.

5.1.6.2 Laboratory QA/QC Requirements

Edwards AFB only uses testing laboratories certified by California. As such, we rely on the testing laboratory to implement all required QA/QC processes and procedures as given in each SW-846 analytical method. Given the types of sampling events previously described, Edwards AFB has not established any specific data quality objectives for testing laboratories, other than testing laboratories follow their internal QA/QC processes and procedures.

The testing laboratories used by Edwards AFB routinely include as part of their internal QA/QC processes: method blanks; laboratory control samples/duplicates; matrix spikes/duplicates; and required instrument checks and calibrations. The results of method blanks, laboratory control samples/duplicates, and matrix spikes/duplicates QA/QC activities are included in the test reports provided by the testing laboratories. QA/QC activities involving specifics on instrument checks and calibrations are not included in the test reports provided by the testing laboratories. An example of a typical test report is provided in Attachment B.

5.2 Sampling Frequency

5.2.1 Frequency of High-Volume Wastestreams

Each high-volume wastestream (defined as one that generates four or more 55-gallon drums of waste per year) will be recertified annually (unless there has been a process change that would dictate a more frequent evaluation). If samples are required, they will be collected in order to update the HWPS (example provided in Figure 5-1) and ensure that the initial HW determinations are accurate and up-to-

date. The parameters analyzed will be determined by CEV. A HWPS, along with a recertification form will be submitted annually to the HWSF manager for high-volume wastestreams.

5.2.2 Frequency of Low-Volume Wastestreams

Low-volume wastestreams generated by Edwards AFB (those that generate three 55-gallon drums or less per year) will be sampled and analyzed once every 3 years after the initial analysis and technical data are obtained and characterized, unless there has been a process change that would dictate a more frequent evaluation or if the low-volume wastestream becomes a routine wastestream. An updated HWPS along with a recertification form must be submitted annually to the HWSF manager for low-volume wastestreams; for the years when sampling is not required, this recertification may be based on process knowledge.

5.2.3 Frequency Changes for Sampling and Analysis

Wastestreams found to be in discrepancy with the description of the HW profile will be sampled immediately.

5.3 SAMPLING DOCUMENTATION

The possession and handling of samples must be traceable from collection through analysis and final disposition. The documentation of the sample history is called COC. Edwards AFB uses sample labels, COC forms, and sample analysis request forms for all waste sample shipments to ensure the integrity of samples from collection to data reporting. These records will be maintained by CEV.

5.3.1 Sample Label

The sample label (example provided in Figure 5-2) must be attached to the jar or container; the sample label will be placed on the jar or container before the sample is collected. Permanent ink must be used when writing the required identification information on the sample label. The following information is required for the sample label including the sample identification (usually includes the profile number, date, or other identifying information), current date, time the sample was taken, the location where the sample was taken, the name of the person who took the sample, and the preservative if applicable.

5.3.2 Chain of Custody

A completed COC form (example provided in Figure 5-3) will accompany every sample as prescribed by EPA Method SW-846 requirements. The COC form should contain the sample number, signature of collector, date and time of collection, place and address of collection, waste type, signature of staff involved in the COC, and inclusive dates of possession.

Table 5-1. Sampling Methods for Waste Materials

Type of Waste	Guide Reference			
Extremely viscous liquid	ASTM Standard D140-01 (2007) "Standard Practice for Sampling Bituminous Materials"			
Crushed or powdered material	ASTM D346 - 04e1 "Standard Practice for Collection and Preparation of Coke Samples for Laboratory Analysis"			
Soil- or rock-like material	ASTM D420 - 98(2003) "Standard Guide to Site Characterization for Engineering, Design, and Construction Purposes"			
Soil-like material	ASTM D1452 - 07a "Standard Practice for Soil Investigation and Sampling by Auger Borings"			
Fly ash-like material	ASTM D2234 / D2234M - 07 "Standard Practice for Collection of a Gross Sample of Coal"			
Containerized liquid waste	Coliwasa, described in Test Methods for the Evaluation of Solid Waste; Physical/Chemical Methods. EPA Samplers and Sampling Procedures for Hazardous Wastestreams, EPA 600/2-80-018.			
Liquid waste in pits, ponds, lagoons, and similar Reservoirs	Pond sampler, described in Test Methods for the Evaluation of Solid Waste; Physical/Chemical Methods. EPA Samplers and Sampling Procedures For Hazardous Wastestreams, EPA 600/2-80-018.			

Table 5-2. Examples of Sample Equipment for Waste Types and Waste Containers

Waste Type and Location/Container						
Waste Type	Drum	Sacks and Bags	Open- Bed Truck or Bins	Closed- Bed Truck	Storage Tank	Waste Piles
Free-flowing liquids and slurries	Coliwasa	N/A	N/A	Coliwasa	Weighted bottle	N/A
Sludge	Trier	N/A	Trier	Trier	Trier	Case-by-Case Equipment Selection ^a
Moist powders or granules	Trier	Trier	Trier	Trier	Trier	Trier
Dry powders or granules	Thief	Thief	Thief	Thief	Case-by-Case Equipment Selection ^a	Thief
Sand or packed powders and granules	Auger	Auger	Auger	Auger	Thief	Thief
Large grained solids	Large Trier	Large Trier	Large Trier	Large Trier	Large Trier	Large Trier

N/A – not applicable

^a This type of sampling situation can present a significant logistical sampling problem, and sampling equipment must be specifically selected or designed based on-site and waste conditions. No general statement about appropriate sampling equipment can be made.

Table 5-3. Sample Containers, Preservatives, and Holding Times for Liquids

Analytes	Test Method(s) ^a	Minimum Sample Size ^b	Container ^c	Preservation Method ^d	Holding Times
General and Inorganics					
pH	9040	125 ml	Poly / NA	NA	As soon as possible
Flash Point	1010e	125 ml	Poly / NA	None	None
Specific Gravity	2710Ff	60 ml	Glass / NA	None	None
Total Dissolved Solids for	2540Cf	100 ml	Poly / NA	0 to ≤6 °C	7 Days
Nonhazardous Water					,
Total Suspended Solids	2540Df	100 ml	Poly / NA	0 to ≤6 °C	7 Days
Total Solids	2540Bf	1 L	Glass (amber) / NA	0 to ≤6 °C	7 Days
Water	E203 ⁹	125 ml	Poly, glass / PTFE	0 to ≤6 °C	28 Days
Organic Peroxide, Hydrogen Peroxide	h	NA	NA	NA	NA
Perchlorates	6850	125 ml	Poly / NA	0 to ≤6 ∘C	Extract and analyze 28 days after collection
Fish Bioassay	i	2 L	Glass (amber) / NA	0 to ≤6 °C	72 Hours
Metals					
Metals (except Mercury and Chromium VI)	6010, 6020	500 ml	Poly / NA	HNO₃ to pH<2	6 Months
Metals for TCLP or CAM WET (except Mercury)	j	500 ml	Poly / NA	None	Extract 180 days from collection; analyze 180 days after extraction
Mercury for TCLP or CAM WET	,	1 L ml	Glass (amber) / NA	None	Extract 28 days from collection; analyze 28 days after extraction
Chromium VI	7196	400 ml	Poly / NA	0 to ≤6 ∘C	24 Hours
Mercury	7470	400 ml	Poly / NA	HNO₃ to pH<2	28 Days
Organics					
VOC (concentrated waste)		100 ml	Glass / PTFE	0 to ≤6 °C	7 Days
VOC (aqueous with no residual Chlorine)	8260	3 x 40 ml	Vial – glass / PTFE	0 to ≤6 °C HCl to pH<2	14 Days
SVOC (concentrated waste)		1 L			Extract 14 days from collection; analyze 40 days after extraction
SVOC (aqueous with no residual Chlorine) Hydrazine/Mono and	8270	2 L	Glass (amber) / PTFE	0 to ≤6 °C	Extract 7 days from collection; analyze 40 days after extraction
Dimethylhydrazine Total Nonhalogenated Extractable Hydrocarbons	8015	1 L	Glass (amber) / PTFE	0 to ≤6 °C	Extract 7 days from collection; analyze 40 days after extraction
Glycol Screening	Modified 8015	125 ml	Poly / PTFE	0 to ≤6 °C	14 Days
JP-4 and JP-8	8015	2 L	Glass (amber) / PTFE	0 to ≤6 °C	Extract 7 days from collection; analyze 40 days after extraction
Benzene for TCLP	j	3 x 40 ml	Vial – glass / PTFE	0 to ≤6 °C HCl to pH<2	Extract 14 days from collection; analyze 14 days after extraction
Polychlorinated Biphenyls (aqueous with no residual Chlorine)	8082	1 L	Glass (amber) / PTFE	0 to ≤6 °C	Extract 365 days from collection; analyze 40 days after extraction
Total Organic Halides	9020	250 ml	Poly / PTFE	0 to ≤6 ∘C H₂SO₄ to pH<2	28 Days
Explosive/Propellant Residue (nitroaromatics and nitramines)	8330	1 L	Glass (amber) / PTFE	0 to ≤6 °C	Extract 14 days from collection; analyze 40 days after extraction

Notes for Table 5-3

^a Unless otherwise noted, methods referenced are from EPA, Test Methods for the Evaluation of Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods, EPA Office of Solid Waste, EPA Publication SW-846 and 40 CFR 261, latest version, https://www.epa.gov/hw-sw846/sw-846-compendium. Method number(s) are current as of date of this WAP. The lastest approved methods will always be used – changes to sample sizes, containers, preservation methods and holding times due to method revisions will not consistute a WAP modification. Constituent-specific analyses must also be conducted if it is suspected that the material may qualify as a listed hazardous waste (i.e., listed in 22 CCR 66262.30).

- b Sample size given based on historical use and testing laboratory requirements. Otherwise, size given is per method guidance. ml = milliliters; L = liters; NA = not applicable or not specified.
- c Container type material (color) / lid-liner material given based on historical use and testing laboratory requirements, and in accordance with method guidance (as applicable). Other container materials may be used consistent with method guidance. If no container type given, container is a bottle or jar with a size appropriate to the minimum sample size given. If no color given, assume white/opaque for Poly containiers and clear for glass containers. PTFE = Polytetrafluoroethylene (Teflon); Poly = Polyethylene; NA = not applicable or not specified.
- d Preservation methods include chemical to adjust pH and/or temperature per method guidance (as applicable). Only preservation method for initial sample is given. °C = Degress Centigrade; HNO₃ = Nitric Acid; HCl = Hydrochloric Acid; H₂SO₄ = Sulfuirc Acid; NA = not applicable or not specified.
- e EPA method references American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) Standard D-93-9/79 or D-93-80 (Pensky-Martens), or ASTM Standard D-3278-78 (Setaflash).
- f EPA Standard Method for water and wastewater analyses.
- g Equivalent to EPA Method 9000.
- h Indicator paper test.
- California Department Of Fish And Game, Static Acute Bioassay Procedures for Hazardous Waste Samples, Water Pollution Control Laboratory, November 1988, http://www.dtsc.ca.gov/HazardousWaste/upload/HWMP bioassay report.pdf.
- The TCLP and CAM WET methods are not an analyte-specific methods these are extraction methods (EPA Method 1311 for TCLP, 22 CCR 26261 Appendix II for CAM WET). These are included in this table as these are principle methods used to characterize waste toxicity.

Table 5-4. Sample Containers, Preservatives, and Holding Times for Solids

Analytes	Test Method(s) ^a	Minimum Sample Size ^b	Container ^c	Preservation Method ^d	Holding Times
General and Inorganics					
рН	9045	50 g	Poly, glass / NA	NA	as soon as possible
Specific Gravity	2710Fe	100 g	Glass / NA	None	None
% Water	E203 ^f	50 g	Poly, glass / NA	None	28 days
Oxidizing Solids	1040	200 g	Glass / PTFE	None	None
Perchlorates	6850	125 g	Glass (amber) / NA	0 to ≤6 °C	Extract 28 days from collection; analyze 28 days after extraction
Fish Bioassay	9	200 g	Glass / NA	0 to ≤6 °C	72 Hours
Metals					
Metals (except Mercury and Chromium VI)	6010, 6020	200 g	Glass / NA	None	6 Months
Metals for TCLP or CAM WET (except Mercury)	h	50 g	Poly, glass / NA	None	Extract 180 days from collection; analyze 180 days after extraction
Mercury for TCLP or CAM WET		50 g	Poly, glass / NA	None	Extract 28 days from collection; analyze 28 days after extraction
Chromium VI	7196	50 g	Poly, glass / NA	0 to ≤6 °C	Extract 30 days from collection; analyze 7 days after extraction
Mercury	7471	50 g	Poly, glass / NA	0 to ≤6 °C	28 Days
Organics					
VOC	8260	50 g	Poly, glass / PTFE	0 to ≤6 °C	14 Days
SVOC Hydrazine/Mono and Dimethylhydrazine	8270	50 g	Poly, glass / PTFE	0 to ≤6 °C	Extract 14 days from collection; analyze 40 days after extraction
Total Nonhalogenated Extractable Hydrocarbons	8015	50 g	Poly, glass / PTFE	0 to ≤6 °C	Extract 14 days from collection; analyze 40 days after extraction
Glycol Screening	Modified 8015	200 g	Glass / PTFE	0 to ≤6 °C	14 Days
Polychlorinated Biphenyls	8082	200 g	Glass / PTFE	0 to ≤6 °C	Extract 365 days from collection; analyze 40 days after extraction
Explosive/Propellant Residue (Nitroaromatics and Nitramines)	8330	1L	Glass (amber) / PTFE	0 to ≤6 °C	Extract 14 days from collection; analyze 40 days after extraction

Unless otherwise noted, methods referenced are from EPA, Test Methods for the Evaluation of Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods, EPA Office of Solid Waste, EPA Publication SW-846 and 40 CFR 261, latest version, https://www.epa.gov/hw-sw846/sw-846-compendium. Method number(s) are current as of date of this WAP. The lastest approved methods will always be used – changes to sample sizes, containers, preservation methods and holding times due to method revisions will not consistute a WAP modification. Constituent-specific analyses must also be conducted if it is suspected that the material may qualify as a listed hazardous waste (i.e., listed in 22 CCR 66262.30).

^b Sample size given based on historical use and testing laboratory requirements. Otherwise, size given is per method guidance.g = grams; NA = not applicable or not specified.

^c Container type – material (color) / lid-liner material given based on historical use and testing laboratory requirements, and in accordance with method guidance (as applicable). Other container materials may be used consistent with method guidance. If no container type given, container is a bottle or jar with a size appropriate to the minimum sample size given. If no color given, assume white/opaque for Poly containiers and clear for glass containers. PTFE = Polytetrafluoroethylene (Teflon); Poly = Polytethylene; NA = not applicable or not specified.

d Preservation methods include chemical to adjust pH and/or temperature per method guidance (as applicable). Only preservation method for initial sample is given. °C = Degress Centigrade; HNO₃ = Nitric Acid; HCl = Hydrochloric Acid; H₂SO₄ = Sulfuirc Acid; NA = not applicable or not specified.

e EPA Standard Method for water and wastewater analyses and is used when applicable for solid wastes with significant liquid content (e.g., sludges, soil/water and soil/fuel mixtures).

f Equivalent to EPA Method 9000.

Galifornia Department Of Fish And Game, Static Acute Bioassay Procedures for Hazardous Waste Samples, Water Pollution Control Laboratory, November 1988, http://www.dtsc.ca.gov/HazardousWaste/upload/HWMP bioassay report.pdf.

The TCLP and CAM WET methods are not an analyte-specific methods – these are extraction methods (EPA Method 1311 for TCLP, 22 CCR 26261 Appendix II for CAM WET). These are included in this table as these are principle methods used to characterize waste toxicity.

Table 5-5. Sample Equipment Decontamination Procedures

Procedure
Scrub with tap water ¹ and nonphosphate detergent
Rinse with tap water ^a
Rinse with 10 percent HNO3, ultrapure ^b
Rinse with tap water
Rinse with methanol ^c
Rinse with acetone ^c
Rinse with methanol ^c
Rinse with deionized water (demonstrated analyte-free water)
Air dry
Wrap in aluminum foil

^a Tap water may be used from any municipal water treatment system. The use of an untreated potable water supply is not an acceptable substitute unless the aquifer is known to be uncontaminated.

b Omit this step if metals are not being analyzed. For carbon steel equipment, a 1 percent rather than 10 percent HNO3 rinse should be performed.

The solvent rinse can be omitted if organics are not being analyzed. The series is propanol, hexane, and isopropanol, may be substituted for 5, 6, or 7, above if acetone is a constituent of concern.

Figure 5-1. Hazardous Waste Profile Sheet

HAZARDOUS WASTE PROFILE SHEET NOTE: Explosives, Shock Sensitive, Pyrophoric, Radioactive, and Etiological Waste are not normally accepted by the DRMO Contact your DRMO for further guidance if your waste meets any of these categories. Part I WASTE PROFILE NO. A. GENERAL INFORMATION EDWARDS AIR FORCE BASE 1. GENERATORS NAME EDL016 v1 2. FACILITY ADDRESS 4. GENERATOR USEPA ID 446 N ROSAMOND BLVD CA1570024504 **BUILDING 4922** 3. ZIP CODE 5. GENERATOR STATE ID 93524 HYHQ38001119 **EDWARDS** CA United States ORGANIZATION NAME SHOP NAME OFFICE SYMBOL 412 MXS/MXMG 010A: AGE FLIGHT 6. TECHNICAL CONTACT 7. TITLE 8. PHONE Joseph Dunwoody **Environmental Contact** 661-277-9252 B. WASTE INFORMATION 1. NAME OF WASTE: WASH-RACK/OIL WATER SEPARATOR/TANKS SLUDGE LIQUID 2A. USEPA WASTE CODE 2B. STATE/LOCAL/HOST-NATION WASTE CODES 3. PROCESS GENERATING WASTE * MISC CHEMICAL SPECIALTIES (ED010A - 010A: AGE FLIGHT) 4. PROJECTED ANNUAL VOL 5. MODE OF COLLECTION DMS, TT YES X NO 6. IS THIS WASTE A DIOXIN LISTED WASTE AS DEFINED IN CFR 261.31? X YES NO 7. IS THIS WASTE RESTRICTED FROM LAND DISPOSAL? (40 CFR 268) YES X NO HAS AN EXEMPTION BEEN GRANTED? DOES THE WASTE MEET APPLICABLE TREATMENT STANDARDS ALREADY? YES NO (If yes, Enter Reference Standards in Part 3, Block 6) Part II 1. MATERIAL CHARACTERIZATION (Optional - Not Required Data) VARIES DENSITY: = 1.2 BTU/LB: = 1500 TOTAL SOLIDS: = 70.0 ASH CONTENT: = 0.0 X MULTILAYERED LAYERING BILAYERED SINGLE 2. RCRA CHARACTERISTICS OTHER X LIQUID SEMI-SOLID GAS SOLID PHYSICAL STATE OTHER CHARACTERISTICS ☐ IGNITABLE ☐ CORROSIVE (D002) ☐ REACTIVE(D003) ☐ WATER REACTIVE ☐ CYANIDE REACTIVE ☐ SULFIDE REACTIVE **FAHRENHEIT**

HIGH TOC (≥ 10%) X LOW TOC (<10%) TREATMENT GROUP: WASTEWATER

X NON-WASTEWATER

HAZARDOUS WASTE PROFILE SHEET (Continued)

WASTE PROFILE NO.

EDL016 v1

3. CHEMICAL/MATERIAL COMPOSITION List all components and contaminants, including PCB's, and any applicable F-Listed and underlying Hazardous Constituents.

		and under	lying Hazardous Constit	uents.		
CAS#	COMPONENT Chemical description	descriptive as possible. I names, as well as generic tions. e.g., 'sludge', 'paint water' etc. are acceptable)'	CONCENTRATION		RANGE	
	DEBRIS, TRASH		= 100000 PPM	1.0 %	to	10.0 %
8334305	FUEL, DIESEL		= 20000 PPM	.0 %	to	2.0 %
	SLUDGE/SOLIDS		= 900000 PPM	40.0 %	to	90.0 %
732185	WATER		= 400000 PPM	5.0 %	to	40.0 %
	SOLVENTS		= 10000 PPM	.0 %	to	1.0 %
002059	OIL		= 700000 PPM	5.0 %	to	70.0 %
002059	PETROLEUM		= 250000 PPM	1.0 %	to	25.0 %
016459	016459 SURFACTANTS = 50000 PPM 1.0 % to 5.0 %					
	•		RANGE TOTA	L MUST EQUAL AT	LEAST 1	00%
. SHIPPING IN	IFORMATION			-		
		NO.				
	DUS MATERIAL? YES	X NO				
PROPER SHIP	PING NAME					
HAZARD CLAS	s	U.N. or N.A.	NO.	PACKING GROUP		
ADDITIONAL DESCRIPTION						
NON-RCRA HAZARDOUS WASTE LIQUID [PETROLEUM SLUDGE & WATER]						
METHOD OF SHIRMENT PRINK POPUM POTHER						
METHOD OF SHIPMENT BULK X DRUM OTHER						
EMERGENCY RESPONSE GUIDE EDITION (YR) EMERGENCY RESPONSE NUMBER 2008						
S. SPECIAL HA	NDLING INFORMATION					
6. GENERATOR	R CERTIFICATION					
X CHEMI	CAL ANALYSIS (ATTACH TEST R	ESULTS) US	SER KNOWLEDGE (ATT	ACH SUPPORTING	DOCUM	ENTS)
EXPLAIN HOW	AND WHY THESE DOCUMENTS	COMPLY WITH RCRA REC	QUIREMENTS			
CERTIFICAT	ION					
			N. I. INICODMATION	OUDMITTED IN	TI IIO A	NID ALL
TTACHED	HER DOCUMENTS IS TO THE E	EBY CERTIFY THAT A				
	NED IN TO THE DRMO. A					
	Generator's Representative			_		

Figure 5-2. Sample Label

	SAMPLE ID	
	SAMPLED BY	DATE
		TIME
	LOCATION	PRESERVATIVE
	ANALYSIS	CLIENT
#LOT#	(800) 233-8425	www.essvial.com

Figure 5-3. Chain of Custody Record

Irvine	Chain of Custody Record	Custod	y Reco	ord									Ì	Tort A morion	-
17461 Derian Ave Suite 100														THE LEADER IN ENVIRONMENTAL TESTING	· (5
phone 949.261.1022 fax 949.260.3299	949.260.3299												1	TestAmerica Laboratories, Inc.	- 1
t Contact		Project Manager:	nager:			T				Date:)	OC No:	
JT3/CH2MHILL		Tel/Fax:				Γ				Carrier:	::			of COCs	
72 E Forbes Avenue. Bldg 4904		Analysis Turnaround Time	d Time			F10.70	E	E	E		E	E	_	Job No.	
Edwards AFB 93524	Calendar (C) or Work Days (W) See Notes	r Work Days (W) See Not	es											
661-277-3681(office)	TATif diffe	TAT if different from Below													
661-277-1436(desk)	FAX	2 weeks											0)	SDG No.	
Project Name:		1 we													
Site:		2 da 🖳													
Charge Code:		∏aþ 1				7							_		$\overline{}$
		Sample	•	Sample Container		Jo #									
dentification		Date	Time	Type	Matrix	ont.			1	$\frac{1}{1}$			1	Sample Specific Notes:	п
						_									
						F									
						F							F		
						F		H	F				F		
						F									
						F			L				F		
Preservation Used: 1= I	Preservation Used: 1= Ice, 2= HCl; 3= H2SO4; 4=HNO3; 5=NaOH; 6= Other	OH; 6= Other			1	T			F				F		
Possible Hazard Identification	ation					,	ample Dk	sposal ()	1 fee may	be asses	sed if san	ples are r	etained I	ger than 1 m	
Non-Hazard	Flammable Skin Irritant	Poison B		Опкломп		1	Retu	Return To Client	Т	Disposal By Lab	al By Lab		Archive For	or Months	$\overline{}$
.:															
Relinquished by:		Company:			Date/T	4	Received by:				Company:		н	Date/Time:	
Relinquished by:		Company:			Date/Time:		Received by:				Company:		и	Date/Time:	
Relinquished by:		Company:			Date/Time:		Received by:				Company:		H	Date/Time:	
For						1							1		1

6.0 Waste Analysis Parameters and Rationale

If the generator's knowledge is determined by CEV to be insufficient to characterize the waste, and no other HM or waste data are available, then laboratory analyses are required. The parameters to be analyzed will be determined by CEV. These parameters should be evaluated in accordance with the EPA analytical methods published in Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods, EPA publication SW-846. Test methods are also identified in 22 CCR, Chapter 11, Appendix III, and 40 CFR Part 261. Additionl test methods can include EPA Standard Methods used for water and wastewater, and American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) methods.

