

#### **Safety Data Sheet**

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This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals Code of Practice (Safe Work Australia, December 2011)

#### **SECTION 1: Identification**

#### 1.1. Product identifier

3M<sup>™</sup> Dyneon<sup>™</sup> Fluoroelastomers FC 2110Q, FC 2122, FC 2123C, FC 2124, FC 2146X, FC 2152, FC 2153, FC 2161, FC 2180, FC 2181, FC 2181PS

#### **Product Identification Numbers**

98-0211-0099-9 98-0211-9664-1 98-0211-9667-4

#### 1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

#### Recommended use

Fluoroelastomer

For Industrial or Professional use only.

#### 1.3. Supplier's details

Address: 3M Australia - Building A, 1 Rivett Road, North Ryde NSW 2113

**Telephone:** 136 136

**E Mail:** productinfo.au@mmm.com

Website: www.3m.com.au

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

EMERGENCY: 1800 097 146 (Australia only)

#### **SECTION 2: Hazard identification**

This product is classified as a hazardous chemical according to the Model Work Health and Safety Regulations, 2011, in accordance with applicable State and Territory legislation.

Refer to Section 14 of this Safety Data Sheets for product Dangerous Goods Classification.

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 2.

Skin Sensitizer: Category 1.

Reproductive Toxicity: Category 1B.

#### 2.2. Label elements

The label elements below were prepared in accordance with the Code of Practice on Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals (Safe Work Australia, December 2011). This information may be different from the actual product label.

#### Signal word

DANGER!

#### **Symbols**

Exclamation mark | Health Hazard |







#### **Hazard statements**

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child.

#### **Precautionary statements**

**Prevention:** 

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P280A Wear eye/face protection. P280E Wear protective gloves.

P281 Use personal protective equipment as required.

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

**Response:** 

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable

local/regional/national/international regulations.

#### 2.3. Other assigned/identified product hazards

May cause thermal burns. 3M Vapours liberated during processing may be hazardous if inhaled. Eye, nose, throat and lung irritation can occur from such vapours.

#### 2.4. Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

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#### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

This material is a mixture.

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	% by Weight
1-Propene,1,1,2,3,3,3-hexafluoro-,polmer with 1,1-difluoroethene and	25190-89-0	0 - 100
tetrafluoroethene	54675.00.7	0 100
Tetrafluoroethylene-propylene-vinylidene fluoride polymer	54675-89-7	0 - 100
Vinylidene Fluoride - Hexafluoropropylene	9011-17-0	0 - 100
Polymer	0011 17 0	0 100
Fluoropolymer (NJTS Reg. No. 04499600-7052)	Trade Secret	0 - 4
Phenol, 4,4'-[2,2,2-Trifluoro-1- (trifluoromethyl)ethylidene]bis-,ion(1), tributyl(2-methoxypropyl)phosphonium, sodium salt	181531-28-2	0 - 4
4,4'-[2,2,2-trifluoro-1- (trifluoromethyl)ethylidene]bis[phenol]	1478-61-1	0 - 4
Phenol, 4,4'-[2,2,2-trifluoro-1- (trifluoromethyl)ethylidene]bis-, reaction products with benzene, chlorine and sulphur chloride (S2Cl2)	921213-47-0	0 - 4
4,4'-Dichlorodiphenyl Sulfone	80-07-9	0 - 4
Phosphonium, tributyl (2-ethoxypropyl)-, salt with 4,4'-[2,2,2-trifluoro-1- (trifluoromethyl)ethylidene]bis[phenol] monosodium salt (1:1)	Trade Secret	0 - 4
Tetrahydrothiophene 1,1-dioxide	126-33-0	0 - 4
Methanol	67-56-1	0 - 0.9
Triphenylbenzylphosphonium salt with 4,4'-[2,2,2-trifluoro-1-(trifluoromethyl)ethylidene]bis[phenol] (1:1)	75768-65-9	0 - 2.5

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### Inhalation

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

#### Skin contact

Immediately flush skin with large amounts of cold water for at least 15 minutes. DO NOT ATTEMPT TO REMOVE MOLTEN MATERIAL. Cover affected area with a clean dressing. Get immediate medical attention.

#### Eye contact

Immediately flush eyes with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. DO NOT ATTEMPT TO REMOVE MOLTEN MATERIAL. Get immediate medical attention.

#### If swallowed

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable

#### **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

#### 5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for ordinary combustible material such as water or foam to extinguish.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Exposure to extreme heat can give rise to thermal decomposition.

#### 5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

When fire fighting conditions are severe and total thermal decomposition of the product is possible, wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, tunic and trousers (leggings), bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head. Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

#### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid inhalation of thermal decomposition products. Avoid skin contact with hot material. Store work clothes separately from other clothing, food and tobacco products. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. No smoking: Smoking while using this product can result in contamination of the tobacco and/or smoke and lead to the formation of hazardous decomposition products. Use personal protective equipment (eg. gloves, respirators...) as required.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

No special storage requirements.

