PFAS	C S W A B Citizens For
2006	 CSWAB successfully petitioned the State of Wisconsin for drinking water standards for perchlorate – a toxic compound found in munitions. Today, Wisconsin has one of the most protective standards in the U.S. at 1 part per billion.
2010	The organization successfully petitioned the State for groundwater standards for the explosive DNT. Today, Wisconsin is the only state with health-based standards for all six forms of this chemical mixture. Wisconsin's health-based standard for the summed total concentration of DNT is 0.05 parts per billion.
2011	CSWAB successfully petitioned for enforceable standards for degradation products of DNT which were then unregulated by Wisconsin, EPA or any other state in the nation. The request was made after these compounds were detected in groundwater under the Badger Army Ammunition Plant in Sauk County.
2015	We successfully petitioned for Health Advisory Levels for five (5) previously unregulated degradation products of the explosives DNT and TNT , establishing the first such standards in Wisconsin and setting a national precedent in the United States.
2017	CSWAB turned its attention to PFAS (per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances) when environmental testing by the Department of Defense found high concentrations of these chemicals at military bases around the U.S. and here in Wisconsin.
	The organization successfully petitioned the State of Wisconsin for drinking water standards for the two most common forms of PFAS – PFOA and PFOS.
	We submitted a formal open records request to the DNR for information about all known PFAS sites in Wisconsin, revealing PFAS problems at military and industrial sites around the state.
2018	The Wisconsin DNR finally issued responsible party letters to military sites with PFAS contamination including Volk Field, Truax ANG, and Fort McCoy.
	CSWAB formally organized the PFAS Community Campaign a coalition of organizations based in Wisconsin working together to prevent exposures to PFAS via drinking water and other pathways.
	CSWAB formally petitioned the Wisconsin DNR for a Health Advisory Level (HAL) for the summed-total concentration of all PFAS – including precursors – detected in the State's groundwater and/or having a reasonable probability of entering groundwater such as presence in soils. Among them are 19 PFAS detected in soils and groundwater at the Tyco/Johnson Controls Fire Systems in Marinette, Wisconsin.
	A joint letter organized by CSWAB and co-signed by 17 organizations called on the Wisconsin DNR to develop Surface Water Quality Criteria for more than only two of thousands of known PFAS chemicals.
2019	The DNR granted CSWAB's formal petition to regulate 26 PFAS and to consider regulation as a class. The decision included an additional 10 PFAS compounds posing a threat to Wisconsin's groundwater as a source of drinking water, bringing the total to 36 PFAS.
	CSWAB organized a statewide statement, co-signed by 13 organizations, that cleanup methods and remedies should be fully protective of human and ecological health, prevent toxic emissions/releases, be readily and properly monitored, and provide permanent solutions.
	Formal comments to state legislators organized by CSWAB and co-signed by 28 Wisconsin-based organizations supported the assessment of exposure and biological impact of PFAS as a class.
	A formal complaint by CSWAB ended the previously-permitted direct discharge of PFAS-contaminated groundwater to the Black River by the City of La Crosse.
	CSWAB organized formal comments to the EPA co-signed by more than 50 organizations objecting to proposed federal site screening levels and preliminary remedial goals for PFAS as the proposed thresholds are not protective of human health particularly infants, children and expectant mothers.
	May 28, 2019