These methods satisfy the regulatory requirements for determining the reactivity, corrosivity, ignitability, and composition of the waste and the mobility of toxic species present in the waste. Specifically, analysis is performed to determine whether or not the sample meets the definition of HW, and then to determine its characteristics for proper handling, manifesting, and disposal. The CEV will annually review the HWPS of each HW and follow sampling frequency in accordance with Section 5.0, Sampling Methodology, Frequency, and Documentation, of the report, to ensure accuracy of wastestream characteristics.

Sufficient parameters must be analyzed in order to complete the HWPS and determine the regulatory classification of the waste. Parameters that may need to be analyzed include physical state of the waste, density, flash point and pH for liquids, British thermal units per pound (BTU/lb) and ash content for materials used as fuels, total solids, and presence of layers. Depending on the wastestream and source, the concentrations of metals and other components, such as cyanides, sulfides, and polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), must also be determined. The concentrations of all organic and inorganic constituents of the waste present over 10,000 parts per million (1 percent) should also be identified. Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP) and the California Metals (CAM)-17 testing to determine toxicity characteristics, must also be included if toxic constituents could be present. Constituent-specific analyses must also be conducted if it is suspected that the material may qualify as a listed HW (i.e., listed in 22 CCR 66261.30).

The Hazardous Wastestream Sample and Analysis Parameters spreadsheet (Table A-2) describes wasteanalysis parameters for the major wastestreams at Edwards AFB. Only wastes for which the characteristics or origins are completely unknown are tested for all possible waste characteristics. Unknown wastes are not accepted at the HWSF. Wastestream analyses are performed at the point of generation and waste drums are not received until they have been properly identified. Figure 6-1 illustrates the decision flow diagram for determining whether a waste meets the HW criterion for toxic metals.

6.1 Test Methods

Table 6-1 identifies analytical methods routinely used for characterizing HW at Edwards AFB. Sample preparation methods are not detailed in this WAP as these methods will vary depending on the sample

matrix and analytes. Edwards AFB routinely depends on the testing laboratory to apply the correct sample preparation methods.

Practical quantitation limits (PQLs) will be set to the method reporting limits established by the testing laboratory. A PQL is the lowest concentration of an analyte that can be reliably determined within specified limits of precision and accuracy by indicated methods under routine laboratory operating conditions. Analysis for miscellaneous components may be necessary in the following situations:

- To determine if the waste meets the requirements for land disposal, or if the waste must be treated before being disposed of at a land disposal facility (40 CFR, Part 268);
- To determine levels of arsenic, cadmium, chromium, lead, flashpoint, BTU value, and total organic halide (if halogenated hydrocarbons could be present) in waste oil to be burned for energy recovery; and
- To determine whether the material is a solid or liquid and whether the material is land disposal restricted (if the material is restricted), a paint-filter test should be conducted as described in EPA Methods SW-846 and 9095.

All HW analysis for wastestreams at Edwards AFB are currently conducted by testing laboratories certified by DTSC and the Regional Water Quality Control Board for the treatment and disposal of HW. They are also audited periodically by DRMO for compliance and approval.

The determination of HW toxicity contributed to wastestreams by the presence of metals is made by first testing for total metals and utilizing the Metals Analyses Decision Flow Diagram (Figure 6-1) and the RCRA and CAM-17 Concentration Limits (State Toxicity Leaching Procedure (STLC), Toxicity Threshold Limit Concentration (TTLC), Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP)) to identify further testing requirements. These limits are shown in Table 6-2.

6.2 OTHER SPECIAL ANALYSIS AND TESTING CONSIDERATIONS

If source of wastestreams, regulatory requirements, and/or disposal/recycling considerations influence testing parameters, analysis will be requested accordingly.

Table 6-1. Analytical Methods for Characterizing Hazardous Waste

Analytes	Test Method(s) ^a
General and Inorganics	•
pH	9040, 9045
Flash Point	1010b
Specific Gravity	2710F°
Total Dissolved Solids for Nonhazardous Water	2540C ^c
Total Suspended Solids	2540D°
Total Solids	2540B°
% Water	E203 ^d
Oxidizing Solids	1040
Organic Peroxide, Hydrogen Peroxide	e
Perchlorates	6850
Fish Bioassay	f
Metals	
Metals (except Mercury and Chromium VI)	6010, 6020
Metals for TCLP or CAM WET	9
Chromium VI	7196
Mercury	7470, 7041
Organics	·
VOC	8260
SVOC	0070
Hydrazine/Mono and Dimethylhydrazine	8270
Total Nonhalogenated Extractable Hydrocarbons	8015
Glycol Screening	Modified 8015
JP-4 and JP-8	8015
Benzene for TLCP	- -9
Polychlorinated Biphenyls	8082
Total Organic Halides	9020
Explosive/propellant residue (nitroaromatics and nitramines)	8330

Unless otherwise noted, methods referenced are from EPA, Test Methods for the Evaluation of Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods, EPA Office of Solid Waste, EPA Publication SW-846 and 40 CFR 261, latest version, https://www.epa.gov/hw-sw846/sw-846-compendium. Method number(s) are current as of date of this WAP. The lastest approved methods will always be used. Constituent-specific analyses must also be conducted if it is suspected that the material may qualify as a listed hazardous waste (i.e., listed in 22 CCR 66262.30).

- ^c EPA Standard Method for water and wastewater analyses.
- d Equivalent to EPA Method 9000.
- e Indicator paper test.

EPA method references American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) Standard D-93-9/79 or D-93-80 (Pensky-Martens), or ASTM Standard D-3278-78 (Setaflash).

f California Department Of Fish And Game, Static Acute Bioassay Procedures for Hazardous Waste Samples, Water Pollution Control Laboratory, November 1988, http://www.dtsc.ca.gov/HazardousWaste/upload/HWMP_bioassay_report.pdf.

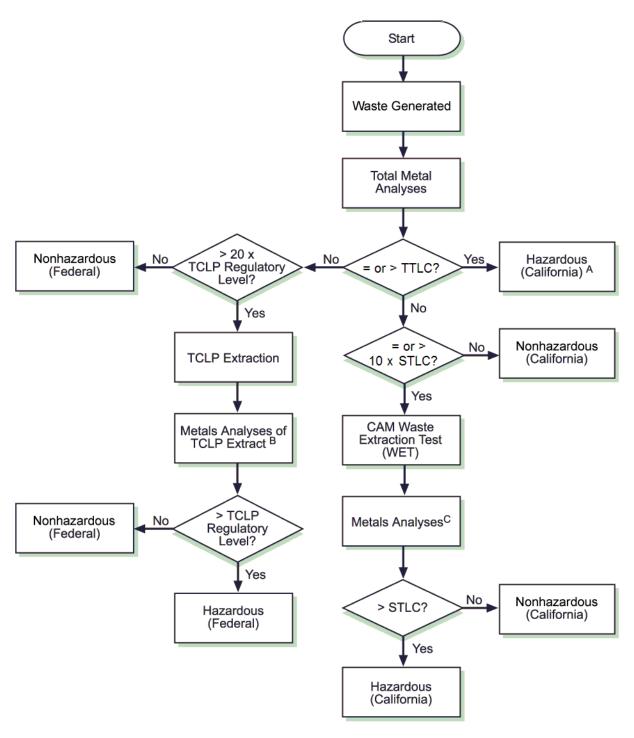
⁹ The TCLP and CAM WET methods are not an analyte-specific methods – these are extraction methods (EPA Method 1311 for TCLP, 22 CCR 26261 Appendix II for CAM WET). These are included in this table as these are principle methods used to characterize waste toxicity.

Table 6-2. RCRA 8 and CAM 17 Metals (STLC, TTLC, TCLP) Concentration Limits

Substance	STLC Max. Limit mg/L (ppm)	TTLC Max Limit mg/kg (ppm)	TCLP Max Limit mg/L (ppm)
Antimony	15.00	500	
Arsenic	5.00	500	5.00
Barium	100.00	10,000	100.00
Beryllium	0.75	75	
Cadmium	1.00	100	1.00
Chromium, Total	5.00	2,500	5.00
Cobalt	80.00	8,000	
Copper	25.00	2,500	
Lead	5.00	1,000	5.00
Mercury	0.20	20	0.20
Molybdenum	350.00	3,500	
Nickel	20.00	2,000	
Selenium	1.00	100	1.00
Silver	5.00	500	5.00
Thallium	7.00	700	
Vanadium	24.00	2,400	
Zinc	250.00	5,000	

ppm – parts per million

Figure 6-1. Metal Analyses Decision Flow Diagram



- A) If any **one** of the metals equals/exceeds its TTLC, do not perform TCLP or WET CAM for **any** of the metals if the waste has an existing profile and can be classified as a RCRA HW based on generator knowledge. If a new waste with no existing profile, and there is not enough generator knowledge available, then perform TCLP to determine RCRA HW status.
- B) Only analyze for those metals below TTLC and exceeding the TCLP regulatory level.
- C) Only analyze for those metals below TTLC and exceeding 10 times the STLC. Analyze for Cr VI if Cr > 50 mg/L (10 x STLC for Cr VI).

7.0 TRACKING AND REPORTING

7.1 Wastestream Tracking Databases

As described previously, Edwards AFB utilizes both the web-based EESOHMIS and locally managed spreadsheets for HW recordkeeping, tracking, and reporting tools. Both are updated with changes to generators, processes, profiles, sample schedules, and other information critical to tracking and authorizing the certification and off-site shipment of HW.

7.1.1 Enterprise Environmental Safety Occupational Health Management Information System

The USAF EESOHMIS is the HW database is used installation wide to track the usage of HM, the downgrade of HM to HW, transfer of HW to the HWSF, and the manifesting and transport of HW to off-site recycling and disposal facilities. All profiles assigned to wastestreams are maintained in the EESOHMIS. The EESOHMIS is the only tracking tool with which reports can be created to represent current status of waste. These reports include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Waste Generation Report;
- One-time and Special Waste Report;
- Active Profile Report;
- Profile Codes and Proper Shipping Name Report; and
- EPA Annual/Biannual Report.

7.1.2 Hazardous Wastestream Management Data Base

The HMSMDB represents the locally operated tools and spreadsheets used by CEV profiling staff to internally track changes to wastestreams, required analysis, and scheduled sampling. The two main tracking spreadsheets are:

- Hazardous Waste Stream Inventories; and
- Hazardous Waste Stream Sample and Analysis Parameters Spreadsheet.

8.0 Data Interpretation

After analytical results in the form of a sample analysis summary package have been received from the laboratory, the data must be evaluated to determine if the material is a HW and/or if it meets the criteria for an existing wastestream profile.

8.1 HW CLASSIFICATION

RCRA and CCR regulations require all appropriate waste codes be applied to a HW, and as such can be classified as a characteristic HW and/or a listed HW.

Table 8-1 provides the criteria and code designations used for classifying a characteristic HW. Appendix 11 to the HWSF Volume of this application provides the federal and state HW code designations (characteristic and listed) currently in use at Edwards AFB.

If an existing or new waste can be classified based on generator knowledge, then analytical testing is generally not required and waste codes are applied according to the applicable profile given in Attachment A-1. Most listed HWs can be classified using generator knowledge as the generating process makes apparent the waste's characteristics (e.g., use of MEK for surface cleaning generates waste that would be coded as F005).

If an existing or new waste cannot be classified based on generator knowledge, then analytical testing is required in order to properly classify the waste. This is discussed in Section 8.2. If testing shows that the waste is consistent with an existing profile, then waste codes are applied according to the applicable profile given in Attachment A-1.

Once a waste is determined to be hazardous, no further testing is required, and the waste is managed until manifested for disposal. On occasion, waste haulers and TSDFs may require additional analysis/characterization – these situations are handled on a case-by-case basis.

As appropriate, HWSF staff will prepare new HWPS for newly classified HWs and update existing HWPS relavent data. Subsequent turn-ins of the same waste does not require that the HWPS accompany the waste; the generating activity need only reference the waste profile number on the Waste Turn-In Document as shown in Figure 8-1.

8.2 ANALYTICAL DATA REVIEW

CEV will only accept test reports from certified testing laboratories. CEV has determined that a Level 2 data package is sufficient to provide the information needed to properly classify wastes generated at Edwards AFB. An example of a typical test report is provided in Attachment B. Analytical test report results are interpreted by CEV and copies of test reports are kept on file for at least 3 years from the date that the waste was last shipped off site. Test results are reviewed against the criteria described in the following paragraphs.

8.2.1 Comparison of Test Results to Criteria

Any test result that is at or above the PQL, as defined in Section 6.1, is considered a valid result. QA/QC exceptions noted by the testing laboratory are discussed in Setion 8.2.3.

Any test result that is at or above an applicable HW threshold or concentration limit is taken to mean that the waste is a HW. Test results that are below all applicable HW thresholds or concentration limits are taken to mean that the waste is not a HW.

Any waste subjected to analysis is rarely analyzed for a single characteristic. As shown in Attachment A-2 for recurring profile analyses, wastes are subjected to a suite of tests. The same applies for un-profiled wastes. This approach minimizes the possibility that a waste can be mistakenly classified as non-hazardous due to analytical errors. Whenever there is a doubt in an analytical result, particularly when a result is inconsistent with the process that generated the waste (e.g., low metal results in a waste from a plating process), HWSF personnel will always resample the waste and have another analysis accomplished.

Ignitability results are directly comparable to the standard in 22 CCR 66261.21. Corrosivity results are directly comparable to the standard in 22 CCR 66261.22. Reactivity results are directly comparable to the standard in 22 CCR 66261.23. Table 8-1 includes the criteria by which characteristic waste classifications can be accomplished. Toxicity results are directly comparable to the standard in 22 CCR 66261.24, and are further delineated according to TCLP, TTLC and STLC results. Figure 8-2 provides a flowchart that details how waste are to be classified based on TCLP, TTLC and STLC results for metals. Table 8-2 provides a comparison of TCLP, TTLC and STLC criteria for classifying a waste as toxic due to metals. Table 8-3 provides the TCLP criteria and federal codes for classifying a waste as toxic for metals and other substances. Tables 8-4 and 8-5 provide the TTLC and STLC criteria for classifying a waste as toxic for persistent and bioaccumulative substances.

8.2.2 Test Results for Atypical Substances

The vast majority of HWs generated by Edwards AFB operations can be readily classified based generator knowledge, and the analytical tests outlined in Table 6-1 and discussed in Section 8.2.1. There are a number of analytical tests included in Table 6-1 that are atypical and reflect the military mission of Edwards AFB. These tests include perchlorates, hydrazine compounds and explosive residue, and may be used for characterizing wastes from rocket propellant research activities, open burn/open detonation and special aircraft fuels:

- Hydrazine/Mono and Dimethylhydrazine these are EPA listed HW;
- Explosive Residues there are several compounds analyzed by this method that are EPA listed HWs; and
- Pherchlorates there is one state HW cataegory for pherchlorate wastes that can apply to Edwards AFB.

For each of the above substances, its presence in a waste is confirmed when an analytical result is at or above the establish PQL. The use of any of the above tests is highly situational and not routine. The processes that generate wastes with any of the above substances are well known and understood. These tests are generally used for characterization of a waste when there is not enough generator knowledge.

8.2.3 QC Test Exceptions

As previously noted, testing laboratories provide CEV with a level 2 data package test report. This report includes the result of QC sample activities accomplished by the testing laboratory as part of their internal QA/QC processes: method blanks; laboratory control samples/duplicates; and matrix spikes/duplicates. QA/QC activities involving specifics on instrument checks and calibrations are not included in the test reports provided by the testing laboratories.

Testing laboratories routinely establish their own QC limits based on historical data. Edwards AFB accepts these limits for the purposes QC testing. When a QC test provides a result outside of the established testing laboratory historical control limits, the testing laboratory notes the result as an exception or qualifier in the test report. In most instances, the testing laboratory will re-accomplish the QC test (if there is sufficient sample remaining) without any direction from HWSF personnel. Very often, the testing laboratory's past experience with similar samples provides the answers to out-of-range QC results (e.g., matrix interferences) and notes this in their qualifier statement.

If there is not enough of the original sample remaining, or the re-accomplished test continues to produce out-of-range results, then HWSF personnel may re-sample the waste for a new analysis. As previously noted, new wastes without a profile will be subjected to a whole suite of tests, usually based on historical data regarding the process that generated the waste. If the results of other analytical tests are within QC limits, coupled with knowledge of the process that generated the waste, is enough to properly classify the waste, then a re-sample may not be needed. These occurances are highly situational, and are evaluated on a case-by-case basis. If there is ever any doubt about test results such that a proper classification cannot be made, HWSF personnel will re-sample the waste.

In the *rare instance* where the testing laboratory has no historical data to establish QC limits, Edwards AFB will engage with the testing laboratory to develop QC limits. Such limits will be based on historical test data from Edwards AFB, and comparisons with similar test methods where applicable.

Table 8-1. Characteristic Hazardous Waste Designations

Characteristic	Criteria	EPA HW Code
lgnitability	 Liquid with a flashpoint less than 60°C (140°F).^a Non-liquid capable under standard temperature and pressure of causing fire through friction, absorption of moisture, or spontaneous chemical changes and which, when ignited, burns so vigorously and persistently that it creates a hazard. An ignitable compressed gas (as defined in 49 CFR 173.300). An oxidizer (as defined in 49 CFR 173.151) 	D001
Corrosivity	 Aqueous and has a pH less than or equal to 2 or greater than or equal to 12.5. A liquid that corrodes steel at a rate greater than 6.35 millimeters (0.25 inch) per year at a test temperature of 55°C (130°F). 	D002
Reactivity	 Is normally unstable and readily undergoes violent change without detonating. Reacts violently with water. Forms potentially explosive mixtures with water. When mixed with water, generates toxic gases, vapors, or fumes in a quantity sufficient to present a danger to human health or the environment. Is a cyanide- or sulfide-bearing waste which, when exposed to pH conditions between 2 and 12.5, can generate toxic gases, vapors, or fumes in a quantity sufficient to present a danger to human health or the environment. Is capable of detonation or explosive reaction if subjected to a strong initiation source or heated under confinement. Is readily capable of detonation or explosive decomposition or reaction at standard temperature and pressure. Is a forbidden explosive, Class A explosive, or Class B explosive (as defined in 49 CFR 173.53). 	D003
Toxicity	A solid waste for which the Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP) extract contains a concentration of a specified contaminant above its regulatory threshold.	D004 through D043

^a Liquids other than an aqueous solution containing less than 24 percent ethyl alcohol by volume.

Table 8-2. RCRA 8 and CAM 17 Metals (STLC, TTLC, TCLP) Concentration Limits

Substance	STLC Max. Limit mg/L (ppm)	TTLC Max Limit mg/kg (ppm)	TCLP Max Limit mg/L (ppm)
Antimony	15.00	500	
Arsenic	5.00	500	5.00
Barium	100.00	10,000	100.00
Beryllium	0.75	75	
Cadmium	1.00	100	1.00
Chromium, Total	5.00	2,500	5.00
Cobalt	80.00	8,000	
Copper	25.00	2,500	
Lead	5.00	1,000	5.00
Mercury	0.20	20	0.20
Molybdenum	350.00	3,500	
Nickel	20.00	2,000	
Selenium	1.00	100	1.00
Silver	5.00	500	5.00
Thallium	7.00	700	
Vanadium	24.00	2,400	
Zinc	250.00	5,000	

Table 8-3. TCLP Criteria for Toxicity Characteristics

Substance	Regulatory Level (mg/L)	EPA Hazardous Waste Code
Arsenic	5.0	D004
Barium	100.0	D005
Benzene	0.5	D018
Cadmium	1.0	D006
Carbon Tetrachloride	0.5	D019
Chlordane	0.03	D020
Chlorobenzene	100.0	D021
Chloroform	6.0	D022
Chromium	5.0	D007
o-Cresol	200.0a	D023
m-Cresol	200.0a	D024
p-Cresol	200.0a	D025
Cresol (total)	200.0a	D026
2,4-D	10.0	D016
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	7.5	D027
1,2-Dichloroethane	0.5	D028
1,1-Dichloroethylene	0.7	D029
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	0.13 ^b	D030
Endrin	0.02	D012
Heptachlor (and its hydroxide)	0.008	D031
Hexachlorobenzene	0.13b	D032
Hexachlorobutadiene	0.5	D033
Hexachlorethane	3.0	D034
Lead	5.0	D008
Lindane	0.4	D013
Mercury	0.2	D009
Methoxychlor	10.0	D014
Methyl ethyl ketone	200.0	D035
Nitrobenzene	2.0	D036
Pentachlorophenol	100.0	D037
Pyridine	5.02	D038
Selenium	1.0	D010
Silver	5.0	D011
Tetrachloroethylene	0.7	D039
Toxaphene	0.5	D015
Trichloroethylene	0.5	D040
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	400.0	D041
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	2.0	D042
2,4,5-TP (Silvex)	1.0	D017
Vinyl chloride	0.2	D043

mg/L - milligrams/liter

a If o-, m-, and p-Cresol concentrations cannot be differentiated; the total cresol (D026) concentration is used. The regulatory level of cresol is 200mg/l.

b Quantitation limit is greater than the calculated regulatory level. The quantitation limit therefore becomes the regulatory level.

Table 8-4. STLC/TTLC Criteria for Inorganic Persistent and Bioaccumulative Toxic Substances

Substance ^{a,b}	STLC (mg/L)	TTLC Wet-Weight (mg/kg)
Antimony and/or antimony compounds	15.0	500
Arsenic and/or arsenic compounds	5.0	500
Asbestos		1.0 (as percent)
Barium and/or barium compounds (excluding barite)	100.0	10,000°
Beryllium and/or beryllium compounds	0.75	75
Cadmium and/or cadmium compounds	1.0	100
Chromium (VI) compounds	5.0	500
Chromium and/or chromium (III) compounds	5.0 ^d	2,500
Cobalt and/or cobalt compounds	80.0	8,000
Copper and/or copper compounds	25.0	2,500
Fluoride salts	180.0	18,000
Lead and/or lead compounds	5.0	1,000
Mercury and/or mercury compounds	0.2	20
Molybdenum and/or molybdenum compounds	350.0	3,500e
Nickel and/or nickel compounds	20.0	2,000
Selenium and/or selenium compounds	1.0	100
Silver and/or silver compounds	5.0	500
Thallium and/or thallium compounds	7.0	700
Vanadium and/or vanadium compounds	24.0	2,400
Zinc and/or zinc compounds	250.0	5,000

^a STLC and TTLC values are calculated on the concentrations of the elements, not the compounds.

In the case of asbestos and elemental metals, the specified concentration limits apply only if the substances are in a friable, powdered or finely divided state. Asbestos includes chrysotile, amosite, crocidolite, tremolite, anthophyllite, and actinolite. In the case of asbestos and elemental metals, the specified concentration limits apply only if the substances are in a friable, powdered or finely divided state. Asbestos includes chrysotile, amosite, crocidolite, tremolite, anthophyllite, and actinolite. In the case of asbestos and elemental metals, the specified concentration limits apply only if the substances are in a friable, powdered or finely divided state. Asbestos includes chrysotile, amosite, crocidolite, tremolite, anthophyllite, and actinolite.

c excluding barium sulfate.

d If the soluble chromium, as determined by the TCLP set forth in Appendix I of chapter 18 of this division, is less than 5 mg/l, and the soluble chromium, as determined by the procedures set forth in Appendix II of chapter 11, equals or exceeds 560 mg/l and the waste is not otherwise identified as a RCRA hazardous waste pursuant to section 66261.100, then the waste is a non-RCRA hazardous waste.

e Excluding molybdenum disulfide.

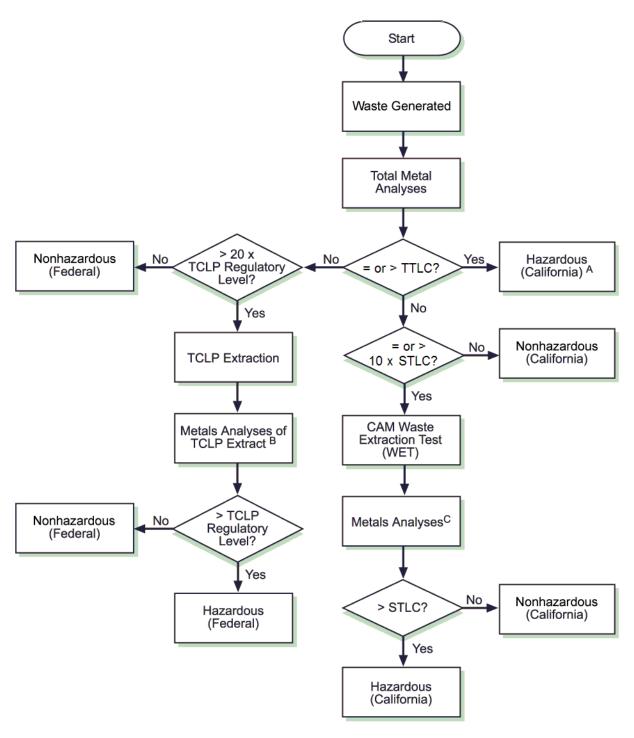
Table 8-5. STLC/TTLC Criteria for Organic Persistent and Bioaccumulative Toxic Substances

Substance	STLC (mg/L)	TTLC Wet-Weight (mg/kg)
Aldrin	0.14	1.4
Chlordane	0.25	2.5
DDT, DDE, DDD	0.1	1.0
2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid	10	100
Dieldrin	0.8	8.0
Dioxin (2,3,7,8-TCDD)	0.001	0.01
Endrin	0.02	0.2
Heptachlor	0.47	4.7
Kepone	2.1	21
Lead compounds, organic		13
Lindane	0.4	4.0
Methoxychlor	10	100
Mirex	2.1	21
Pentachlorophenol	1.7	17
Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs)	5.0	50
Toxaphene	0.5	5
Trichloroethylene	204	2,040
2,4,5-Trichlorophenoxypropionic acid	1.0	10

Figure 8-1. Waste Turn-In Document

	WASTE TURN-IN GENERATOR INF			
Adress/Building: Phone:		Organization: Phone: Start Date:		
WASTE INFORMATION				
1. Contents:				
2. Container Informaiton:		3. EM#		
4. Unit of Issue:	5. Weight:	6. Unit of Measure:		
7. Liquid: Solid:		9. MSDS - Yes No		
9a. MSDS#:	9b. MSDS Date:			
10. Shipping Name:				
11. Comments:				
12. JON#: Pick up	D/Delivered by:	Date: Time:		

Figure 8-2. Metal Analyses Decision Flow Diagram



- A) If any **one** of the metals equals/exceeds its TTLC, do not perform TCLP or WET CAM for **any** of the metals if the waste has an existing profile and can be classified as a RCRA HW based on generator knowledge. If a new waste with no existing profile, and there is not enough generator knowledge available, then perform TCLP to determine RCRA HW status.
- B) Only analyze for those metals below TTLC and exceeding the TCLP regulatory level.
- C) Only analyze for those metals below TTLC and exceeding 10 times the STLC. Analyze for Cr VI if Cr > 50 mg/L (10 x STLC for Cr VI).

9.0 WASTE ANALYSIS PLAN REVISION

This Edwards AFB WAP will be evaluated and reviewed annually by CEV to ensure that the most up-to-date procedures are implemented. This plan will also be reviewed and revised whenever:

- The sample frequency changes due to changes in the annual volume of the base's HW;
- Analytical parameters change due to changes in the processes generating HW;
- California EPA//U.S. EPA waste codes and/or DOT identification numbers change due to regulatory revisions; and
- Disposal methods change due to revisions to land disposal restrictions or changes in disposal contracts.

10.0 REFERENCES

Air Force Hazardous Management Guide Section 4-1 Nov 13 1992

Air Force Instruction

32-7042, 1994, Solid Waste and Hazardous Waste Compliance, 12 May

American Standard American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM)

ASTM D140-01(2007) "Standard Practice for Sampling Bituminous Materials"

ASTM D346-04e1 "Standard Practice for Collection and Preparation of Coke Samples for Laboratory Analysis"

ASTM D420–98(2003) "Standard Guide to Site Characterization for Engineering, Design, and Construction Purposes"

ASTM D1452–07a "Standard Practice for Soil Investigation and Sampling by Auger Borings" ASTM D2234/D2234M–07 "Standard Practice for Collection of a Gross Sample of Coal"

California Code of Regulations

Title 22 Part 66261.2, Hazardous Criteria.

Title 22 Part 66261.3, Hazardous Criteria.

Title 22 Part 66262.20, General Requirements

Title 22 Part 66264.13, General Waste Analysis

Code of Federal Regulation

Title 19 Section 173.300 Amended 30 Sep 1982, regarding Hazardous Materials regulations (transport).

Title 40 Section 264.13(a)(b), regarding Handling, Storage, and Disposal of Hazardous Materials and Waste

Title 40 Section 261, regarding transporting hazardous waste

Title 49 Section 173.53, Transportation.

Title 49 Section 173.851 Amended 31 May 1979

United States Environmental Protection Agency

1311 –Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure

6020A—Inductively Coupled Plasma-Mass Spectrometry

8260B-Volatile Organic Compounds by Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry (GC/MS)

8270D-Semivolatile Organic Compounds by Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry (GC/MS)

8015C-Nonhalogenated Organics by Gas Chromatography

8082A–Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs) by Gas Chromatography

9020B–Total Organic Halides (TOX)

9045D-Soil and Waste pH

1010A-Test Methods for Flash Point by Pensky-Martens Closed-Cup Tester

1040-Test Method for Oxidizing Solids

SW-846-Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods



Attachment A-1. Hazardous Waste Inventory			
Profile #	Waste Profile Description	EPA Codes	State Code
EDA001	SOIL C/W FUEL/OIL	NONE	611
EDA002	ABSORBENT C/W FUEL AND OIL (BIODEGRADABLE ONLY)	NONE	352
EDA003	DEBRIS & PPE C/W GREASE/OIL	NONE	181
EDA004	SOIL C/W ANTIFREEZE & LOW METALS	NONE	611
EDA005	RAGS & PPE C/W GREASE-OIL-FUEL	NONE	352
EDA006	SOIL C/W TRACE CHLORINATED COMPOUNDS	NONE	611
EDA007	DEBRIS C/W OIL & GREASE - LIQUID	NONE	223
EDA009	DEBRIS C/W FUEL AND METALS (LEAD)	D008, D018	352
EDA013	SOIL C/W PETROLEUM NON-HAZARDOUS	NONE	NONE
EDA014	SOIL C/W CHLORINATED SOLVENTS & METALS (ERP)	D039	611
EDA014-1	SOIL C/W CHLORINATED SOLVENTS & METALS (ERP)	D039	611
EDA016-1	SOIL C/W METALS	D007	521
EDA017	SOIL- NON-HAZARDOUS- METALS & OTHER CONTAMINANTS	NONE	NONE
EDA116	PPE, DEBRIS, CONTAMINATED WITH TRACE INORGANICS	NONE	181
EDB001	OIL FILTERS (LIQUID)	NONE	223
EDB002	FUEL AND SOLVENTS C/W WATER	D001, D018, F003, F005	212
EDB003	FUEL & DEBRIS (MOGAS & NON-LEAD GASOLINE)	D001, D018	331
EDB004	PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, STODDARD SOLVENTS, PARAFFIN	D001	343
EDB005 v1	ANTI-FREEZE AND COOLANTS W/WATER	NONE	135
EDB006	SOIL C/W JP4 & MO-GAS AND/OR GASOLINE (LEAD < 5PPM	D018	611
EDB007	SPENT PENETRATE W/WATER	NONE	221
EDB009	OIL C/W WATER DEBRIS AND METALS (NO PUMP-OUT)	D005, D006, D007, D008	223
EDB010	FUEL FILTERS (WET)	D001, D005, D006, D007, D008, D018	343
EDB011	FUEL FILTERS (DRY) - NOT METAL CASED	D001, D018	352
EDB013	JP-8 FUEL (FOR RECYCLING)	D001, D018	223
EDB014	OIL (FOR RECYCLE)	NONE	221
EDB015	FUEL C/W LOW SOLVENT, ETHYLENE GLYCOL & WATER	D001	223
EDB016	OIL (FOR RECYCLE) COMBUSTIBLE	NONE	221
EDB017	FUEL - DEBRIS, HOSES C/W JP-8, WET	D001, D018	223
EDB018	FUEL - JP-4, FROM GROUND WATER FILTER PROCESS	D001, D018, D039, D040, F001, F002, F003, F005	341
EDB020	WASTE OIL- RECYCLE- MAY CONTAIN >5% HALOGENS & BENZENE	D018, D039, D040	741
EDB021	GASOLINE OR JP-4- UNLEADED ONLY	D001, D018	343
EDB022	MINERAL OIL WITH SURFACTANTS	NONE	223
EDB024	HEAT TRANSFER FLUID, COOLANT LUBRICANT	NONE	331
EDB028	BIO-DIESEL COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID	NONE	343

	Attachment A-1. Hazardous Waste Inventory			
Profile #	Waste Profile Description	EPA Codes	State Code	
EDB030	HYDRAULIC FLUID WITH TRIPHENYL PHOSPHATE (SKYDROL)	NONE	221	
EDC001	AEROSOL (FLAMMABLE)	D001, D003, D007, D008, D035	331	
EDC002	AEROSOL (NON-FLAMMABLE)	D003	211	
EDC002V1	NON-FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS TOXIC	NONE	141	
EDC003	SOLVENTS HALO/NON-HALO MIX	D001, D022, D028, D035, D039, F002, F003, F005	212, 331	
EDC005	SOLVENTS NON HALOGENATED	D001, D035, F003, F005	212	
EDC006	SOLVENT-HALOGENATED	D039, F001, F002	741	
EDC007	SOLVENTS AND FUELS SPILL CLEAN-UP (LIQUIDS)	D001, D007, D008, F003, F005	214	
EDC008	SOLVENTS AND FUELS SPILL CLEAN-UP (SOLID)	D007, D008, F003, F005	351	
EDC010	SOLVENT SPENT CITRUS BASED (COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID)	NONE	214	
EDC012	PETROLEUM BASED SOLVENT DEGREASE - (ALIPHATIC HYDROCARBONS)	D001	331	
EDC013	METHYL ETHYL KETONE - (UNUSED)	U159, U159, D001, D035	331	
EDC014	SOLVENT CLEANER- HYDROCARBON BASED-ISOPARAFINNIC	NONE	331	
EDC015	SOLVENT - LACQUER THINNER W/MEK, TOLUENE, HYDROCARBONS	D001, D035, F003, F005	214	
EDC016	ISOPARAFINNIC HYDROCARBONS	D001	331	
EDC017	SOLVENT - AFRL, CLEANING PROCESS W/BENZENE, NAPTHA	D001, D018, F003, F005	212	
EDC018	SOLVENTS- MIXED HALO/NON-HALO W/ CHLOROFORM, TOLUENE	D001, D002 ,D022, D028, F001, F002, F003, F005	214	
EDC019	SOLVENT- MIXED SOLUTIONS, D-LIMONENE, (UNUSED)	D001	214	
EDC020	CARBON CLEANER WITH BUTOXYEHTANOL, AMINOETHANOL	D001, D002	214	
EDC022	SOLVENT - IPA AND AK-225	D001	214	
EDCL001	LABORATORY SOLVENTS-HALOGENATED/NON-HALOGENATED	D001, D018, D019, D022, D035, D039, D040, F002, F003, F005	214	
EDCL002	LABORATORY WASTE NON-HALOGENATED SOLVENTS	D001, D035, F003, F005	212	
EDCL004	LABORATORY SOLVENT WASTE - HALO/NON-HALO WITH ACID	D001, D002, D022, F003	214	
EDD001	PAINT C/W SOLVENTS	D001, D005, D007, D008, D011, D035, F002, F003, F005	214	

Attachment A-1. Hazardous Waste Inventory			
Profile #	Waste Profile Description	EPA Codes	State Code
EDD002	PAINT - LATEX (WATER BASE) COATING (FORMERLY EDD026)	NONE	291, 331
EDD003	PAINT REMOVER-(METHYLENE CHLORIDE, SODIUM CHROMATE)	D002, D007, F002	331
EDD004	PAINT FILTERS	D007, D008, D035, F002, F003, F005	352
EDD005	PAINT RAGS CHEESECLOTH C/W SOLVENT PPE	D007, D008, D011, D035, F002, F003, F005	352
EDD006	PAINT DEBRIS (CANS, PAINT, TRASH, SOLVENT, BRUSHES)	D005, D007, D008, D011, D035, F002, F005	352
EDD007	PAINT SPILL RESIDUE	D007,D008,F003,F00 5	181
EDD008	PAINT (LATEX) C/W DEBRIS	NONE	352
EDD009	PAINT CHIPS (SAND) SANDBLAST GRIT	D007, D008	181
EDD010	PAINT CHIPS (PLASTIC) BLAST MEDIA	D007, D008	181
EDD011	PAINT W/ SOLVENT (OFF-SPEC-INCLUDING =>5 GALLON	D001, D035	331
EDD012	BLAST MEDIA MIXED (SAND/PLASTIC/GLASS)	D005, D006, D007, D008	181
EDD013	DEBRIS SOLID C/W ACID PAINT REMOVER (ALODINE, METHYLENE CHLORIDE)	D005, D006, D007, D008, D011, F002	352
EDD014	PAINTCHIPS - C/W DIRT & METALS PB, CD, BA, CR ABOVE REGULATORY LIMITS	D005, D006, D007, D008	181
EDD015	ISOPROPANOL C/W WATER & RESIN, AND/OR PETROLEUM	D001,D035	214
EDD016	TONER POWDER INCLUDING CARTRIDGES (CARBON BLACK)	NONE	331
EDD017	METAL CUTTING SLUDGE W/ GARNET WITH WATER ON TOP	D006, D007, D008	172
EDD018	METAL CUTTING SLUDGE W/ WATER C/W METALS	D005, D006, D007, D008, D010	722
EDD019	PAINT REMOVER (METHYLENE CHLORIDE & FORMIC ACID)	D002,F001,F002	791
EDD020	PAINT CHIPS C/W LEAD (DEBRIS AND PPE)	D008	181
EDD022	PAINT - FROM PROCESS - SOLID/LIQUID - WITH HARDENER	D001, D005, D006, D007, D008, D011, D035, D039, F002, F003, F005	352
EDD025	PAINT (LATEX) C/W DEBRIS- NON HAZARDOUS WASTE	NONE	
EDD026	FILTERS FROM SAND BLAST (EDD012)	D005, D007, D008	181
EDD027	PAINT FILTERS (BULK) CORROSION FILTER CHANGE-OUT	D005, D006, D007, D008, D035	352
EDD028	COMPOSITE SHOP DUST C/W RCRA METALS	D006, D007, D008	181
EDD029	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (CONTAINING ISOCYANATES)	D001, F003, F005	331
EDD030	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE	D001	331

	Attachment A-1. Hazardous Waste Inventory		
Profile #	Waste Profile Description	EPA Codes	State Code
EDD031	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (CONTAINING AMINES) (DOT CORROSIVE)	NONE	331
EDE004	ADHESIVE DEBRIS W/CHROME	D007, D018, D035, F005	352
EDE009	ELASTOMER - WATER BASE - LIQUID (MAY INCLUDE MASTIC)	NONE	281
EDE013	SILICATE BASED POWER/FIBER AND FIBERGLASS FILLER	NONE	141
EDG008	BATTERIES-LEAD ACID-BROKEN W/LIQUID	D002,D008	792
EDI001	ACID MIXTURES, INCLUDING CLEANING LABORATORY GLASS	D002	791
EDI004	ACIDS AND MIXTURES W/CHROMIC ACID (CORROSIVE)	D002,D007	792
EDI006	BASIC, SODIUM HYDROXIDE, POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE (CORROSIVE)	D002	122
EDI016	BOILER TREATMENT BETZENTEC 722 (BASIC ORGANIC)	D002	122
EDI018	CHEMICAL - SODIUM COMPOUNDS SOLIDS	NONE	141
EDJ002	FERRIC CHLORIDE	D002	791
EDJ003	CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE	D001	141
EDJ040	HYDRAZINE ANHYDROUS	D001, D002	141
EDK003	WATER C/W SOLVENTS, SLUDGE AND METALS-MAY INCLUDE RINSATE	D005, D006, D007, D008, D018, F001, F002, F003, F005	241, 741
EDK005	WATER C/W ALKALINE CLEANER (PH >5 <11)	NONE	135
EDK006	WATER C/W OIL AND SOLVENTS-SURFACTANTS	NONE	134, 135
EDK007	WATER C/W JET-FUEL (JP-8) TPH > 2000 < 10000 PPM	NONE	NONE
EDK015	WATER - CONTAMINATED W/AFFF 3% ANSUL, DEFOAMING EMULSION	NONE	NONE
EDK022	WATER WITH PHOSPHORIC ACID AND DURACLEAN FROM ABL	NONE	135
EDK024	PROCESS RINSEATE WATER (NON-HAZARDOUS)	NONE	NONE
EDK026V1	WATER - WITH PHOSPHORIC ACID, SILICA GEL, SALTS, FURAZANS	NONE	135
EDK027	WATER - NON HAZARDOUS WASTE (TRACE HYDROCARBONS)	NONE	NONE
EDK029	WATER- RINSING PROCESS (HIGH CARBON-TDS	NONE	135
EDK033	WATER C/W >10% JET FUEL (D001 ONLY)	D001	133
EDL002	ASBESTOS (FRIABLE)	NONE	151
EDL012	PCB-BALLASTS & CAPACITORS	NONE	261
EDL013	WOOD C/W CRESOL, METALS & PENTACHLOROPHENOL	D004, D007, D008, D037	614
EDL015	WOOD & DEBRIS C/W CREOSOTE (NO CREOSOL) & METALS	NONE	614
EDL017	WOOD C/W CREOSOTE AND METALS (LOW DEBRIS)	NONE	614
EDL026	LARGE DEBRIS C/W HYDROCARBONS (DRUMS <110 G, PALLETS, ETC.)	NONE	512
EDL028	NON FRIABLE ASBESTOS NON HAZ	NONE	NONE
EDL033	NON-PCB BALLASTS, CAPACITORS & TRANSFORMERS	NONE	NONE

	Attachment A-1. Hazardous Waste Inventory	1	
Profile #	Waste Profile Description	EPA Codes	State Code
EDL041	NRCRA & NON-HAZ (EMPTY TANKS)	NONE	512
EDLP102	LAB-PACK FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS, D-CODE	D001, D008, D035	551
EDM001	BURN RESIDUE C/W METALS (BURN RESIDUE)	D005, D006, D007, D008	181
EDM020	NON HAZARDOUS SPENT CARBON FILTRATION	NONE	352
EDM029	WASTE-TO-ENERGY ASH C/W METALS AND LOW DIOXINS	D006, D007, D008	801
EDM030	SILICA AEROGEL MATERIAL	NONE	141
EDN006	CYLINDER: CARBON MONOXIDE (0.0005-1.0 %) AND AIR	NONE	551
EDN016	CYLINDER-COMPRESSED AIR (LOW THC)	NONE	141
EDN018	REFRIGERANT-MAY INCLUDE R-12, R-134A, R-22, R-407A,B,C,D	NONE	331
EDN033	CYLINDER-OXYGEN, (OXIDIZING)	D001	331
EDN039	CYLINDER- COMPRESSED GASES (NON-FLAM)-INERT	NONE	141, 331
EDN077	CYLINDER - FLAMMABLE GAS MIXTURE IN NON-FLAMMABLE	NONE	141, 331
EDN082	CYLINDERS - SULFUR HEXAFLUORIDE 100% (NON-FLAM GASES)	NONE	141
EDOP110	PAINT RELATED MATERIALS & SOLVENTS (<= 5 GALLONS)	D001, D005, D006, D007, D008, D011, D035	331
EDOP111	ADHESIVES- LIQUID (MAY INCLUDE SMALL CONTAINERS)	D001, D005, D006, D007, D008, D011, D035	331
EDOP112	POTASSIUM PERMANGANATE	D001	141, 551
EDOP113	PAINT, COATING, ADHESIVE COMPOUNDS AND ACTIVATORS	D001	331
EDOP118	ALCOHOLS-(MAY INCLUDE IPA, METHYL, ETHYL ALCOHOL)	D001	331
EDOP122	INSTANT COLD PACKS CONTAINING AMMONIUM NITRATE (OXIDIZING)	D001	141
EDOP221	CLEANERS AND SURFACE PREPARATION COMPOUNDS (CORROSIVE)	D002	141
EDOP400	ADHESIVES- SOLID CONTAINING (MEK, LEAD, CHROMIUM)	D005,D007,D008,D0 11,D035	281
EDOP711	SOLVENT - CYCLOHEXANE (< 5 GALLON CINTAINERS COMMODITY-PACK)	D001,U056	331
EDOP712	N,N-DIMETHYLHYDRAZINE (<5 GALLONS PER INNER PACKAGE)	U098,D001,D002	551
EDOP801	LATEX PAINT & LATEX/WATER BASED SEALANT/COMPOUND	NONE	331
EDOP803	ISOCYANATE POLYMERS AND COATING COMPOUNDS	NONE	331
EDOP804	NON-RCRA ADHESIVES & EPOXIES (LIQUID)	NONE	331
EDOP805	NON-RCRA ADHESIVE CATALYSTS	NONE	281
EDOP813	CITRIC ACID POWDER	NONE	331

	Attachment A-1. Hazardous Waste Inventory		
Profile #	Waste Profile Description	EPA Codes	State Code
EDP102	FLAMMABLE LIQUID CORROSIVE SMALL ITEMS, ACID	D001, D002	331, 551
EDP103	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - MAY INCLUDE CATALYST	D001	331, 551
EDP111	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS (INCLUDING CATALYSTS) (SMALL ITEMS)	D001	551
EDP112	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS, TOXIC W/MEK (SMALL ITEMS)	D001, D035	331
EDP126	FLAMMABLE SOLID TOXIC, ORGANIC(SMALL)	D001	551
EDP133	OXIDIZING SOLIDS W/SILVER	D001, D011	551
EDP139	FLAMMABLE LIQUID TOXIC, CORROSIVE (BASIC, INORGANIC)	D001, D002	551
EDP201	CORROSIVE LIQUIDS ACIDIC, ORGANIC LAB-PACK	D002	331, 551
EDP202	CORROSIVE LIQUIDS BASIC, INORGANIC (SMALL ITEMS)	D002	141
EDP319	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, REACTIVE	D001, D003, D009	331, 551
EDP800	NON-RCRA LIQUID (SMALL ITEMS) (NO CATALYSTS)	NONE	331, 551
EDP801	NON-RCRA SOLID (SMALL ITEMS)	NONE	141, 331
EDP804	CORROSIVE SOLID ACIDIC, ORGANIC (SMALL ITEMS)	NONE	331, 551
EDP900	NON HAZARDOUS WASTE LIQUID	NONE	NONE
EDP901	NON HAZARDOUS WASTE SOLID	NONE	NONE
EDRE02	DRAINED USED OIL FILTERS	NONE	NONE
EDRE06	GASOLINE (UNLEADED)	NONE	NONE
EDUW01	UNIVERSAL WASTE MERCURY CONTAINING DEVICES	NONE	NONE
EDUW010	UNIVERSAL WASTE ELECTRONIC DEVICES	NONE	NONE
EDUW02	UNIVERSAL WASTE BATTERIES (ALKALINE)	NONE	NONE
EDUW03	UNIVERSAL WASTE BATTERIES (NI-CAD)	NONE	NONE
EDUW04	UNIVERSAL WASTE BATTERIES MERCURY	NONE	NONE
EDUW05	UNIVERSAL WASTE AEROSOLS (FLAM & NON FLAM)	NONE	NONE
EDUW06	UNIVERSAL WASTE LAMPS-MAY INCLUDE FLUORESCENT, HID	NONE	NONE
EDUW07	UNIVERSAL WASTE BATTERIES SMALL SEALED LEAD ACID BATTERY	NONE	NONE
EDUW08	UNIVERSAL WASTE BATTERIES (SILVER ZINC)	NONE	NONE
EDUW09	UNIVERSAL WASTE CRTS, TELEVISIONS & MONITORS	NONE	NONE
EDUW11	UNIVERSAL WASTE BATTERIES-LITHIUM BATTERIES	NONE	NONE
EDUW13	BATTERIES-CARBON ZINC BATTERIES (SOLID) UW	NONE	181
EDUW14	METAL HYDRIDE BATTERIES [INCLUDES NICKEL HYDRIDE)	NONE	NONE
EDUW15	UNIVERSAL WASTE BROKEN FLUORESCENT LAMPS	NONE	NONE
EDUW16	UNIVERSAL WASTE BULBS -MERCURY, HID, (NO FLUORESCENT)	NONE	NONE
EDUW17	UNIVERSAL WASTE BATTERIES NICKEL-IRON (NI-IRON) BATTERIES	NONE	NONE

	Attachment A-1. Hazardous Waste Inventory		
Profile #	Waste Profile Description	EPA Codes	State Code
EDX100	OB/OD MATERIAL	NONE	NONE
EDY172	SOIL C/W FIRE FIGHTING FOAM (SOLID)	NONE	611
EDY173	FIRE FIGHTING FOAM W/BUTYL CARBITOL OR DIETHYLENE	NONE	131
EDY174	ABSORBENT C/W FIRE FIGHTING FOAM (SOLID)	NONE	352
EDY175	ABSORBENT PADS AND DEBRIS C/W LIQUID AFFF (BUTYL CARBITOL)	NONE	343
EDY643	SOLVENT - CLEANER LECTRACLEAN W/1,1,1TRICHLOROETHYALENE	NONE	331
EDY789	CHEMICAL - SILICA AND SILICA COMPOUNDS	NONE	141
EDY830	DETERGENT SOAP & SURFACTANTS W/ PHOSPHATES, ETHOXY	NONE	561
EDY841	SOLVENT-CONTAINING FLUOROPROPANE COMPOUNDS	NONE	331
EDY869	HYDRAULIC FLUID-CONTAINING TRIPHENYL PHOSPHATE MIX	NONE	331
EDY881	ACID DISTILLATION FILTER (SOLID CORROSIVE ACIDIC INORGANIC)	NONE	181
EDY881V1	ACID DISTILLATION FILTER (SOLID CORROSIVE ACIDIC INORGANIC)	NONE	181
EDY882	CAUSTIC DISTILLATION FILTER (CORROSIVE SOLID, BASIC)	NONE	181

Attachment A-2. Hazardous Wastestream Sample and Analysis Parameters^{a,b} Analysis Requested (Test Method Number^c) (Test Matrix (S = Solid, L = Liquid)) olatile Organic Compounds (8260) Specific Gravity (SM 2710F) - (S,L) Semi-volatile Organic Compounds Sample Frequency (AR = Annual) Total Organic Halides (9020) (L) Total Suspended Solids, Non-Total Dissolved Solids, Non-Polychlorinated Biphenyls Hazardous Water (2540) (L) Hazardous Water (2540) (L) Hydrocarbons (8015) (S,L) Benzene for TCLP (#) (L) Metals for TCLP (#) (S,L) Metals (6010,6020) (S,L) JP-4 and JP-8 (8015) (L) Flash Point (1010) (L,S) Organic Peroxide, Hydrogen Peroxide (L) Fish Bioassay (#) (S,L) Hydrazine (8270) (S,L) Total Solids (2540) (L) Glycol Screening (Modified 8015) (S,L) % Water (E203) (S,L) pH (9040,9045) (S,L) Oxidizer (1040) (S) Total Extractable (8082) (S,L) (8270) (S,L) **Profile** (S,L)Description No. SOIL C/W FUEL/OIL Χ Χ EDA001 Χ Χ AR ABSORBENT C/W FUEL AND OIL EDA002 Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ AR (BIODEGRADABLE ONLY) DEBRIS & PPE C/W GREASE/OIL EDA003 Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ AR SOIL C/W ANTIFREEZE & LOW EDA004 Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ METALS RAGS & PPE C/W GREASE-OIL-EDA005 Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ AR SOIL C/W TRACE CHLORINATED EDA006 Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ COMPOUNDS DEBRIS C/W OIL & GREASE -EDA007 Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ AR **_IQUID** DEBRIS C/W FUEL AND METALS EDA009 Χ Χ χ Χ Χ Χ Χ (LEAD) SOIL C/W PETROLEUM NON-EDA013 Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ HAZARDOUS DEBRIS C/W FUEL AND METALS EDA009 Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ (LEAD) Χ SOIL C/W CHLORINATED EDA014 Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ SOLVENTS & METALS (ERP) Χ SOIL C/W CHLORINATED EDA014-1 Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ SOLVENTS & METALS (ERP) SOIL C/W METALS Χ Χ EDA016-1 Χ Χ Χ

Attachment A-2. Hazardous Wastestream Sample and Analysis Parameters^{a,b} Analysis Requested (Test Method Number^c) (Test Matrix (S = Solid, L = Liquid)) olatile Organic Compounds (8260) Specific Gravity (SM 2710F) - (S,L) Semi-volatile Organic Compounds Sample Frequency (AR = Annual) Total Organic Halides (9020) (L) Total Suspended Solids, Non-Total Dissolved Solids, Non-Hazardous Water (2540) (L) Polychlorinated Biphenyls Hazardous Water (2540) (L) Hydrocarbons (8015) (S,L) Benzene for TCLP (#) (L) Metals for TCLP (#) (S,L) Metals (6010,6020) (S,L) JP-4 and JP-8 (8015) (L) Flash Point (1010) (L,S) Organic Peroxide, Hydrogen Peroxide (L) Fish Bioassay (#) (S,L) Hydrazine (8270) (S,L) Total Solids (2540) (L) Glycol Screening (Modified 8015) (S,L) % Water (E203) (S,L) pH (9040,9045) (S,L) Oxidizer (1040) (S) (8270) (S,L) (8082) (S,L) **Profile** (S,L)Description No. SOIL- NON-HAZARDOUS- METALS EDA017 Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ & OTHER CONTAMINANTS PPE, DEBRIS, CONTAMINATED EDA116 Χ Χ Χ Χ WITH TRACE INORGANICS OIL FILTERS (LIQUID)- FILTERS Χ **EDB001** Χ Χ Χ AR FUEL AND SOLVENTS C/W EDB002 Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ WATER FUEL & DEBRIS (MOGAS & NON-**EDB003** Χ Χ Χ Χ AR LEAD GASOLINE) PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, STODDARD SOLVENTS, EDB004 Χ χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ PARAFFIN ANTI-FREEZE AND COOLANTS EDB005 v1 Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ AR W/WATER SOIL C/W JP4 & MO-GAS AND/OR EDB006 Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ GASOLINE (LEAD < 5PPM EDB007 SPENT PENETRATE W/WATER Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ OIL C/W WATER DEBRIS AND EDB009 Χ Χ Χ Χ AR METALS (NO PUMP-OUT) FUEL FILTERS (WET) Χ Χ Χ EDB010 AR FUEL FILTERS (DRY) - NOT EDB011 Χ Χ Χ AR METAL CASED JP-8 FUEL (FOR RECYCLING) EDB013 Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ AR OIL (FOR RECYCLE) Χ Χ AR EDB014 Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ

Attachment A-2. Hazardous Wastestream Sample and Analysis Parameters^{a,b} Analysis Requested (Test Method Number^c) (Test Matrix (S = Solid, L = Liquid)) Volatile Organic Compounds (8260) Specific Gravity (SM 2710F) - (S,L) Semi-volatile Organic Compounds Sample Frequency (AR = Annual) Total Organic Halides (9020) (L) Total Suspended Solids, Non-Total Dissolved Solids, Non-Hazardous Water (2540) (L) Polychlorinated Biphenyls Hazardous Water (2540) (L) Hydrocarbons (8015) (S,L) Benzene for TCLP (#) (L) Metals for TCLP (#) (S,L) Metals (6010,6020) (S,L) JP-4 and JP-8 (8015) (L) Flash Point (1010) (L,S) Organic Peroxide, Hydrogen Peroxide (L) Fish Bioassay (#) (S,L) Hydrazine (8270) (S,L) Total Solids (2540) (L) Glycol Screening (Modified 8015) (S,L) % Water (E203) (S,L) pH (9040,9045) (S,L) Oxidizer (1040) (S) (8270) (S,L) (8082) (S,L) **Profile** (S,L)Description No. FUEL C/W LOW SOLVENT, EDB015 Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ AR ETHYLENE GLYCOL & WATER OIL (FOR RECYCLE) EDB016 Χ Χ Χ Χ AR COMBUSTIBLE FUEL - DEBRIS, HOSES C/W JP-8, EDB017 Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ WET FUEL - JP-4, FROM GROUND **EDB018** Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ WATER FILTER PROCESS WASTE OIL- RECYCLE- MAY CONTAIN >5% HALOGENS & EDB020 Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ AR BENZENE GASOLINE OR JP-4- UNLEADED EDB021 Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ ONLY MINERAL OIL WITH SURFACTANTS (BOWLING EDB022 Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ ALLEY) HEAT TRANSFER FLUID, EDB024 Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ COOLANT LUBRICANT BIO-DIESEL COMBUSTIBLE EDB028 Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ AR LIQUID HYDRAULIC FLUID WITH EDB030 TRIPHENYL PHOSPHATE Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ (SKYDROL) AEROSOL (FLAMMABLE) **AEROSOL** EDC001 AEROSOL (NON-FLAMMABLE) EDC002 **AEROSOL**

		Atta	chme	nt A-2	. Haz	zardo	us Wa	astest	ream	Samp	le an	d Ana	alysis	Parar	neter	s ^{a,b}							
		Analy	ysis R	Reques	sted (Test I	Vietho	od Nur	nber'	Tes	t Mat	rix (S	= So	lid, L =	= Liqu	uid))							
Profile No.	Description	Fish Bioassay (#) (S,L)	Flash Point (1010) (L,S)	Glycol Screening (Modified 8015) (S,L)	JP-4 and JP-8 (8015) (L)	Metals (6010,6020) (S,L)	Oxidizer (1040) (S)	Polychlorinated Biphenyls (8082) (S,L)	Hydrazine (8270) (S,L)	Organic Peroxide, Hydrogen Peroxide (L)	% Water (E203) (S,L)	pH (9040,9045) (S,L)	Specific Gravity (SM 2710F) - (S,L)	Semi-volatile Organic Compounds (8270) (S,L)	Metals for TCLP (#) (S,L)	Benzene for TCLP (#) (L)	Total Extractable Hydrocarbons (8015) (S,L)	Total Dissolved Solids, Non- Hazardous Water (2540) (L)	Total Solids (2540) (L)	Total Suspended Solids, Non- Hazardous Water (2540) (L)	Total Organic Halides (9020) (L)	Volatile Organic Compounds (8260) (S,L)	Sample Frequency (AR = Annual)
EDC002V1	NON-FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS TOXIC											AER	OSOL										
EDC003	SOLVENTS HALO/NON-HALO MIX		Х			Х						Х	Х	Х			Х					Х	AR
EDC005	SOLVENTS NON HALOGENATED		Х			Χ		Х				Χ	Х	Х								Х	AR
EDC006	SOLVENT-HALOGENATED		Х			Χ		Х				Χ	Х	Х								Х	AR
EDC007	SOLVENTS AND FUELS SPILL CLEAN-UP (LIQUIDS)		Χ		Х	Х						Χ		Х			Х					Х	
EDC008	SOLVENTS AND FUELS SPILL CLEAN-UP (SOLID)		Х			Х								Х								Х	AR
EDC010	SOLVENT SPENT CITRUS BASED (COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID)		Х			Х					Χ	Χ	Х									Χ	AR
EDC012	PETROLEUM BASED SÖLVENT DEGREASE - (ALIPHATIC HYDROCARBONS)		Х		Х	Х						Х		Х			Х					Х	
EDC013	METHYL ETHYL KETONE – UNUSED)										Cert	ified b	y their	SDS									
EDC014	SOLVENT CLEANER- HYDROCARBON BASED- ISOPARAFINNIC		Х					Х			Χ	Χ									X		AR
EDC015	SOLVENT - LACQUER THINNER W/MEK, TOLUENE, HYDROCARBONS		Х			Х						Χ					Х					Х	
EDC016	ISOPARAFINNIC HYDROCARBONS		Х			Х						Χ					Х					Х	

Attachment A-2. Hazardous Wastestream Sample and Analysis Parameters^{a,b} Analysis Requested (Test Method Number^c) (Test Matrix (S = Solid, L = Liquid)) Volatile Organic Compounds (8260) Specific Gravity (SM 2710F) - (S,L) Semi-volatile Organic Compounds Sample Frequency (AR = Annual) Total Organic Halides (9020) (L) Total Suspended Solids, Non-Total Dissolved Solids, Non-Hazardous Water (2540) (L) Polychlorinated Biphenyls Hazardous Water (2540) (L) Hydrocarbons (8015) (S,L) Benzene for TCLP (#) (L) Metals for TCLP (#) (S,L) Metals (6010,6020) (S,L) JP-4 and JP-8 (8015) (L) Flash Point (1010) (L,S) Organic Peroxide, Hydrogen Peroxide (L) Fish Bioassay (#) (S,L) Hydrazine (8270) (S,L) Total Solids (2540) (L) Glycol Screening (Modified 8015) (S,L) % Water (E203) (S,L) pH (9040,9045) (S,L) Oxidizer (1040) (S) (8082) (S,L) (8270) (S,L) **Profile** (S,L)Description No. SOLVENT - CLEANING PROCESS EDC017 Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ AR W/BENZENE, NAPTHA SOLVENTS- MIXED HALO/NON-HALO W/ CHLOROFORM, EDC018 Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ TOLUENE SOLVENT- MIXED SOLUTIONS, D-EDC019 Certified by their SDS LIMONENE, (UNUSED) CARBON CLEANER WITH BUTOXYEHTANOL, Χ EDC020 Χ Χ Χ Χ AMINOETHANOL SOLVENT - IPA AND AK-225 EDC022 Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ LABORATORY SOLVENTS-HALOGENATED/NON-Χ EDCL001 Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ AR HALOGENATED LABORATORY WASTE NON-EDCL002 Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ HALOGENATED SOLVENTS LABORATORY SOLVENT WASTE -Χ EDCL004 Χ Χ Χ χ Χ HALO/NON-HALO WITH ACID EDD001 PAINT C/W SOLVENTS Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ AR PAINT - LATEX (WATER BASE) EDD002 Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ AR COATING (FORMERLY EDD026) PAINT REMOVER-(METHYLENE **EDD003** Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ AR CHLORIDE, SODIUM CHR<u>OMATE)</u> EDD004 PAINT FILTERS Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ AR

Attachment A-2. Hazardous Wastestream Sample and Analysis Parameters^{a,b} Analysis Requested (Test Method Number^c) (Test Matrix (S = Solid, L = Liquid)) Volatile Organic Compounds (8260) Specific Gravity (SM 2710F) - (S,L) Semi-volatile Organic Compounds Sample Frequency (AR = Annual) Total Organic Halides (9020) (L) Total Suspended Solids, Non-Total Dissolved Solids, Non-Polychlorinated Biphenyls Hazardous Water (2540) (L) Hazardous Water (2540) (L) Hydrocarbons (8015) (S,L) Benzene for TCLP (#) (L) Metals for TCLP (#) (S,L) Metals (6010,6020) (S,L) JP-4 and JP-8 (8015) (L) Flash Point (1010) (L,S) Organic Peroxide, Hydrogen Peroxide (L) Fish Bioassay (#) (S,L) Hydrazine (8270) (S,L) Total Solids (2540) (L) Glycol Screening (Modified 8015) (S,L) % Water (E203) (S,L) pH (9040,9045) (S,L) Oxidizer (1040) (S) Total Extractable (8270) (S,L) (8082) (S,L) **Profile** (S,L)Description No. PAINT RAGS CHEESECLOTH C/W EDD005 Χ Χ Χ Χ AR SOLVENT PPE PAINT DEBRIS (CANS, PAINT, EDD006 Χ Χ Χ Χ AR TRASH, SOLVENT, BRUSHES) PAINT SPILL RESIDUE Χ EDD007 Χ Χ Χ PAINT (LATEX) C/W DEBRIS **EDD008** Χ Χ Χ AR PAINT CHIPS (SAND) EDD009 Χ χ Χ Χ AR SANDBLAST GRIT PAINT CHIPS (PLASTIC) BLAST EDD010 Χ Χ PAINT W/ SOLVENT (OFF-SPEC-EDD011 Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ AR INCLUDING =>5 GALLON BLAST MEDIA MIXED EDD012 Χ χ Χ Χ AR (SAND/PLASTIC/GLASS) DEBRIS SOLID C/W ACID PAINT EDD013 REMOVER (ALODINE, Χ Χ Χ Χ METHYLENE CHLORIDE) PAINTCHIPS - C/W DIRT & METALS PB, CD, BA, CR ABOVE EDD014 Χ Χ REGULATORY LIMITS ISOPROPANOL C/W WATER & EDD015 Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ AR RESIN, AND/OR PETROLEUM TONER POWDER INCLUDING Certified by their SDS EDD016 CARTRIDGES (CARBON BLACK) METAL CUTTING SLUDGE W/ **EDD017** Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ AR GARNET WITH WATER ON TOP

Attachment A-2. Hazardous Wastestream Sample and Analysis Parameters^{a,b} Analysis Requested (Test Method Number^c) (Test Matrix (S = Solid, L = Liquid)) Volatile Organic Compounds (8260) Specific Gravity (SM 2710F) - (S,L) Semi-volatile Organic Compounds Sample Frequency (AR = Annual) Total Organic Halides (9020) (L) Total Suspended Solids, Non-Total Dissolved Solids, Non-Hazardous Water (2540) (L) Polychlorinated Biphenyls Hazardous Water (2540) (L) Hydrocarbons (8015) (S,L) Benzene for TCLP (#) (L) Metals for TCLP (#) (S,L) Metals (6010,6020) (S,L) JP-4 and JP-8 (8015) (L) Flash Point (1010) (L,S) Organic Peroxide, Hydrogen Peroxide (L) Fish Bioassay (#) (S,L) Hydrazine (8270) (S,L) Total Solids (2540) (L) Glycol Screening (Modified 8015) (S,L) % Water (E203) (S,L) pH (9040,9045) (S,L) Oxidizer (1040) (S) Total Extractable (8082) (S,L) (8270) (S,L) **Profile** (S,L)Description No. METAL CUTTING SLUDGE W/ EDD018 Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ AR WATER C/W METALS PAINT REMOVER (METHYLENE EDD019 Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ CHLORIDE & FORMIC ACID) PAINT CHIPS C/W LEAD (DEBRIS EDD020 Χ Χ AND PPE) PAINT - FROM PROCESS -EDD022 Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ AR SOLID/LIQUID - WITH HARDENER PAINT (LATEX) C/W DEBRIS- NON EDD025 Χ Χ Χ HAZARDOUS WASTE FILTERS FROM SAND BLAST EDD026 Χ Χ Χ (EDD012) PAINT FILTERS (BULK) CORROSION FILTER CHANGE-EDD027 Χ Χ AR OUT COMPOSITE SHOP DUST C/W EDD028 Χ RCRA METALS Χ PAINT RELATED MATERIAL EDD029 Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ (CONTAINING ISOCYANATES) PAINT RELATED MATERIAL EDD030 Χ Χ Χ Χ CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (CONTAINING AMINES) (DOT EDD031 Χ Χ Χ Χ CORROSIVE) ADHESIVE DEBRIS W/CHROME Χ EDE004 Χ Χ Χ Χ AR

Attachment A-2. Hazardous Wastestream Sample and Analysis Parameters^{a,b} Analysis Requested (Test Method Number^c) (Test Matrix (S = Solid, L = Liquid)) Volatile Organic Compounds (8260) Specific Gravity (SM 2710F) - (S,L) Semi-volatile Organic Compounds Sample Frequency (AR = Annual) Total Organic Halides (9020) (L) Total Suspended Solids, Non-Total Dissolved Solids, Non-Hazardous Water (2540) (L) Polychlorinated Biphenyls Hazardous Water (2540) (L) Hydrocarbons (8015) (S,L) Benzene for TCLP (#) (L) Metals for TCLP (#) (S,L) Metals (6010,6020) (S,L) JP-4 and JP-8 (8015) (L) Flash Point (1010) (L,S) Organic Peroxide, Hydrogen Peroxide (L) Fish Bioassay (#) (S,L) Hydrazine (8270) (S,L) Total Solids (2540) (L) Glycol Screening (Modified 8015) (S,L) % Water (E203) (S,L) pH (9040,9045) (S,L) Oxidizer (1040) (S) (8270) (S,L) (8082) (S,L) **Profile** (S,L)Description No. ELASTOMER - WATER BASE -EDE009 Χ Χ Χ Χ LIQUID (MAY INCLUDE MASTIC) SILICATE BASED POWER/FIBER EDE013 Χ Χ Χ AND FIBERGLASS FILLER BATTERIES-LEAD ACID-BROKEN EDG008 Χ Χ Χ W/LIQUID ACIDS AND MIXTURES EDI004 Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ AR W/CHROMIC ACID (CORROSIVE) BASIC, SODIUM HYDROXIDE, POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE EDI006 Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ AR (CORROSIVE) BOILER TREATMENT BETZENTEC EDI016 Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ 722 (BASIC ORGANIC) CHEMICAL - SODIUM Χ Χ EDI018 COMPOUNDS SOLIDS FERRIC CHLORIDE Certified by their SDS EDJ002 CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE Certified by their SDS EDJ003 HYDRAZINE ANHYDROUS EDJ040 Certified by their SDS WATER C/W SOLVENTS, SLUDGE AND METALS-MAY INCLUDE Χ EDK003 Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ AR RINSEATE WATER C/W ALKALINE CLEANER EDK005 Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ AR (PH >5 <11) WATER C/W OIL AND SOLVENTS-**EDK006** Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ AR SURFACTANTS

Attachment A-2. Hazardous Wastestream Sample and Analysis Parameters^{a,b} Analysis Requested (Test Method Number^c) (Test Matrix (S = Solid, L = Liquid)) Volatile Organic Compounds (8260) Specific Gravity (SM 2710F) - (S,L) Semi-volatile Organic Compounds Sample Frequency (AR = Annual) Total Organic Halides (9020) (L) Total Suspended Solids, Non-Total Dissolved Solids, Non-Polychlorinated Biphenyls Hazardous Water (2540) (L) Hazardous Water (2540) (L) Hydrocarbons (8015) (S,L) Benzene for TCLP (#) (L) Metals for TCLP (#) (S,L) Metals (6010,6020) (S,L) JP-4 and JP-8 (8015) (L) Flash Point (1010) (L,S) Organic Peroxide, Hydrogen Peroxide (L) Fish Bioassay (#) (S,L) Hydrazine (8270) (S,L) Total Solids (2540) (L) Glycol Screening (Modified 8015) (S,L) % Water (E203) (S,L) pH (9040,9045) (S,L) Oxidizer (1040) (S) (8082) (S,L) (8270) (S,L) **Profile** (S,L)Description No. WATER C/W JET-FUEL (JP-8) TPH EDK007 Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ AR > 2000 < 10000 PPM WATER - CONTAMINATED W/AFFF 3% ANSUL, DEFOAMING EDK015 Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ **EMULSION** WATER WITH PHOSPHORIC ACID EDK022 Χ Χ Χ Χ AR AND DURACLEAN FROM ABL PROCESS RINSEATE WATER EDK024 Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ AR (NON-HAZARDOUS) EDK026V1 WATER - WITH PHOSPHORIC ACID, SILICA GEL, SALTS, Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ **FURAZANS** WATER - NON HAZARDOUS EDK027 WASTE (TRACE Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ AR HYDROCARBONS) WATER-NORTH BASE RINSING EDK029 Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ PROCESS (HIGH CARBON-TDS WATER C/W >10% JET FUEL EDK033 Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ (D001 ONLY) ASBESTOS (FRIABLE) EDL002 Χ Χ PCB-BALLASTS & CAPACITORS EDL012 Χ Χ Χ WOOD C/W CRESOL, METALS & EDL013 Χ Χ Χ Χ PENTACHLOROPHENOL WOOD & DEBRIS C/W CREOSOTE EDL015 Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ (NO CREOSOL) & METALS

Attachment A-2. Hazardous Wastestream Sample and Analysis Parameters^{a,b} Analysis Requested (Test Method Number^c) (Test Matrix (S = Solid, L = Liquid)) Volatile Organic Compounds (8260) Specific Gravity (SM 2710F) - (S,L) Semi-volatile Organic Compounds Sample Frequency (AR = Annual) Total Organic Halides (9020) (L) Total Suspended Solids, Non-Total Dissolved Solids, Non-Hazardous Water (2540) (L) Polychlorinated Biphenyls Hazardous Water (2540) (L) Hydrocarbons (8015) (S,L) Benzene for TCLP (#) (L) Metals for TCLP (#) (S,L) Metals (6010,6020) (S,L) JP-4 and JP-8 (8015) (L) Flash Point (1010) (L,S) Organic Peroxide, Hydrogen Peroxide (L) Fish Bioassay (#) (S,L) Hydrazine (8270) (S,L) Total Solids (2540) (L) Glycol Screening (Modified 8015) (S,L) % Water (E203) (S,L) pH (9040,9045) (S,L) Oxidizer (1040) (S) Total Extractable (8082) (S,L) (8270) (S,L) **Profile** (S,L)Description No. WOOD C/W CREOSOTE AND EDL017 Χ Χ Χ Χ METALS (LOW DEBRIS) LARGE DEBRIS C/W HYDROCARBONS (DRUMS <110 EDL026 Χ Χ Χ G, PALLETS, ETC.) NON FRIABLE ASBESTOS NON EDL028 Χ HA7 NON-PCB BALLASTS. EDL033 Χ CAPACITORS & TRANSFORMERS NRCRA & NON-HAZ (EMPTY EDL041 Χ Χ Χ Χ TANKS) LAB-PACK FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS. EDP102 Lab Pack D-CODE BURN RESIDUE C/W METALS EDM001 Χ Χ Χ Χ (BURN RESIDUE) NON HAZARDOUS SPENT EDM020 Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ CARBON FILTRATION WASTE-TO-ENERGY ASH C/W EDM029 Χ Χ Χ Χ METALS AND LOW DIOXINS SILICA AEROGEL MATERIAL EDM030 Lab Pack CYLINDER: CARBON MONOXIDE Gas Cylinder **EDN006** (0.0005-1.0 %) AND AIR CYLINDER-COMPRESSED AIR EDN016 Gas Cylinder (LOW THC) REFRIGERANT-MAY INCLUDE R-EDN018 Certified by their SDS 12, R-134A, R-22, R-407A,B,C,D

		Attac	hme	nt A-2	. Haz	ardo	us W	astest	ream	Samp	le an	d Ana	alysis	Parar	neter	s ^{a,b}							
		Analy	sis R	eques	sted (Test I	Metho	od Nur	nber	c) (Tes	t Mat	rix (S	= Sol	lid, L =	= Liqu	ıid))							
Profile No.	Description	Fish Bioassay (#) (S,L)	Flash Point (1010) (L,S)	Glycol Screening (Modified 8015) (S,L)	JP-4 and JP-8 (8015) (L)	Metals (6010,6020) (S,L)	Oxidizer (1040) (S)	Polychlorinated Biphenyls (8082) (S,L)	Hydrazine (8270) (S,L)	Organic Peroxide, Hydrogen Peroxide (L)	% Water (E203) (S,L)	(3) (S) (3) hd	Specific Gravity (SM 2710F) - (S,L)	Semi-volatile Organic Compounds (8270) (S,L)	Metals for TCLP (#) (S,L)	Benzene for TCLP (#) (L)	Total Extractable Hydrocarbons (8015) (S.L.)	Total Dissolved Solids, Non- Hazardous Water (2540) (L)	Total Solids (2540) (L)	Total Suspended Solids, Non- Hazardous Water (2540) (L)	Total Organic Halides (9020) (L)	Volatile Organic Compounds (8260) (S,L)	Sample Frequency (AR = Annual)
EDN033	CYLINDER-OXYGEN, (OXIDIZING)											Gas C	ylinder	•									
EDN039	CYLINDER- COMPRESSED GASES (NON-FLAM)-INERT											Gas C	ylinder										
EDN077	CYLINDER - FLAMMABLE GAS MIXTURE IN NON-FLAMMABLE											Gas C	ylinder	•									
EDN082	CYLINDERS - SULFUR HEXAFLUORIDE 100% (NON- FLAM GASES)											Gas C	ylinder	•									
	PAINT RELATED MATERIALS & SOLVENTS (<= 5 GALLONS)		Χ			Х						Х			Χ							Х	
EDOP111	ADHESIVES- LIQUID (MAY INCLUDE SMALL CONTAINERS)		Χ			Х						Х			Х							Х	
EDOP112	POTASSIUM PERMANGANATE										Cert	ified b	y their	SDS			•						
EDOP113	PAINT, COATING, ADHESIVE COMPOUNDS AND ACTIVATORS		Х			Х						χ		Х	Χ							Х	
EDOP118	ALCOHOLS-(MAY INCLUDE IPA, METHYL, ETHYL ALCOHOL)		Х			Х						χ										Х	
	INSTANT COLD PACKS CONTAINING AMMONIUM NITRATE (OXIDIZING)											Lap	Pack										
EDOP221	CLEANERS AND SURFACE PREPARATION COMPOUNDS (CORROSIVE)					Х						Х		х								Х	
EDOP400	ADHESIVES- SOLID CONTAINING (MEK, LEAD, CHROMIUM)		Х			Х						Х			Х							Х	

Attachment A-2. Hazardous Wastestream Sample and Analysis Parameters^{a,b} Analysis Requested (Test Method Number^c) (Test Matrix (S = Solid, L = Liquid)) Volatile Organic Compounds (8260) Specific Gravity (SM 2710F) - (S,L) Semi-volatile Organic Compounds Sample Frequency (AR = Annual) Total Organic Halides (9020) (L) Total Suspended Solids, Non-Total Dissolved Solids, Non-Polychlorinated Biphenyls Hazardous Water (2540) (L) Hazardous Water (2540) (L) Hydrocarbons (8015) (S,L) Benzene for TCLP (#) (L) Metals for TCLP (#) (S,L) Metals (6010,6020) (S,L) JP-4 and JP-8 (8015) (L) Flash Point (1010) (L,S) Organic Peroxide, Hydrogen Peroxide (L) Fish Bioassay (#) (S,L) Hydrazine (8270) (S,L) Total Solids (2540) (L) Glycol Screening (Modified 8015) (S,L) % Water (E203) (S,L) pH (9040,9045) (S,L) Oxidizer (1040) (S) (8082) (S,L) (8270) (S,L) **Profile** (S,L)Description No. SOLVENT - CYCLOHEXANE (< 5 **GALLON CINTAINERS** EDOP711 Χ Χ Χ Χ COMMODITY-PACK) N,N-DIMETHYLHYDRAZINE (<5 EDOP712 Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ GALLONS PER INNER PACKAGE) LATEX PAINT & LATEX/WATER EDOP801 Χ Χ Χ BASED SEALANT/ COMPOUND ISOCYANATE POLYMERS AND EDOP803 Χ Χ Χ COATING COMPOUNDS NON-RCRA ADHESIVES & EDOP804 Χ Χ χ Χ EPOXIES (LIQUID) NON-RCRA ADHESIVE EDOP805 Χ Χ Χ Χ CATALYSTS CITRIC ACID POWDER EDOP813 Certified by their SDS FLAMMABLE LIQUID CORROSIVE EDP102 Certified by their SDS SMALL ITEMS, ACID (D001, D002) FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS (D001 EDP103 Certified by their SDS ONLY) - MAY INCLUDE CATALYST FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS (INCLUDING CATALYSTS) (SMALL Certified by their SDS EDP111 ITEMS) FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS, TOXIC EDP112 Certified by their SDS W/MEK FLAMMABLE SOLID TOXIC, EDP126 Certified by their SDS ORGANIC OXIDIZING SOLIDS W/SILVER EDP133 Certified by their SDS

		Atta	chme	nt A-2	. Haz	ardo	us Wa	astest	ream	Samp	le an	d Ana	alysis	Parar	neter	s ^{a,b}							
		Analy	/sis R	Reques	sted (Test I	Metho	od Nur	nber	Tes	t Mat	rix (S	= So	lid, L =	= Liqu	ıid))							
Profile No.	Description	Fish Bioassay (#) (S,L)	Flash Point (1010) (L,S)	Glycol Screening (Modified 8015) (S,L)	JP-4 and JP-8 (8015) (L)	Metals (6010,6020) (S,L)	Oxidizer (1040) (S)	Polychlorinated Biphenyls (8082) (S,L)	Hydrazine (8270) (S,L)	Organic Peroxide, Hydrogen Peroxide (L)	% Water (E203) (S,L)	pH (9040,9045) (S,L)	Specific Gravity (SM 2710F) - (S,L)	Semi-volatile Organic Compounds (8270) (S,L)	Metals for TCLP (#) (S,L)	Benzene for TCLP (#) (L)	Total Extractable Hydrocarbons (8015) (S,L)	Total Dissolved Solids, Non- Hazardous Water (2540) (L)	Total Solids (2540) (L)	Total Suspended Solids, Non- Hazardous Water (2540) (L)	Total Organic Halides (9020) (L)	Volatile Organic Compounds (8260) (S,L)	Sample Frequency (AR = Annual)
EDP139	FLAMMABLE LIQUID TOXIC, CORROSIVE (BASIC, INORGANIC)		Certified by their SDS																				
EDP201	CORROSIVE LIQUIDS ACIDIC, ORGANIC LAB-PACK		Certified by their SDS Lap Pack																				
EDP202	CORROSIVE LIQUIDS BASIC, INORGANIC										Cert	ified by	y their	SDS									
EDP319	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, REACTIVE										Cert	ified by	y their	SDS									
EDP800	NON-RCRA LIQUID (NO CATALYSTS)										Cert	ified by	y their	SDS									
EDP801	NON-RCRA SOLID										Cert	ified by	y their	SDS									
EDP804	CORROSIVE SOLID ACIDIC, ORGANIC										Cert	ified by	y their	SDS									
EDP900	NON HAZARDOUS WASTE LIQUID	Х	Х			Х						Х		Х			Х	Х				Х	
EDP901	NON HAZARDOUS WASTE SOLID	Х				Х						Х					Х					Х	
EDRE02	DRAINED USED OIL FILTERS					Х									Х		Х						
EDRE06	GASOLINE (UNLEADED)		Х																			Х	
EDUW01	UNIVERSAL WASTE MERCURY CONTAINING DEVICES										U	niversa	al Was	te						•			
EDUW010	UNIVERSAL WASTE ELECTRONIC DEVICES										U	niversa	al Was	te									
EDUW02	UNIVERSAL WASTE BATTERIES (ALKALINE)										U	niversa	al Was	te									_

		Attac	chme	nt A-2	. Haz	zardo	us Wa	astest	ream	Samp	le an	d Ana	alysis	Parar	neter	s ^{a,b}							
		Analy	sis R	eques	sted (Test I	Metho	od Nur	nber	c) (Tes	t Mat	rix (S	= So	lid, L =	= Liqu	uid))							
Profile No.	Description	Fish Bioassay (#) (S,L)	Flash Point (1010) (L,S)	Glycol Screening (Modified 8015) (S,L)	JP-4 and JP-8 (8015) (L)	Metals (6010,6020) (S,L)	Oxidizer (1040) (S)	Polychlorinated Biphenyls (8082) (S,L)	Hydrazine (8270) (S,L)	Organic Peroxide, Hydrogen Peroxide (L)	% Water (E203) (S,L)	pH (9040,9045) (S,L)	Specific Gravity (SM 2710F) - (S,L)	Semi-volatile Organic Compounds (8270) (S,L)	Metals for TCLP (#) (S,L)	Benzene for TCLP (#) (L)	Total Extractable Hydrocarbons (8015) (S.I.)	Total Dissolved Solids, Non- Hazardous Water (2540) (L)	Total Solids (2540) (L)	Total Suspended Solids, Non- Hazardous Water (2540) (L)	Total Organic Halides (9020) (L)	Volatile Organic Compounds (8260) (S,L)	Sample Frequency (AR = Annual)
EDUW03	UNIVERSAL WASTE BATTERIES (NI-CAD)										U	nivers	al Was	te									
EDUW04	UNIVERSAL WASTE BATTERIES MERCURY										U	nivers	al Was	te									
EDUW05	UNIVERSAL WASTE AEROSOLS (FLAM & NON FLAM)										U	nivers	al Was	te									
EDUW06	UNIVERSAL WASTE LAMPS-MAY INCLUDE FLUORESCENT, HID										U	nivers	al Was	te									
	UNIVERSAL WASTE BATTERIES SMALL SEALED LEAD ACID BATTERY										U	nivers	al Was	te									
EDUW08	UNIVERSAL WASTE BATTERIES (SILVER ZINC)										U	nivers	al Was	te									
EDUW09	UNIVERSAL WASTE CRTS, TELEVISIONS & MONITORS										U	nivers	al Was	te									
EDUW11	UNIVERSAL WASTE BATTERIES- LITHIUM BATTERIES										U	nivers	al Was	te									
	BATTERIES-CARBON ZINC BATTERIES (SOLID) UW										U	nivers	al Was	te									
EDUW14	METAL HYDRIDE BATTERIES [INCLUDES NICKEL HYDRIDE)										U	nivers	al Was	te									
EDUW15	UNIVERSAL WASTE BROKEN FLUORESCENT LAMPS										U	nivers	al Was	te									
	UNIVERSAL WASTE BULBS - MERCURY, HID, (NO FLUORESCENT)										U	nivers	al Was	te									

		Atta	chme	nt A-2	. Haz	zardou	us Wa	astest	ream	Samp	le an	d Ana	alysis	Parar	neter	s ^{a,b}							
		Analy	/sis R	eques	sted (Test I	Metho	od Nui	nber	c) (Tes	t Mat	rix (S	= So	lid, L =	= Liqu	ıid))							
Profile No.	Description	Fish Bioassay (#) (S,L)	Flash Point (1010) (L,S)	Glycol Screening (Modified 8015) (S,L)	JP-4 and JP-8 (8015) (L)	Metals (6010,6020) (S,L)	Oxidizer (1040) (S)	Polychlorinated Biphenyls (8082) (S,L)	Hydrazine (8270) (S,L)	Organic Peroxide, Hydrogen Peroxide (L)	% Water (E203) (S,L)	pH (9040,9045) (S,L)	Specific Gravity (SM 2710F) - (S,L)	Semi-volatile Organic Compounds (8270) (S,L)	Metals for TCLP (#) (S,L)	Benzene for TCLP (#) (L)	Total Extractable Hydrocarbons (8015) (S.I.)	Total Dissolved Solids, Non- Hazardous Water (2540) (L)	Total Solids (2540) (L)	Total Suspended Solids, Non- Hazardous Water (2540) (L)	Total Organic Halides (9020) (L)	Volatile Organic Compounds (8260) (S,L)	Sample Frequency (AR = Annual)
	UNIVERSAL WASTE BATTERIES NICKEL-IRON (NI-IRON) BATTERIES										U	niversa	al Was	te									
EDX100	OB/OD MATERIAL										Cert	ified by	y their	SDS									
EDY172	SOIL C/W FIRE FIGHTING FOAM (SOLID)										Cert	ified by	y their	SDS									
EDY173	FIRE FIGHTING FOAM W/BUTYL CARBITOL OR DIETHYLENE					Х							Х	Х								Х	AR
EDY174	ABSORBENT C/W FIRE FIGHTING FOAM (SOLID)										Cert	ified by	y their	SDS									
EDY175	ABSORBENT PADS AND DEBRIS C/W LIQUID AFFF (BUTYL CARBITOL)										Cert	ified by	y their	SDS									
EDY643	SOLVENT - CLEANER LECTRACLEAN W/1,1,1TRICHLOROETHYALENE										Cert	ified by	y their	SDS									
EDY789	CHEMICAL - SILICA AND SILICA COMPOUNDS										Cert	ified by	y their	SDS									
	DETERGENT SOAP & SURFACTANTS W/ PHOSPHATES, ETHOXY										U	niversa	al Was	te									
EDY841	SOLVENT-CONTAINING FLUOROPROPANE COMPOUNDS										U	niversa	al Was	te									
EDY869	HYDRAULIC FLUID - CONTAINING TRIPHENYL PHOSPHATE MIX										U	nivers	al Was	te									

		Atta	chme	nt A-2	. Haz	zardo	us W	astest	ream	Samp	le an	d Ana	alysis	Parai	neter	's ^{a,b}						
		Analy	/sis F	Reque	sted (Test I	Vietho	od Nu	mber) (Tes	t Mat	rix (S	= So	lid, L :	= Liqu	uid))						
Profile No.	Description	Fish Bioassay (#) (S,L)	Flash Point (1010) (L,S)	Glycol Screening (Modified 8015) (S,L)	JP-4 and JP-8 (8015) (L)	Metals (6010,6020) (S,L)	Oxidizer (1040) (S)	Polychlorinated Biphenyls (8082) (S,L)	Hydrazine (8270) (S,L)	Organic Peroxide, Hydrogen Peroxide (L)	% Water (E203) (S,L)	pH (9040,9045) (S,L)	Specific Gravity (SM 2710F) - (S,L)	Semi-volatile Organic Compounds (8270) (S,L)	Metals for TCLP (#) (S,L)	Benzene for TCLP (#) (L)	Total Extractable Hydrocarbons (8015) (S,L)	Total Solids (2540) (L)	Total Suspended Solids, Non- Hazardous Water (2540) (L)	Total Organic Halides (9020) (L)	Volatile Organic Compounds (8260) (S,L)	Sample Frequency (AR = Annual)
EDY881	ACID DISTILLATION FILTER (SOLID CORROSIVE ACIDIC INORGANIC)							•			U	nivers	al Was	ste							•	
EDY881V1	ACID DISTILLATION FILTER (SOLID CORROSIVE ACIDIC INORGANIC)										U	nivers	al Was	ste								
EDY882	CAUSTIC DISTILLATION FILTER (CORROSIVE SOLID, BASIC)										Cert	ified b	y their	SDS								

a The profiles without the sample & analysis parameters and labeled as the following; aerosol cans, gas cylinders, universal waste, and products used for lab packing; do not require sampling as these can be classified based on their inherent waste characteristics.

b The profiles without the sample & analysis parameters labeled as 'Certified by their SDS: do not require sampling nor recertification for each turn-in as these can be characterized based on their characteristics as specified in their SDS.

^{* #} California Department Of Fish And Game, Static Acute Bioassay Procedures for Hazardous Waste Samples, Water Pollution Control Laboratory, November 1988, http://www.dtsc.ca.gov/HazardousWaste/upload/HWMP_bioassay_report.pdf. ## TCLP extraction per EPA method 1311 and analytical method determined by analyte(s) of concern.





THE LEADER IN ENVIRONMENTAL TESTING

ANALYTICAL REPORT

TestAmerica Laboratories, Inc.

TestAmerica Irvine 17461 Derian Ave Suite 100

Irvine, CA 92614-5817 Tel: (949)261-1022

TestAmerica Job ID: 440-138513-1 Client Project/Site: HWSF (Water)

For:

JT3 LLC 5 E Popson, Bldg 2650 A Edwards AFB, California 93524

Attn: Mr. Maung Thein

Ushi Patel

Authorized for release by: 3/8/2016 10:06:51 PM

Urvashi Patel, Manager of Project Management (949)261-1022

urvashi.patel@testamericainc.com

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The test results in this report meet all 2003 NELAC and 2009 TNI requirements for accredited parameters, exceptions are noted in this report. This report may not be reproduced except in full, and with written approval from the laboratory. For questions please contact the Project Manager at the e-mail address or telephone number listed on this page.

This report has been electronically signed and authorized by the signatory. Electronic signature is intended to be the legally binding equivalent of a traditionally handwritten signature.

Results relate only to the items tested and the sample(s) as received by the laboratory.

Client: JT3 LLC Project/Site: HWSF (Water) TestAmerica Job ID: 440-138513-1

Table of Contents

Cover Page	1
Table of Contents	2
Sample Summary	3
Case Narrative	4
Client Sample Results	5
Method Summary	8
Lab Chronicle	9
QC Sample Results	10
QC Association Summary	21
Definitions/Glossary	23
Certification Summary	24
Chain of Custody	25
Receipt Charklists	26

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9

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Sample Summary

Client: JT3 LLC

Project/Site: HWSF (Water)

TestAmerica Job ID: 440-138513-1

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Matrix	Collected	Received
440-138513-1	Propulsion water	Water	02/17/16 13:00	02/18/16 09:50

3

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9

4 4

12

Case Narrative

Client: JT3 LLC

Project/Site: HWSF (Water)

TestAmerica Job ID: 440-138513-1

Job ID: 440-138513-1

Laboratory: TestAmerica Irvine

Narrative

Job Narrative 440-138513-1

Comments

No additional comments.

Receipt

The sample was received on 2/18/2016 9:50 AM; the sample arrived in good condition, properly preserved and, where required, on ice. The temperature of the cooler at receipt was 3.3° C.

GC/MS VOA

No analytical or quality issues were noted, other than those described in the Definitions/Glossary page.

GC VOA

Method(s) 8015B: Surrogate recovery for the following sample was outside control limits: Propulsion water (440-138513-1). Evidence of matrix interference is present; therefore, re-extraction and/or re-analysis was not performed.

No additional analytical or quality issues were noted, other than those described above or in the Definitions/Glossary page.

GC Semi VOA

Method(s) 8015B: The following sample required a dilution due to the nature of the sample matrix: Propulsion water (440-138513-1). Because of this dilution, the surrogate spike concentration in the sample was reduced to a level where the recovery calculation does not provide useful information.

Method(s) 8015B: Insufficient sample volume was available to perform a matrix spike/matrix spike duplicate/sample duplicate (MS/MSD/DUP) associated with batch preparation batch 440-312413 and analytical batch 440-312722. The laboratory control sample (LCS) was performed in duplicate to provide precision data for this batch.(LCS 440-312413/2-A)

No additional analytical or quality issues were noted, other than those described above or in the Definitions/Glossary page.

Metals

Method(s) 6010B: The following samples was diluted due to the nature of the sample matrix: Propulsion water (440-138513-1) and (440-138509-D-1-A ^5). Elevated reporting limits (RLs) are provided. Samples appear to be yellow and orange with a thick oily top layer on the surface.

Method(s) 6010B: The continuing calibration blank (CCB) for analytical batch 440-313760 contained Antimony above the reporting limit (RL). All reported samples associated with this CCB were either ND for this analyte or contained this analyte at a concentration greater than 10X the value found in the CCB; therefore, re-analysis of samples was not performed. Propulsion water (440-138513-1)

No additional analytical or quality issues were noted, other than those described above or in the Definitions/Glossary page.

General Chemistry

No analytical or quality issues were noted, other than those described in the Definitions/Glossary page.

Organic Prep

Method(s) 3510C: Samples came in 500mL amber bottles. 2 bottles Propulsion water (440-138513-1) G & E were combined to make about 1000mL volume for extraction.

Method(s) 3510C: Due to the matrix, the following sample could not be concentrated to the final method required volume: Propulsion water (440-138513-1). The reporting limits (RLs) are elevated proportionately.

No additional analytical or quality issues were noted, other than those described above or in the Definitions/Glossary page.

VOA Prep

No analytical or quality issues were noted, other than those described in the Definitions/Glossary page.

TestAmerica Irvine 3/8/2016

Client Sample Results

Client: JT3 LLC

Project/Site: HWSF (Water)

TestAmerica Job ID: 440-138513-1

Lab Sample ID: 440-138513-1

Matrix: Water

Client Sample ID: Propulsion water

Date Collected: 02/17/16 13:00 Date Received: 02/18/16 09:50

Method: 8260B - Volatile Org								
Analyte	Result Quali		MDL		D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	50000	2500	-			02/24/16 22:36	10000
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	20000	2500	-			02/24/16 22:36	10000
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	20000	2500	-			02/24/16 22:36	10000
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	20000	2500	-			02/24/16 22:36	10000
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	20000	2500	-			02/24/16 22:36	10000
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	50000	2500	-			02/24/16 22:36	10000
1,1-Dichloropropene	ND	20000	2500	-			02/24/16 22:36	10000
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	ND	50000	4000	-			02/24/16 22:36	10000
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ND	100000	2500	-			02/24/16 22:36	10000
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	50000	4000	ug/L			02/24/16 22:36	10000
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	440000	20000	2500	ug/L			02/24/16 22:36	10000
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	ND	50000	5000	ug/L			02/24/16 22:36	10000
1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)	ND	20000	2500	ug/L			02/24/16 22:36	10000
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	20000	2500	ug/L			02/24/16 22:36	10000
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	20000	2500	ug/L			02/24/16 22:36	10000
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	20000	2500	ug/L			02/24/16 22:36	10000
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	130000	20000	2500	ug/L			02/24/16 22:36	10000
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	20000	2500	ug/L			02/24/16 22:36	10000
1,3-Dichloropropane	ND	20000	2500	ug/L			02/24/16 22:36	10000
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	20000	2500	ug/L			02/24/16 22:36	10000
2,2-Dichloropropane	ND	20000	4000	ug/L			02/24/16 22:36	10000
2-Butanone (MEK)	ND	100000	25000	ug/L			02/24/16 22:36	10000
2-Chlorotoluene	ND	50000	2500	ug/L			02/24/16 22:36	10000
4-Chlorotoluene	ND	50000	2500	-			02/24/16 22:36	10000
Benzene	ND	20000	2500	-			02/24/16 22:36	10000
Bromobenzene	ND	50000	2500	ug/L			02/24/16 22:36	10000
Bromochloromethane	ND	50000	2500	-			02/24/16 22:36	10000
Bromodichloromethane	ND	20000	2500	ug/L			02/24/16 22:36	10000
Bromoform	ND	50000	4000	-			02/24/16 22:36	10000
Bromomethane	ND	50000	2500	-			02/24/16 22:36	10000
Carbon tetrachloride	ND	50000	2500	-			02/24/16 22:36	10000
Chlorobenzene	ND	20000	2500	-			02/24/16 22:36	10000
Chloroethane	ND	50000	4000	-			02/24/16 22:36	10000
Chloroform	ND	20000	2500	-			02/24/16 22:36	10000
Chloromethane	ND	50000	2500				02/24/16 22:36	10000
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	20000	2500				02/24/16 22:36	10000
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	20000	2500	-			02/24/16 22:36	10000
Dibromochloromethane	ND	20000	2500				02/24/16 22:36	10000
Dibromomethane	ND	20000	2500	-			02/24/16 22:36	10000
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND	50000	2500				02/24/16 22:36	10000
Ethylbenzene	53000	20000	2500				02/24/16 22:36	10000
Hexachlorobutadiene	ND	50000	2500	-			02/24/16 22:36	10000
sopropylbenzene	24000	20000	2500	•			02/24/16 22:36	10000
m,p-Xylene	210000	20000	5000	-			02/24/16 22:36	10000
Methylene Chloride	210000 ND	50000	11000	_			02/24/16 22:36	10000
		50000	4000				02/24/16 22:36	10000
Naphthalene n Butulbanzana	64000			-				
n-Butylbenzene	78000	50000	4000				02/24/16 22:36	10000
N-Propylbenzene o-Xylene	72000 110000	20000 20000	2500 2500	-			02/24/16 22:36 02/24/16 22:36	10000

TestAmerica Irvine

3/8/2016

Page 5 of 26

2

6

8

10

4-Bromofluorobenzene (Surr)

TestAmerica Job ID: 440-138513-1

Client Sample ID: Propulsion water

Date Collected: 02/17/16 13:00 Date Received: 02/18/16 09:50 Lab Sample ID: 440-138513-1

Matrix: Water

02/27/16 03:58 100000

Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
p-Isopropyltoluene	41000		20000	2500	ug/L			02/24/16 22:36	10000
sec-Butylbenzene	34000	J	50000	2500	ug/L			02/24/16 22:36	10000
Styrene	ND		20000	2500	ug/L			02/24/16 22:36	10000
tert-Butylbenzene	ND		50000	2500	ug/L			02/24/16 22:36	10000
Tetrachloroethene	ND		20000	2500	ug/L			02/24/16 22:36	10000
Toluene	40000		20000	2500	ug/L			02/24/16 22:36	10000
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND		20000	2500	ug/L			02/24/16 22:36	10000
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND		20000	2500	ug/L			02/24/16 22:36	10000
Trichloroethene	ND		20000	2500	ug/L			02/24/16 22:36	10000
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND		50000	2500	ug/L			02/24/16 22:36	10000
Vinyl chloride	ND		50000	2500	ug/L			02/24/16 22:36	10000
Surrogate	%Recovery	Qualifier	Limits				Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
4-Bromofluorobenzene (Surr)	101		80 - 120					02/24/16 22:36	10000
Dibromofluoromethane (Surr)	100		76 - 132					02/24/16 22:36	10000
Toluene-d8 (Surr)	105		80 - 128					02/24/16 22:36	10000
Method: 8015B - Gasoline	Range Organio	s - (GC)							
Analyte		Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
GRO (C4-C12)	87000000	-	5000000	2500000	ug/L			02/27/16 03:58	100000
Surrogate	%Recovery	Qualifier	Limits				Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac

Method: 8015B - Diese	l Range Organics (DRO) (GC)						
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
DRO (C10-C28)	1100		110	22	mg/L		02/19/16 16:48	02/22/16 11:49	100
EFH (C10-C40)	1100		110	22	mg/L		02/19/16 16:48	02/22/16 11:49	100
ORO (C29-C40)	65	J	110	22	mg/L		02/19/16 16:48	02/22/16 11:49	100
Surrogate	%Recovery	Qualifier	Limits				Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
n-Octacosane	1782	X	45 - 120				02/19/16 16:48	02/22/16 11:49	100

65 - 140

145 X

Analyte	Result Qu	ualifier RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Antimony	ND	0.050	0.030	mg/L		02/22/16 09:49	02/25/16 18:00	5
Arsenic	ND	0.050	0.025	mg/L		02/22/16 09:49	02/25/16 18:00	5
Barium	0.13	0.050	0.025	mg/L		02/22/16 09:49	02/25/16 18:00	5
Beryllium	ND	0.010	0.0050	mg/L		02/22/16 09:49	02/25/16 18:00	5
Cadmium	0.045	0.025	0.010	mg/L		02/22/16 09:49	02/25/16 18:00	5
Chromium	0.058	0.025	0.013	mg/L		02/22/16 09:49	02/25/16 18:00	5
Cobalt	0.021 J	0.050	0.013	mg/L		02/22/16 09:49	02/25/16 18:00	5
Copper	0.34	0.050	0.025	mg/L		02/22/16 09:49	02/25/16 18:00	5
Lead	0.13	0.025	0.013	mg/L		02/22/16 09:49	02/25/16 18:00	5
Molybdenum	0.093 J	0.10	0.050	mg/L		02/22/16 09:49	02/25/16 18:00	5
Nickel	0.077	0.050	0.025	mg/L		02/22/16 09:49	02/25/16 18:00	5
Selenium	ND	0.050	0.031	mg/L		02/22/16 09:49	02/25/16 18:00	5
Thallium	ND	0.050	0.025	mg/L		02/22/16 09:49	02/25/16 18:00	5
Vanadium	ND	0.050	0.025	mg/L		02/22/16 09:49	02/25/16 18:00	5
Zinc	2.5	0.10	0.050	mg/L		02/22/16 09:49	02/25/16 18:00	5
Silver	ND	0.050	0.025	mg/L		02/22/16 09:49	02/25/16 18:00	5

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Client Sample Results

Client: JT3 LLC

Project/Site: HWSF (Water)

TestAmerica Job ID: 440-138513-1

Method: 7470A - Mercury (Analyte	•	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Mercury	ND		0.0010	0.00050	mg/L		03/01/16 11:42	03/01/16 18:59	1
General Chemistry									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Turbidity	34000		400	160	NTU			02/19/16 11:24	4000
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	RL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Flashpoint	127		72.0	72.0	Degrees F			02/21/16 15:57	1
Н	7.05	HF	0.100	0.100	SU			02/19/16 12:41	1

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Method Summary

Client: JT3 LLC

Project/Site: HWSF (Water)

TestAmerica Job ID: 440-138513-1

Method	Method Description	Protocol	Laboratory
8260B	Volatile Organic Compounds (GC/MS)	SW846	TAL IRV
8015B	Gasoline Range Organics - (GC)	SW846	TAL IRV
8015B	Diesel Range Organics (DRO) (GC)	SW846	TAL IRV
6010B	Metals (ICP)	SW846	TAL IRV
7470A	Mercury (CVAA)	SW846	TAL IRV
1010	Ignitability, Pensky-Martens Closed-Cup Method	SW846	TAL IRV
9040B	рН	SW846	TAL IRV
SM 2130B	Turbidity	SM	TAL IRV

Protocol References:

SM = "Standard Methods For The Examination Of Water And Wastewater",

SW846 = "Test Methods For Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods", Third Edition, November 1986 And Its Updates.

Laboratory References:

TAL IRV = TestAmerica Irvine, 17461 Derian Ave, Suite 100, Irvine, CA 92614-5817, TEL (949)261-1022

Lab Chronicle

Client: JT3 LLC

Project/Site: HWSF (Water)

Date Received: 02/18/16 09:50

TestAmerica Job ID: 440-138513-1

Lab Sample ID: 440-138513-1

Matrix: Water

Client Sample ID: Propulsion water

Lab Sam

Date Collected: 02/17/16 13:00

Dil Initial Batch Batch **Batch** Final Prepared Method **Prep Type** Type Run **Factor** Amount **Amount** Number or Analyzed Analyst Lab Total/NA Analysis 8260B 10000 10 mL 10 mL 313425 02/24/16 22:36 AA TAL IRV Total/NA 8015B 100000 10 mL 313891 02/27/16 03:58 JB Analysis 10 mL TAL IRV Total/NA 3510C 900 mL 2 mL 312413 02/19/16 16:48 QCT TAL IRV Prep Total/NA 100 900 mL 02/22/16 11:49 CN TAL IRV Analysis 8015B 2 mL 312723 Total Recoverable 25 mL 02/22/16 09:49 K1E TAL IRV Prep 3005A 25 mL 312730 Total Recoverable Analysis 6010B 5 25 mL 25 mL 313760 02/25/16 18:00 TK TAL IRV Total/NA 7470A 4 mL 20 mL 314320 03/01/16 11:42 DB TAL IRV Prep Total/NA Analysis 7470A 1 4 mL 20 mL 314994 03/01/16 18:59 DB TAL IRV Total/NA Analysis 1010 312644 02/21/16 15:57 KDP TAL IRV 1 Total/NA 9040B 50 mL 312370 02/19/16 12:41 ST TAL IRV Analysis 1 Total/NA Analysis SM 2130B 4000 20 mL 312386 02/19/16 11:24 AMH TAL IRV

Laboratory References:

TAL IRV = TestAmerica Irvine, 17461 Derian Ave, Suite 100, Irvine, CA 92614-5817, TEL (949)261-1022

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Client: JT3 LLC Project/Site: HWSF (Water)

Method: 8260B - Volatile Organic Compounds (GC/MS)

Lab Sample ID: MB 440-313425/4

Matrix: Water

Client Sample ID: Method Blank **Prep Type: Total/NA**

Analysis Batch: 313425	MB	MB							
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND		5.0	0.25	ug/L			02/24/16 18:54	1
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND		2.0	0.25	ug/L			02/24/16 18:54	1
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND		2.0	0.25	ug/L			02/24/16 18:54	1
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND		2.0	0.25	ug/L			02/24/16 18:54	1
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND		2.0	0.25	ug/L			02/24/16 18:54	1
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND		5.0	0.25	ug/L			02/24/16 18:54	1
1,1-Dichloropropene	ND		2.0	0.25	ug/L			02/24/16 18:54	1
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	ND		5.0	0.40	ug/L			02/24/16 18:54	1
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ND		10	0.25	ug/L			02/24/16 18:54	1
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND		5.0	0.40	ug/L			02/24/16 18:54	1
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ND		2.0	0.25	ug/L			02/24/16 18:54	1
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	ND		5.0	0.50	ug/L			02/24/16 18:54	1
1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)	ND		2.0	0.25	ug/L			02/24/16 18:54	1
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND		2.0	0.25	ug/L			02/24/16 18:54	1
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND		2.0	0.25	ug/L			02/24/16 18:54	1
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND		2.0	0.25	ug/L			02/24/16 18:54	1
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ND		2.0	0.25	ug/L			02/24/16 18:54	1
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND		2.0	0.25	ug/L			02/24/16 18:54	1
1,3-Dichloropropane	ND		2.0	0.25	ug/L			02/24/16 18:54	1
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND		2.0	0.25	ug/L			02/24/16 18:54	1
2,2-Dichloropropane	ND		2.0	0.40	-			02/24/16 18:54	1
2-Butanone (MEK)	ND		10	2.5	ug/L			02/24/16 18:54	1
2-Chlorotoluene	ND		5.0	0.25	-			02/24/16 18:54	1
4-Chlorotoluene	ND		5.0	0.25	-			02/24/16 18:54	1
Benzene	ND		2.0	0.25	-			02/24/16 18:54	1
Bromobenzene	ND		5.0	0.25	-			02/24/16 18:54	1
Bromochloromethane	ND		5.0	0.25	-			02/24/16 18:54	1
Bromodichloromethane	ND		2.0	0.25	-			02/24/16 18:54	1
Bromoform	ND		5.0	0.40	-			02/24/16 18:54	1
Bromomethane	ND		5.0	0.25	-			02/24/16 18:54	1
Carbon tetrachloride	ND		5.0	0.25	-			02/24/16 18:54	1
Chlorobenzene	ND		2.0	0.25				02/24/16 18:54	1
Chloroethane	ND		5.0	0.40	-			02/24/16 18:54	1
Chloroform	ND		2.0	0.25				02/24/16 18:54	1
Chloromethane	ND		5.0	0.25	-			02/24/16 18:54	1
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND		2.0		ug/L			02/24/16 18:54	1
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND		2.0		ug/L			02/24/16 18:54	1
Dibromochloromethane	ND		2.0		ug/L			02/24/16 18:54	1
Dibromomethane	ND		2.0		ug/L			02/24/16 18:54	1
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND		5.0		ug/L			02/24/16 18:54	1
Ethylbenzene	ND		2.0	0.25	-			02/24/16 18:54	1
Hexachlorobutadiene	ND		5.0		ug/L			02/24/16 18:54	1
Isopropylbenzene	ND		2.0		ug/L			02/24/16 18:54	1
m,p-Xylene	ND		2.0	0.50				02/24/16 18:54	1
Methylene Chloride	ND		5.0		ug/L			02/24/16 18:54	1
Naphthalene	ND		5.0		ug/L			02/24/16 18:54	
n-Butylbenzene	ND		5.0		ug/L			02/24/16 18:54	1
N-Propylbenzene	ND		2.0		ug/L			02/24/16 18:54	1

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Page 10 of 26

3/8/2016

Client: JT3 LLC Project/Site: HWSF (Water)

Project/Site: HWSF (Water)

Method: 8260B - Volatile Organic Compounds (GC/MS) (Continued)

Lab Sample ID: MB 440-313425/4

Matrix: Water

Analysis Batch: 313425

Client Sample ID: Method Blank Prep Type: Total/NA

MB MB Analyte Result Qualifier RL **MDL** Unit Dil Fac D **Prepared** Analyzed o-Xylene $\overline{\mathsf{ND}}$ 2.0 0.25 ug/L 02/24/16 18:54 p-Isopropyltoluene ND 2.0 0.25 ug/L 02/24/16 18:54 sec-Butylbenzene ND 5.0 0.25 ug/L 02/24/16 18:54 Styrene ND 2.0 0.25 ug/L 02/24/16 18:54 tert-Butylbenzene ND 5.0 0.25 ug/L 02/24/16 18:54 Tetrachloroethene ND 2.0 0.25 ug/L 02/24/16 18:54 Toluene ND 2.0 0.25 ug/L 02/24/16 18:54 trans-1,2-Dichloroethene ND 2.0 0.25 ug/L 02/24/16 18:54 ND trans-1,3-Dichloropropene 2.0 0.25 ug/L 02/24/16 18:54 Trichloroethene ND 2.0 0.25 ug/L 02/24/16 18:54 Trichlorofluoromethane ND 5.0 0.25 ug/L 02/24/16 18:54 Vinyl chloride ND 5.0 0.25 ug/L 02/24/16 18:54

MB MB

Surrogate	%Recovery Qualifier	Limits	Prepared Analyzed	Dil Fac
I-Bromofluorobenzene (Surr)	100	80 - 120	02/24/16 18:54	1
Dibromofluoromethane (Surr)	102	76 - 132	02/24/16 18:54	1
Foluene-d8 (Surr)	107	80 - 128	02/24/16 18:54	1

Lab Sample ID: LCS 440-313425/5

Matrix: Water

Analysis Batch: 313425

Client Sample ID: Lab Control Sample Prep Type: Total/NA

Analyte Added Result Qualifie 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane 25.0 26.3 1,1,1-Trichloroethane 25.0 27.8 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane 25.0 26.0 1,1,2-Trichloroethane 25.0 25.4 1,1-Dichloroethane 25.0 25.5 1,1-Dichloropthane 25.0 26.4 1,1-Dichloropropene 25.0 27.1 1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene 25.0 26.9 1,2,3-Trichloropropane 25.0 26.7 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene 25.0 27.4 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 25.0 27.8 1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane 25.0 27.6	r Unit ug/L	- D %Rec	Limits
1,1,1-Trichloroethane 25.0 27.8 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane 25.0 26.0 1,1,2-Trichloroethane 25.0 25.4 1,1-Dichloroethane 25.0 25.5 1,1-Dichloroethene 25.0 26.4 1,1-Dichloropropene 25.0 27.1 1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene 25.0 26.9 1,2,3-Trichloropropane 25.0 26.7 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene 25.0 27.4 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 25.0 27.8	ug/L		
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane 25.0 26.0 1,1,2-Trichloroethane 25.0 25.4 1,1-Dichloroethane 25.0 25.5 1,1-Dichloroethene 25.0 26.4 1,1-Dichloropropene 25.0 27.1 1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene 25.0 26.9 1,2,3-Trichloropropane 25.0 26.7 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene 25.0 27.4 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 25.0 27.8		.50	60 - 141
1,1,2-Trichloroethane 25.0 25.4 1,1-Dichloroethane 25.0 25.5 1,1-Dichloroethene 25.0 26.4 1,1-Dichloropropene 25.0 27.1 1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene 25.0 26.9 1,2,3-Trichloropropane 25.0 26.7 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene 25.0 27.4 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 25.0 27.8	ug/L	111	70 - 130
1,1-Dichloroethane 25.0 25.5 1,1-Dichloroethene 25.0 26.4 1,1-Dichloropropene 25.0 27.1 1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene 25.0 26.9 1,2,3-Trichloropropane 25.0 26.7 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene 25.0 27.4 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 25.0 27.8	ug/L	104	63 - 130
1,1-Dichloroethene 25.0 26.4 1,1-Dichloropropene 25.0 27.1 1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene 25.0 26.9 1,2,3-Trichloropropane 25.0 26.7 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene 25.0 27.4 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 25.0 27.8	ug/L	101	70 - 130
1,1-Dichloropropene 25.0 27.1 1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene 25.0 26.9 1,2,3-Trichloropropane 25.0 26.7 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene 25.0 27.4 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 25.0 27.8	ug/L	102	64 - 130
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene 25.0 26.9 1,2,3-Trichloropropane 25.0 26.7 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene 25.0 27.4 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 25.0 27.8	ug/L	106	70 - 130
1,2,3-Trichloropropane 25.0 26.7 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene 25.0 27.4 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 25.0 27.8	ug/L	108	70 - 130
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene 25.0 27.4 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 25.0 27.8	ug/L	108	60 - 140
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 25.0 27.8	ug/L	107	63 - 130
	ug/L	110	60 - 140
1.2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane 25.0 27.6	ug/L	111	70 - 135
1,2 2.5.5 2 2.1.5	ug/L	110	52 - 140
1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB) 25.0 27.0	ug/L	108	70 - 130
1,2-Dichlorobenzene 25.0 26.6	ug/L	106	70 - 130
1,2-Dichloroethane 25.0 28.2	ug/L	113	57 - 138
1,2-Dichloropropane 25.0 26.4	ug/L	106	67 - 130
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene 25.0 28.1	ug/L	112	70 - 136
1,3-Dichlorobenzene 25.0 26.0	ug/L	104	70 - 130
1,3-Dichloropropane 25.0 25.7	ug/L	103	70 - 130
1,4-Dichlorobenzene 25.0 25.7	ug/L	103	70 - 130
2,2-Dichloropropane 25.0 28.7	ug/L	115	68 - 141
2-Butanone (MEK) 31.3 34.3	ug/L	110	44 - 150
2-Chlorotoluene 25.0 26.9	ug/L	108	70 - 130
4-Chlorotoluene 25.0 27.3	ug/L	109	70 - 130
Benzene 25.0 26.1	ug/L		

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Page 11 of 26

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Client: JT3 LLC Project/Site: HWSF (Water)

Method: 8260B - Volatile Organic Compounds (GC/MS) (Continued)

Lab Sample ID: LCS 440-313425/5

Matrix: Water

Analysis Batch: 313425

Client Sample ID: Lab Control Sample Prep Type: Total/NA

Analysis Batch. 010420	Spike	LCS	LCS				%Rec.
Analyte	Added	Result	Qualifier	Unit	D	%Rec	Limits
Bromobenzene	25.0	27.0		ug/L		108	70 - 130
Bromochloromethane	25.0	26.3		ug/L		105	70 - 130
Bromodichloromethane	25.0	27.4		ug/L		109	70 - 132
Bromoform	25.0	29.8		ug/L		119	60 - 148
Bromomethane	25.0	27.3		ug/L		109	64 - 139
Carbon tetrachloride	25.0	29.2		ug/L		117	60 - 150
Chlorobenzene	25.0	24.5		ug/L		98	70 - 130
Chloroethane	25.0	25.9		ug/L		104	64 - 135
Chloroform	25.0	26.9		ug/L		107	70 - 130
Chloromethane	25.0	26.4		ug/L		106	47 - 140
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	25.0	26.6		ug/L		106	70 - 133
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	25.0	27.4		ug/L		110	70 - 133
Dibromochloromethane	25.0	27.3		ug/L		109	69 - 145
Dibromomethane	25.0	26.9		ug/L		108	70 - 130
Dichlorodifluoromethane	25.0	26.6		ug/L		106	29 - 150
Ethylbenzene	25.0	26.2		ug/L		105	70 - 130
Hexachlorobutadiene	25.0	27.0		ug/L		108	10 - 150
Isopropylbenzene	25.0	27.5		ug/L		110	70 - 136
m,p-Xylene	25.0	27.0		ug/L		108	70 - 130
Methylene Chloride	25.0	25.9		ug/L		103	52 - 130

25.0

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25.0

25.0

27.3

28.8

27.9

27.8

28.1

27.7

28.0

28.1

26.4

26.1

27.5

27.9

26.6

28.3

26.5

ug/L

109

115

112

111

112

111

112

112

105

104

110

112

106

113

106

60 - 140

65 - 150

67 - 139

70 - 130

70 - 132

70 - 138

70 - 134

70 - 130

70 - 130

70 - 130

70 - 130

70 - 132

70 - 130

60 - 150

59 - 133

Client Sample ID: Matrix Spike

	LCS	LCS	
Surrogate	%Recovery	Qualifier	Limits
4-Bromofluorobenzene (Surr)	101		80 - 120
Dibromofluoromethane (Surr)	105		76 - 132
Toluene-d8 (Surr)	100		80 - 128

Lab Sample ID: 440-138807-A-1 MS

Matrix: Water

Naphthalene

o-Xylene

Styrene

Toluene

n-Butylbenzene

N-Propylbenzene

p-Isopropyltoluene

sec-Butylbenzene

tert-Butylbenzene

Tetrachloroethene

Trichloroethene

Vinyl chloride

trans-1,2-Dichloroethene

Trichlorofluoromethane

trans-1,3-Dichloropropene

Analysis Batch: 313425

	Sample	Sample	Spike	MS	MS				%Rec.	
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	Added	Result	Qualifier	Unit	D	%Rec	Limits	
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND		25.0	26.6		ug/L		106	60 - 149	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND		25.0	29.0		ug/L		116	70 - 130	

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Prep Type: Total/NA

QC Sample Results

TestAmerica Job ID: 440-138513-1

Client: JT3 LLC Project/Site: HWSF (Water)

Method: 8260B - Volatile Organic Compounds (GC/MS) (Continued)

Lab Sample ID: 440-138807-A-1 MS Matrix: Water

Client	Sam	ple	ID:	Mat	rix	Sp	oik	е
	F	rep	Ty	pe:	To	tal	/N	Α

Analysis Batch: 313425									Prep Type. Tot
-		Sample	Spike	MS	MS				%Rec.
Analyte		Qualifier	Added		Qualifier	Unit	D	%Rec	Limits
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND		25.0	26.6		ug/L		106	63 - 130
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND		25.0	25.9		ug/L		104	70 - 130
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND		25.0	26.0		ug/L		104	65 - 130
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND		25.0	27.1		ug/L		108	70 - 130
1,1-Dichloropropene	ND		25.0	28.4		ug/L		114	64 - 130
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	ND		25.0	28.0		ug/L		112	60 - 140
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ND		25.0	26.7		ug/L		107	60 - 130
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND		25.0	28.6		ug/L		115	60 - 140
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ND		25.0	28.6		ug/L		114	70 - 130
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	ND		25.0	27.5		ug/L		110	48 - 140
1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)	ND		25.0	27.4		ug/L		110	70 - 131
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND		25.0	27.0		ug/L		108	70 - 130
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND		25.0	28.0		ug/L		112	56 ₋ 146
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND		25.0	26.5		ug/L		106	69 - 130
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ND		25.0	28.8		ug/L		115	70 - 130
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND		25.0	26.8		ug/L		107	70 - 130
1,3-Dichloropropane	ND		25.0	26.0		ug/L		104	70 - 130
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND		25.0	26.8		ug/L		107	70 - 130
2,2-Dichloropropane	ND		25.0	30.0		ug/L		120	69 - 138
2-Butanone (MEK)	ND		31.3	33.6		ug/L		107	48 - 140
2-Chlorotoluene	ND		25.0	27.0		ug/L		108	70 - 130
4-Chlorotoluene	ND		25.0	27.5		ug/L		110	70 - 130 70 - 130
Benzene	ND		25.0	26.5		ug/L		106	66 - 130
Bromobenzene	ND		25.0	27.1		ug/L		108	70 ₋ 130
Bromochloromethane	ND ND		25.0	26.5				106	70 - 130 70 - 130
Bromodichloromethane	ND		25.0	20.5		ug/L		111	70 - 138
Bromoform	ND ND		25.0 25.0	30.1		ug/L		120	70 - 138 59 - 150
Bromomethane	ND ND					ug/L			
			25.0	27.6		ug/L		110	62 - 131
Carbon tetrachloride	ND		25.0	29.8		ug/L		119	60 ₋ 150
Chlorobenzene	ND		25.0	24.8		ug/L		99	70 - 130
Chloroethane	ND		25.0	26.4		ug/L		106	68 - 130
Chloroform	ND		25.0	27.4		ug/L		110	70 ₋ 130
Chloromethane	ND		25.0	27.0		ug/L		108	39 - 144
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND		25.0	27.3		ug/L		109	70 - 130
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND		25.0	27.6		ug/L		110	70 - 133
Dibromochloromethane	ND		25.0	27.5		ug/L		110	70 - 148
Dibromomethane	ND		25.0	27.0		ug/L		108	70 - 130
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND		25.0	27.8		ug/L		111	25 - 142
Ethylbenzene	ND		25.0	26.7		ug/L		107	70 - 130
Hexachlorobutadiene	ND		25.0	27.9		ug/L		112	10 - 150
Isopropylbenzene	ND		25.0	28.2		ug/L		113	70 - 132
m,p-Xylene	ND		25.0	27.8		ug/L		111	70 - 133
Methylene Chloride	ND		25.0	26.1		ug/L		104	52 - 130
Naphthalene	ND		25.0	28.4		ug/L		113	60 - 140
n-Butylbenzene	ND		25.0	29.9		ug/L		119	61 - 149
N-Propylbenzene	ND		25.0	28.9		ug/L		116	66 - 135
o-Xylene	ND		25.0	27.7		ug/L		111	70 - 133
p-Isopropyltoluene	ND		25.0	29.0		ug/L		116	70 - 130

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Client: JT3 LLC Project/Site: HWSF (Water)

Method: 8260B - Volatile Organic Compounds (GC/MS) (Continued)

Lab Sample ID: 440-138807-A-1 MS

Matrix: Water

Analysis Batch: 313425

Client Sample ID: Matrix Spike **Prep Type: Total/NA**

	Sample	Sample	Spike	MS	MS				%Rec.	
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	Added	Result	Qualifier	Unit	D	%Rec	Limits	
sec-Butylbenzene	ND		25.0	28.5		ug/L		114	67 - 134	
Styrene	ND		25.0	28.4		ug/L		114	29 - 150	
tert-Butylbenzene	ND		25.0	28.6		ug/L		115	70 - 130	
Tetrachloroethene	ND		25.0	27.2		ug/L		109	70 - 137	
Toluene	ND		25.0	26.4		ug/L		106	70 - 130	
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND		25.0	28.2		ug/L		113	70 - 130	
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND		25.0	28.0		ug/L		112	70 - 138	
Trichloroethene	ND		25.0	27.0		ug/L		108	70 - 130	
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND		25.0	29.0		ug/L		116	60 - 150	
Vinyl chloride	ND		25.0	26.7		ug/L		107	50 - 137	
	***	140								

Limits

MS MS %Recovery Qualifier 99

4-Bromofluorobenzene (Surr) 80 - 120 Dibromofluoromethane (Surr) 76 - 132 103 Toluene-d8 (Surr) 99 80 - 128

> **Client Sample ID: Matrix Spike Duplicate Prep Type: Total/NA**

Lab Sample ID: 440-138807-A-1 MSD

Matrix: Water

Surrogate

Analysis Batch: 313425

Analysis Batch: 313425	Sample	Sample	Spike	MSD	MSD				%Rec.		RPD
Analyte	•	Qualifier	Added		Qualifier	Unit	D	%Rec	Limits	RPD	Limit
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND		25.0	26.7		ug/L		107	60 - 149		20
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND		25.0	28.2		ug/L		113	70 - 130	3	20
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND		25.0	26.8		ug/L		107	63 - 130	1	30
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND		25.0	26.1		ug/L		104	70 - 130	0	25
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND		25.0	26.0		ug/L		104	65 - 130	0	20
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND		25.0	26.9		ug/L		108	70 - 130	1	20
1,1-Dichloropropene	ND		25.0	28.1		ug/L		113	64 - 130	1	20
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	ND		25.0	28.1		ug/L		112	60 - 140	0	20
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ND		25.0	26.6		ug/L		107	60 - 130	0	30
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND		25.0	29.0		ug/L		116	60 - 140	1	20
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ND		25.0	28.5		ug/L		114	70 - 130	0	25
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	ND		25.0	27.4		ug/L		109	48 - 140	0	30
1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)	ND		25.0	27.7		ug/L		111	70 - 131	1	25
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND		25.0	26.9		ug/L		108	70 - 130	0	20
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND		25.0	28.2		ug/L		113	56 - 146	1	20
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND		25.0	26.4		ug/L		106	69 - 130	0	20
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ND		25.0	29.3		ug/L		117	70 - 130	2	20
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND		25.0	26.8		ug/L		107	70 - 130	0	20
1,3-Dichloropropane	ND		25.0	26.6		ug/L		106	70 - 130	2	25
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND		25.0	27.1		ug/L		108	70 - 130	1	20
2,2-Dichloropropane	ND		25.0	29.5		ug/L		118	69 - 138	2	25
2-Butanone (MEK)	ND		31.3	33.7		ug/L		108	48 - 140	0	40
2-Chlorotoluene	ND		25.0	27.5		ug/L		110	70 - 130	2	20
4-Chlorotoluene	ND		25.0	28.0		ug/L		112	70 - 130	2	20
Benzene	ND		25.0	26.7		ug/L		107	66 - 130	1	20
Bromobenzene	ND		25.0	27.3		ug/L		109	70 - 130	1	20
Bromochloromethane	ND		25.0	26.8		ug/L		107	70 - 130	1	25

TestAmerica Irvine

Page 14 of 26

3/8/2016

Client: JT3 LLC

Project/Site: HWSF (Water)

Method: 8260B - Volatile Organic Compounds (GC/MS) (Continued)

Lab Sample ID: 440-138807-A-1 MSD

Matrix: Water

Analysis Batch: 313425

Client Sample ID: Matrix Spike Duplicate

Prep Type: Total/NA

•	Sample	Sample	Spike	MSD	MSD				%Rec.		RPD
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	Added	Result	Qualifier	Unit	D	%Rec	Limits	RPD	Limit
Bromodichloromethane	ND		25.0	27.7		ug/L		111	70 - 138	0	20
Bromoform	ND		25.0	29.7		ug/L		119	59 - 150	1	25
Bromomethane	ND		25.0	27.7		ug/L		111	62 - 131	0	25
Carbon tetrachloride	ND		25.0	29.5		ug/L		118	60 - 150	1	25
Chlorobenzene	ND		25.0	25.1		ug/L		100	70 - 130	1	20
Chloroethane	ND		25.0	26.5		ug/L		106	68 - 130	1	25
Chloroform	ND		25.0	27.2		ug/L		109	70 - 130	1	20
Chloromethane	ND		25.0	26.4		ug/L		106	39 - 144	2	25
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND		25.0	27.3		ug/L		109	70 - 130	0	20
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND		25.0	28.0		ug/L		112	70 - 133	2	20
Dibromochloromethane	ND		25.0	28.1		ug/L		112	70 - 148	2	25
Dibromomethane	ND		25.0	26.9		ug/L		108	70 - 130	0	25
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND		25.0	27.3		ug/L		109	25 - 142	2	30
Ethylbenzene	ND		25.0	27.0		ug/L		108	70 - 130	1	20
Hexachlorobutadiene	ND		25.0	27.8		ug/L		111	10 - 150	0	20
Isopropylbenzene	ND		25.0	28.4		ug/L		114	70 - 132	1	20
m,p-Xylene	ND		25.0	28.0		ug/L		112	70 - 133	1	25
Methylene Chloride	ND		25.0	25.7		ug/L		103	52 - 130	1	20
Naphthalene	ND		25.0	28.4		ug/L		114	60 - 140	0	30
n-Butylbenzene	ND		25.0	30.0		ug/L		120	61 - 149	1	20
N-Propylbenzene	ND		25.0	29.4		ug/L		118	66 - 135	2	20
o-Xylene	ND		25.0	28.0		ug/L		112	70 - 133	1	20
p-Isopropyltoluene	ND		25.0	29.0		ug/L		116	70 - 130	0	20
sec-Butylbenzene	ND		25.0	28.7		ug/L		115	67 - 134	1	20
Styrene	ND		25.0	28.6		ug/L		114	29 - 150	1	35
tert-Butylbenzene	ND		25.0	29.2		ug/L		117	70 - 130	2	20
Tetrachloroethene	ND		25.0	27.1		ug/L		108	70 - 137	0	20
Toluene	ND		25.0	26.7		ug/L		107	70 - 130	1	20
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND		25.0	28.2		ug/L		113	70 - 130	0	20
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND		25.0	28.9		ug/L		115	70 - 138	3	25
Trichloroethene	ND		25.0	27.5		ug/L		110	70 - 130	2	20
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND		25.0	28.4		ug/L		114	60 - 150	2	25
Vinyl chloride	ND		25.0	26.7		ug/L		107	50 - 137	0	30

MSD MSD %Recovery Qualifier Surrogate Limits 4-Bromofluorobenzene (Surr) 101 80 - 120 Dibromofluoromethane (Surr) 101 76 - 132 Toluene-d8 (Surr) 101 80 - 128

Method: 8015B - Gasoline Range Organics - (GC)

Lab Sample ID: MB 440-313891/13

Matrix: Water

Analysis Batch: 313891

мв мв

Analyte RL MDL Unit Result Qualifier D Prepared Analyzed Dil Fac GRO (C4-C12) ND 50 25 ug/L 02/26/16 13:55

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Prep Type: Total/NA

Client Sample ID: Method Blank

Client Sample ID: Method Blank

Client Sample ID: Lab Control Sample

Client Sample ID: Matrix Spike

Client Sample ID: Matrix Spike Duplicate

Prep Type: Total/NA

Prep Type: Total/NA

Prep Type: Total/NA

Prep Type: Total/NA

Client: JT3 LLC Project/Site: HWSF (Water)

Method: 8015B - Gasoline Range Organics - (GC) (Continued)

Lab Sample ID: MB 440-313891/13

Matrix: Water

Analysis Batch: 313891

MB MB

%Recovery Qualifier Surrogate Limits Dil Fac Prepared Analyzed 4-Bromofluorobenzene (Surr) 65 - 140 02/26/16 13:55 92

Lab Sample ID: LCS 440-313891/12

Matrix: Water

Analysis Batch: 313891

Spike LCS LCS %Rec. Added Analyte Result Qualifier Unit D %Rec Limits GRO (C4-C12) 800 780 ug/L 98 80 - 120

LCS LCS

Surrogate %Recovery Qualifier Limits 4-Bromofluorobenzene (Surr) 65 - 140 96

Lab Sample ID: 440-139211-E-1 MS

Matrix: Water

Analysis Batch: 313891

Sample Sample Spike MS MS %Rec. Result Qualifier Added Result Qualifier %Rec Limits Analyte Unit GRO (C4-C12) 54 800 86 65 - 140 738 ug/L

MS MS

Surrogate %Recovery Qualifier Limits 89 65 - 140 4-Bromofluorobenzene (Surr)

Lab Sample ID: 440-139211-E-1 MSD

Matrix: Water

Analysis Batch: 313891

MSD MSD %Rec. **RPD** Sample Sample Spike Analyte Result Qualifier Added Result Qualifier Unit %Rec Limits RPD Limit GRO (C4-C12) 800 785 54 ug/L 65 - 140

MSD MSD

Surrogate **%Recovery Qualifier** Limits 65 - 140 4-Bromofluorobenzene (Surr) 91

Method: 8015B - Diesel Range Organics (DRO) (GC)

Lab Sample ID: MB 440-312413/1-A Client Sample ID: Method Blank **Matrix: Water** Prep Type: Total/NA **Analysis Batch: 312722** Prep Batch: 312413 MR MR

Analyte Result Qualifier RL **MDL** Unit Prepared Analyzed Dil Fac DRO (C10-C28) $\overline{\mathsf{ND}}$ 0.50 0.10 mg/L 02/19/16 13:06 02/22/16 08:22 02/19/16 13:06 02/22/16 08:22 EFH (C10-C40) ND 0.50 0.10 mg/L ORO (C29-C40) ND 0.50 0.10 mg/L 02/19/16 13:06 02/22/16 08:22

MB MB

Surrogate %Recovery Qualifier Limits Prepared Analyzed Dil Fac n-Octacosane 92 45 - 120 02/19/16 13:06 02/22/16 08:22

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Client: JT3 LLC Project/Site: HWSF (Water)

Method: 8015B - Diesel Range Organics (DRO) (GC) (Continued)

Lab Sample ID: LCS 440-312413/2-A **Client Sample ID: Lab Control Sample Matrix: Water Prep Type: Total/NA Analysis Batch: 312722 Prep Batch: 312413** Spike LCS LCS %Rec.

Analyte Added Result Qualifier Unit D %Rec Limits DRO (C10-C28) 1.00 0.800 80 40 - 115 mg/L

LCS LCS Surrogate %Recovery Qualifier Limits 45 - 120 n-Octacosane 86

Lab Sample ID: LCSD 440-312413/3-A

Client Sample ID: Lab Control Sample Dup **Matrix: Water** Prep Type: Total/NA **Analysis Batch: 312722 Prep Batch: 312413** LCSD LCSD RPD Spike %Rec. Added Analyte Result Qualifier Unit D %Rec Limits RPD Limit

DRO (C10-C28) 1.00 87 40 - 115 8 25 0.866 mg/L LCSD LCSD

Surrogate %Recovery Qualifier Limits n-Octacosane 45 - 120

Method: 6010B - Metals (ICP)

Lab Sample ID: MB 440-312730/1-A **Client Sample ID: Method Blank Matrix: Water Prep Type: Total Recoverable**

Prep Batch: 312730 Analysis Batch: 313760

	MB	MB						
Analyte	Result	Qualifier I	RL MDL	. Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Antimony	ND	0.0	0.0060	mg/L		02/22/16 09:49	02/25/16 17:38	1
Arsenic	ND	0.0	10 0.0050) mg/L		02/22/16 09:49	02/25/16 17:38	1
Barium	ND	0.0	10 0.0050) mg/L		02/22/16 09:49	02/25/16 17:38	1
Beryllium	ND	0.00	20 0.0010	mg/L		02/22/16 09:49	02/25/16 17:38	1
Cadmium	ND	0.00	50 0.0020) mg/L		02/22/16 09:49	02/25/16 17:38	1
Chromium	ND	0.00	50 0.0025	mg/L		02/22/16 09:49	02/25/16 17:38	1
Cobalt	ND	0.0	10 0.0025	mg/L		02/22/16 09:49	02/25/16 17:38	1
Copper	ND	0.0	10 0.0050	mg/L		02/22/16 09:49	02/25/16 17:38	1
Lead	ND	0.00	50 0.0025	mg/L		02/22/16 09:49	02/25/16 17:38	1
Molybdenum	ND	0.0	20 0.010	mg/L		02/22/16 09:49	02/25/16 17:38	1
Nickel	ND	0.0	10 0.0050) mg/L		02/22/16 09:49	02/25/16 17:38	1
Selenium	ND	0.0	10 0.0061	mg/L		02/22/16 09:49	02/25/16 17:38	1
Thallium	ND	0.0	10 0.0050	mg/L		02/22/16 09:49	02/25/16 17:38	1
Vanadium	ND	0.0	10 0.0050) mg/L		02/22/16 09:49	02/25/16 17:38	1
Zinc	ND	0.0	20 0.010	mg/L		02/22/16 09:49	02/25/16 17:38	1
Silver	ND	0.0	10 0.0050	mg/L		02/22/16 09:49	02/25/16 17:38	1

Lab Sample ID: LCS 440-312730/2-A

Matrix: Water

Prep Type: Total Recoverable Analysis Batch: 313760 Prep Batch: 312730 Spike LCS LCS %Rec. Added Result Qualifier Analyte Unit %Rec Limits **Antimony** 1.00 1.00 80 - 120 mg/L 100 Arsenic 1.00 0.937 mg/L 94 80 - 120 Barium 1.00 0.957 mg/L 96 80 - 120

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Client Sample ID: Lab Control Sample

Page 17 of 26

Client: JT3 LLC Project/Site: HWSF (Water)

Method: 6010B - Metals (ICP) (Continued)

Lab Sample ID: LCS 440-312730/2-A **Matrix: Water**

Client Sample ID: Lab Control Sample Prep Type: Total Recoverable

Analysis Batch: 313760	Spike	LCS	LCS				Prep Batch: 312730 %Rec.
Analyte	Added	Result	Qualifier	Unit	D	%Rec	Limits
Beryllium	1.00	0.967		mg/L		97	80 - 120
Cadmium	1.00	0.926		mg/L		93	80 - 120
Chromium	1.00	0.948		mg/L		95	80 - 120
Cobalt	1.00	0.961		mg/L		96	80 - 120
Copper	1.00	0.980		mg/L		98	80 - 120
Lead	1.00	0.948		mg/L		95	80 - 120
Molybdenum	1.00	0.972		mg/L		97	80 - 120
Nickel	1.00	0.948		mg/L		95	80 - 120
Selenium	1.00	0.882		mg/L		88	80 - 120
Thallium	1.00	0.956		mg/L		96	80 - 120
Vanadium	1.00	0.956		mg/L		96	80 - 120
Zinc	1.00	0.907		mg/L		91	80 - 120
Silver	0.500	0.475		mg/L		95	80 - 120

Lab Sample ID: 440-138509-D-1-B MS ^5

Matrix: Water

Client Sample ID: Matrix Spike Prep Type: Total Recoverable

Analysis Batch: 313760	Sample	Sample	Spike	MS	MS				Prep Batch: 312730 %Rec.
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	Added	Result	Qualifier	Unit	D	%Rec	Limits
Antimony	ND		1.00	0.934		mg/L		93	75 - 125
Arsenic	ND		1.00	0.870		mg/L		87	75 - 125
Barium	ND		1.00	0.943		mg/L		94	75 - 125
Beryllium	ND		1.00	0.873		mg/L		87	75 - 125
Cadmium	ND		1.00	0.862		mg/L		86	75 - 125
Chromium	ND		1.00	0.918		mg/L		92	75 - 125
Cobalt	ND		1.00	0.926		mg/L		93	75 - 125
Copper	ND		1.00	0.918		mg/L		92	75 - 125
Lead	ND		1.00	0.868		mg/L		87	75 - 125
Molybdenum	ND		1.00	0.882		mg/L		88	75 - 125
Nickel	ND		1.00	0.925		mg/L		93	75 - 125
Selenium	ND		1.00	0.860		mg/L		86	75 - 125
Thallium	ND		1.00	0.803		mg/L		80	75 - 125
Vanadium	ND		1.00	0.881		mg/L		88	75 ₋ 125
Zinc	0.13		1.00	1.04		mg/L		92	75 - 125
Silver	ND		0.500	0.453		mg/L		91	75 - 125

Lab Sample ID: 440-138509-D-1-C MSD ^5

Matrix: Water

Copper

Analysis Batch: 313760

Client Sample ID: Matrix Spike Duplicate **Prep Type: Total Recoverable Prep Batch: 312730**

89

MSD MSD RPD Sample Sample Spike %Rec. Analyte Result Qualifier Added Result Qualifier Unit D %Rec Limits RPD Limit Antimony ND 1.00 0.934 mg/L 93 75 - 125 0 20 Arsenic ND 1.00 0.816 mg/L 82 75 - 125 6 20 Barium ND 1.00 0.922 mg/L 92 75 - 125 2 20 Beryllium ND 86 75 - 125 2 20 1.00 0.859 mg/L Cadmium ND 1.00 0.836 mg/L 84 75 - 125 3 20 Chromium ND 1.00 0.896 mg/L 90 75 - 125 2 20 Cobalt ND 1.00 0.909 91 75 - 125 20 mg/L ND 75 - 125

0.892

mg/L

20

Page 18 of 26

1.00

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Client: JT3 LLC Project/Site: HWSF (Water)

Method: 6010B - Metals (ICP) (Continued)

Lab Sample ID: 440-138509 Matrix: Water	9-D-1-C MS	D ^5				Client			/latrix Spil pe: Total I	•	
Analysis Batch: 313760	Sample	Sample	Spike	MSD	MSD				Prep Ba %Rec.	atch: 3	12730 RPD
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	Added	Result	Qualifier	Unit	D	%Rec	Limits	RPD	Limit
Lead	ND		1.00	0.855		mg/L		85	75 - 125	2	20
Molybdenum	ND		1.00	0.869		mg/L		87	75 - 125	2	20
Nickel	ND		1.00	0.905		mg/L		90	75 - 125	2	20
Selenium	ND		1.00	0.843		mg/L		84	75 - 125	2	20
Thallium	ND		1.00	0.825		mg/L		82	75 - 125	3	20
Vanadium	ND		1.00	0.855		mg/L		85	75 - 125	3	20
Zinc	0.13		1.00	1.01		mg/L		89	75 ₋ 125	3	20
Silver	ND		0.500	0.439		mg/L		88	75 - 125	3	20

Method: 7470A - Mercury (CVAA)

Mercury

Lab Sample ID: MB 440-314320/1-A Client Sample ID: Method Blank **Matrix: Water** Prep Type: Total/NA **Prep Batch: 314320 Analysis Batch: 314648**

MB MB

Analyte		Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Mercury	ND		0.00020	0.00010	mg/L		02/29/16 14:47	03/01/16 18:36	1

Lab Sample ID: LCS 440-314320/2-A **Client Sample ID: Lab Control Sample Matrix: Water** Prep Type: Total/NA **Analysis Batch: 314648** Prep Batch: 314320 LCS LCS Spike %Rec. Analyte Added Result Qualifier Unit D %Rec Limits Mercury 0.00800 0.00767 mg/L 96 80 - 120

Lab Sample ID: 440-138404-D-1-D MS Client Sample ID: Matrix Spike **Matrix: Water** Prep Type: Total/NA **Analysis Batch: 314648** Prep Batch: 314320 Sample Sample Spike MS MS %Rec. Analyte Result Qualifier Added Result Qualifier Unit D %Rec Limits

0.00768

0.00800

Lab Sample ID: 440-138404-D-1-E MSD **Client Sample ID: Matrix Spike Duplicate Matrix: Water** Prep Type: Total/NA **Analysis Batch: 314648** Prep Batch: 314320 Sample Sample Spike MSD MSD %Rec. **RPD** Analyte **Result Qualifier** Added Result Qualifier Unit D %Rec Limits RPD Limit 0.00800 ND 0.00742 Mercury mg/L 93

Method: 1010 - Ignitability, Pensky-Martens Closed-Cup Method

ND

Client Sample ID: Lab Control Sample Lab Sample ID: LCS 440-312644/1 **Matrix: Water** Prep Type: Total/NA **Analysis Batch: 312644**

LCS LCS Spike %Rec. Analyte Added Result Qualifier Unit D %Rec Limits Flashpoint 84.0 82.40 Degrees F 98 95 - 105

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70 - 130

96

mg/L

70 - 130

Client: JT3 LLC TestAmerica Job ID: 440-138513-1

Project/Site: HWSF (Water)

Method: 1010 - Ignitability, Pensky-Martens Closed-Cup Method (Continued)

Client Sample ID: Propulsion water Lab Sample ID: 440-138513-1 DU **Matrix: Water Prep Type: Total/NA**

Analysis Batch: 312644

Sample Sample DU DU RPD Analyte Result Qualifier Result Qualifier Unit RPD Limit D Flashpoint 127 127.4 Degrees F 0 20

Method: 9040B - pH

Lab Sample ID: 440-138237-A-7 DU **Client Sample ID: Duplicate** Prep Type: Total/NA

Matrix: Water

Analysis Batch: 312370

DU DU RPD Sample Sample RPD Analyte Result Qualifier Result Qualifier Limit Unit pH 7.69 7.680 SU

Method: SM 2130B - Turbidity

Lab Sample ID: MB 440-312386/5 Client Sample ID: Method Blank **Prep Type: Total/NA**

Matrix: Water

Analysis Batch: 312386

MB MB

Analyte Result Qualifier RL **MDL** Unit Prepared Analyzed Dil Fac Turbidity ND 0.10 0.040 NTU 02/19/16 11:24

Lab Sample ID: 440-138523-C-1 DU **Client Sample ID: Duplicate Matrix: Water** Prep Type: Total/NA

Analysis Batch: 312386

Sample Sample DU DU RPD Analyte Result Qualifier Result Qualifier Unit Limit Turbidity 7.4 7.30 NTU 20

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Client: JT3 LLC

Project/Site: HWSF (Water)

GC/MS VOA

Analysis Batch: 313425

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
440-138513-1	Propulsion water	Total/NA	Water	8260B	
440-138807-A-1 MS	Matrix Spike	Total/NA	Water	8260B	
440-138807-A-1 MSD	Matrix Spike Duplicate	Total/NA	Water	8260B	
LCS 440-313425/5	Lab Control Sample	Total/NA	Water	8260B	
MB 440-313425/4	Method Blank	Total/NA	Water	8260B	

GC VOA

Analysis Batch: 313891

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
440-138513-1	Propulsion water	Total/NA	Water	8015B	_
440-139211-E-1 MS	Matrix Spike	Total/NA	Water	8015B	
440-139211-E-1 MSD	Matrix Spike Duplicate	Total/NA	Water	8015B	
LCS 440-313891/12	Lab Control Sample	Total/NA	Water	8015B	
MB 440-313891/13	Method Blank	Total/NA	Water	8015B	

GC Semi VOA

Prep Batch: 312413

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method Prep Batch
440-138513-1	Propulsion water	Total/NA	Water	3510C
LCS 440-312413/2-A	Lab Control Sample	Total/NA	Water	3510C
LCSD 440-312413/3-A	Lab Control Sample Dup	Total/NA	Water	3510C
MB 440-312413/1-A	Method Blank	Total/NA	Water	3510C

Analysis Batch: 312722

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
LCS 440-312413/2-A	Lab Control Sample	Total/NA	Water	8015B	312413
LCSD 440-312413/3-A	Lab Control Sample Dup	Total/NA	Water	8015B	312413
MB 440-312413/1-A	Method Blank	Total/NA	Water	8015B	312413

Analysis Batch: 312723

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
440-138513-1	Propulsion water	Total/NA	Water	8015B	312413

Metals

Prep Batch: 312730

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
440-138509-D-1-B MS ^5	Matrix Spike	Total Recoverable	Water	3005A	
440-138509-D-1-C MSD ^5	Matrix Spike Duplicate	Total Recoverable	Water	3005A	
440-138513-1	Propulsion water	Total Recoverable	Water	3005A	
LCS 440-312730/2-A	Lab Control Sample	Total Recoverable	Water	3005A	
MB 440-312730/1-A	Method Blank	Total Recoverable	Water	3005A	

Analysis Batch: 313760

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
440-138509-D-1-B MS ^5	Matrix Spike	Total Recoverable	Water	6010B	312730
440-138509-D-1-C MSD ^5	Matrix Spike Duplicate	Total Recoverable	Water	6010B	312730
440-138513-1	Propulsion water	Total Recoverable	Water	6010B	312730

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3/8/2016

Page 21 of 26

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19

QC Association Summary

Client: JT3 LLC

Project/Site: HWSF (Water)

TestAmerica Job ID: 440-138513-1

Metals (Continued)

Analysis Batch: 313760 (Continued)

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
LCS 440-312730/2-A	Lab Control Sample	Total Recoverable	Water	6010B	312730
MB 440-312730/1-A	Method Blank	Total Recoverable	Water	6010B	312730

Prep Batch: 314320

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
440-138404-D-1-D MS	Matrix Spike	Total/NA	Water	7470A	
440-138404-D-1-E MSD	Matrix Spike Duplicate	Total/NA	Water	7470A	
440-138513-1	Propulsion water	Total/NA	Water	7470A	
LCS 440-314320/2-A	Lab Control Sample	Total/NA	Water	7470A	
MB 440-314320/1-A	Method Blank	Total/NA	Water	7470A	

Analysis Batch: 314648

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
440-138404-D-1-D MS	Matrix Spike	Total/NA	Water	7470A	314320
440-138404-D-1-E MSD	Matrix Spike Duplicate	Total/NA	Water	7470A	314320
LCS 440-314320/2-A	Lab Control Sample	Total/NA	Water	7470A	314320
MB 440-314320/1-A	Method Blank	Total/NA	Water	7470A	314320

Analysis Batch: 314994

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
440-138513-1	Propulsion water	Total/NA	Water	7470A	314320

General Chemistry

Analysis Batch: 312370

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
440-138237-A-7 DU	Duplicate	Total/NA	Water	9040B	
440-138513-1	Propulsion water	Total/NA	Water	9040B	

Analysis Batch: 312386

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
440-138513-1	Propulsion water	Total/NA	Water	SM 2130B	<u> </u>
440-138523-C-1 DU	Duplicate	Total/NA	Water	SM 2130B	
MB 440-312386/5	Method Blank	Total/NA	Water	SM 2130B	

Analysis Batch: 312644

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
440-138513-1	Propulsion water	Total/NA	Water	1010	
440-138513-1 DU	Propulsion water	Total/NA	Water	1010	
LCS 440-312644/1	Lab Control Sample	Total/NA	Water	1010	

Page 22 of 26

Definitions/Glossary

Client: JT3 LLC

Project/Site: HWSF (Water)

TestAmerica Job ID: 440-138513-1

Qualifiers

GC/MS VOA

Result is less than the RL but greater than or equal to the MDL and the concentration is an approximate value.

GC VOA

Qualifier Qualifier Description

X Surrogate is outside control limits

GC Semi VOA

X Surrogate is outside control limits

J Result is less than the RL but greater than or equal to the MDL and the concentration is an approximate value.

Metals

J Result is less than the RL but greater than or equal to the MDL and the concentration is an approximate value.

General Chemistry

Qualifier Qualifier Description

HF Field parameter with a holding time of 15 minutes. Test performed by laboratory at client's request.

Glossary

Abbreviation These commonly used abbreviations may or may not be present in this report.

Listed under the "D" column to designate that the result is reported on a dry weight basis

%R Percent Recovery
CFL Contains Free Liquid
CNF Contains no Free Liquid

DER Duplicate error ratio (normalized absolute difference)

Dil Fac Dilution Factor

DL, RA, RE, IN Indicates a Dilution, Re-analysis, Re-extraction, or additional Initial metals/anion analysis of the sample

DLC Decision level concentration

MDA Minimum detectable activity

EDL Estimated Detection Limit

MDC Minimum detectable concentration

MDL Method Detection Limit
ML Minimum Level (Dioxin)
NC Not Calculated

ND Not detected at the reporting limit (or MDL or EDL if shown)

PQL Practical Quantitation Limit

QC Quality Control RER Relative error ratio

RL Reporting Limit or Requested Limit (Radiochemistry)

RPD Relative Percent Difference, a measure of the relative difference between two points

TEF Toxicity Equivalent Factor (Dioxin)
TEQ Toxicity Equivalent Quotient (Dioxin)

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Certification Summary

Client: JT3 LLC TestAmerica Job ID: 440-138513-1

Project/Site: HWSF (Water)

Laboratory: TestAmerica Irvine

All certifications held by this laboratory are listed. Not all certifications are applicable to this report.

Authority	Program	EPA Region	Certification ID	Expiration Date
Alaska	State Program	10	CA01531	06-30-16
Arizona	State Program	9	AZ0671	10-13-16
California	LA Cty Sanitation Districts	9	10256	01-31-17 *
California	State Program	9	CA ELAP 2706	06-30-16
Guam	State Program	9	Cert. No. 12.002r	01-23-17
Hawaii	State Program	9	N/A	01-29-17
Kansas	NELAP Secondary AB	7	E-10420	07-31-16
Nevada	State Program	9	CA015312007A	07-31-16
New Mexico	State Program	6	N/A	01-29-17
Northern Mariana Islands	State Program	9	MP0002	01-29-16 *
Oregon	NELAP	10	4005	01-29-17
USDA	Federal		P330-09-00080	07-08-18
Washington	State Program	10	900	09-03-16

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^{*} Certification renewal pending - certification considered valid.

TestAmerica

Chain of Custody Record

17461 Derian Ave

Suite 100

Irvine

Irvine, CA 92614

THE LEADER IN ENVIRONMENTAL TESTING

Form No. CA-C-WI-002, dated 04/07/2011 TestAmerica Laboratories, Inc. Sample Specific Notes: 440-138513 Chain of Custody COCs Months Sample Disposal (A fee may be assessed if samples are retained longer than 1 month)

Return To Client Disposal By Lab Archive For Month Water c/w fuel Date/Time: 2 | 18 | 16 COC No: Date/Time: SDG No. Date/Time: Job No. 4.8/3.3 Company: Company: Company: Date: 02-17-2016 Carrier: 2294 Lab Contact: Maung Thein 661-277-1436 Return To Client 05K(Turbidity Flash Point Received by: Ηđ × Received by: Received by: AOC8 (8797B) 7750 ГЕН (СВО, DRO, ОВО) Metals (EPA 6010) + Hg # of Cont. Date/Time: Date/Time: Calendar (C) or Work Days (W) See Notes Matrix Liq Analysis Turnaround Time Container Glass, Poly Project Manager: Cat McDonald Unknown Sample Type 2 weeks TAT if different from Below 2 days week 1 day Fel/Fax: 661-277-1431 Sample Company: JT3/CH2M Time 1:00 Poison B Preservation Used: 1 = Ice, 2 = HCI; 3 = H2SO4; 4 = HNO3; 5 = NaOH; 6 = Other2/17/2016 Sample Date Company: Company: Skin Irritant Special Instructions/QC Requirements & Comments: Charge Code: 01-16-12-02010-20000-00073 Sample Identification FAX Client Contact Flammable phone 949.261.1022 fax 949.260.3299 72 E Forbes Avenue. Bldg 4904 Site: Propulsion_Bldg 3804 ossible Hazard Identification 661-277-1436(desk) **Project Name: HWSF** 661-277-3681 (office) Edwards AFB 93524 Propulsion water Non-Hazard Relinquished by: JT3/CH2MHILL Relinquished by: Relinquished by 3/8/2016 Page 25 of 26

Client: JT3 LLC Job Number: 440-138513-1

Login Number: 138513 List Source: TestAmerica Irvine

List Number: 1

Creator: Avila, Stephanie 1

Question	Answer	Comment
Radioactivity wasn't checked or is = background as measured by a survey meter.</td <td>True</td> <td></td>	True	
The cooler's custody seal, if present, is intact.	True	
Sample custody seals, if present, are intact.		
The cooler or samples do not appear to have been compromised or tampered with.		
Samples were received on ice.	True	
Cooler Temperature is acceptable.	True	
Cooler Temperature is recorded.	True	
COC is present.	True	
COC is filled out in ink and legible.	True	
COC is filled out with all pertinent information.	True	
s the Field Sampler's name present on COC?	True	
There are no discrepancies between the containers received and the COC.	True	
Samples are received within Holding Time (excluding tests with immediate HTs)	True	
Sample containers have legible labels.	True	
Containers are not broken or leaking.	True	
Sample collection date/times are provided.	True	
Appropriate sample containers are used.	True	
Sample bottles are completely filled.	True	
Sample Preservation Verified.	N/A	
There is sufficient vol. for all requested analyses, incl. any requested MS/MSDs		
Containers requiring zero headspace have no headspace or bubble is <6mm (1/4").		
Multiphasic samples are not present.	True	
Samples do not require splitting or compositing.		
Residual Chlorine Checked.		