#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	Agency	Limit type	Additional comments
Methanol	67-56-1	ACGIH	TWA:200 ppm;STEL:250 ppm	SKIN
Methanol	67-56-1	Australia OELs	TWA(8 hours):262	SKIN
			mg/m3(200 ppm);STEL(15	
			minutes):328 mg/m3(250 ppm)	

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association

Australia OELs: Australia. Adopted National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment

CMRG: Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling Sen: Sensitiser

Sk: Absorption through the skin may be a significant source of exposure.

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### 8.2.1. Engineering controls

For those situations where the material might be exposed to extreme overheating due to misuse or equipment failure, use with appropriate local exhaust ventilation sufficient to maintain levels of thermal decomposition products below their exposure guidelines. Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment. Local exhaust required above 400 C.

#### 8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

#### Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Full face shield.

Indirect vented goggles.

Select and use eye protection in accordance with AS/NZS 1336. Eye protection should comply with the performance specifications of AS/NZS 1337.

#### Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity. Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Polymer laminate

if this product is used in a manner that presents a higher potential for exposure (eg. spraying, high splash potential etc.), then use of protective coveralls may be necessary. Select and use body protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following protective clothing material(s) are recommended: Apron - polymer laminate

Select and use gloves according to AS/NZ 2161.

#### **Respiratory protection**

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following

respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

During heating:

Use a positive pressure supplied-air respirator if there is a potential for over exposure from an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or under any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapours and particulates Half facepiece or full facepiece supplied-air respirator.

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer. Select and use respirators according to AS/NZS 1715. Respirators should comply with AS/NZS 1716 performance specifications. For information about respirators, call 3M on 1800 024 464.

#### Thermal hazards

Wear heat insulating gloves when handling hot material to prevent thermal burns.

#### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Solid.

Specific Physical Form: Solid Block or Slab

Appearance/Odour White-to-straw coloured, translucent, rubbery solid.

**Odour threshold** No data available. Not applicable. pН Melting point/Freezing point Not applicable. Boiling point/Initial boiling point/Boiling range Not applicable. Flash point No flash point **Evaporation rate** No data available. Not classified Flammability (solid, gas) Flammable Limits(LEL) Not applicable.

Flammable Limits(LEL)

Flammable Limits(UEL)

Vapour pressure

Vapour density

Not applicable.

Not applicable.

Not applicable.

Not applicable.

1.8 g/cm3

**Relative density** 1.8 [*Ref Std*:WATER=1]

Water solubility Negligible Solubility- non-water No data available. Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water No data available. **Autoignition temperature** Not applicable. **Decomposition temperature** No data available. Not applicable. Viscosity Molecular weight No data available. Volatile organic compounds (VOC) No data available.

#### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

This material is considered to be non reactive under normal use conditions

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable.

#### 10.3. Conditions to avoid

None known.

#### 10.4. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Aluminium or magnesium powder and high/shear temperature conditions.

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

# SubstanceConditionCarbon monoxide.At elevated temperatures.Carbon dioxide.At elevated temperatures.Hydrogen FluorideAt elevated temperatures.Perfluoroisobutylene (PFIB).At elevated temperatures.Oxides of sulphur.At elevated temperatures.Toxic vapour, gas, particulate.At elevated temperatures.

If the product is exposed to extreme conditions of heat from misuse or equipment failure, toxic decomposition products that include hydrogen fluoride and perfluoroisobutylene can occur.

#### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

#### 11.1 Information on Toxicological effects

#### Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

#### Inhalation

Respiratory tract irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain. May cause additional health effects (see below).

During heating:

Polymer fume fever: Sign/symptoms may include chest pain or tightness, shortness of breath, cough, malaise, muscle aches, increased heart rate, fever, chills, sweats, nausea and headache.

#### Skin contact

During heating:

Thermal burns: Signs/symptoms may include intense pain, redness and swelling, and tissue destruction. Allergic skin reaction (non-photo induced): Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, blistering, and itching.

#### Eye contact

During heating:

Thermal burns: Signs/symptoms may include severe pain, redness and swelling, and tissue destruction. Severe eye irritation: Signs/symptoms may include significant redness, swelling, pain, tearing, cloudy appearance of the cornea, and impaired vision.

#### Ingestion

Gastrointestinal irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.

\_\_\_\_\_

May cause additional health effects (see below).

#### **Additional Health Effects:**

#### Reproductive/Developmental Toxicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

#### **Additional information:**

This product contains ethanol. Alcoholic beverages and ethanol in alcoholic beverages have been classified by the International Agency for Research on Cancer as carcinogenic to humans. There are also data associating human consumption of alcoholic beverages with developmental toxicity and liver toxicity. Exposure to ethanol during the foreseeable use of this product is not expected to cause cancer, developmental toxicity, or liver toxicity.

#### **Toxicological Data**

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

**Acute Toxicity** 

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
1-Propene,1,1,2,3,3,3- hexafluoro-,polmer with 1,1- difluoroethene and tetrafluoroethene	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Tetrafluoroethylene-propylene- vinylidene fluoride polymer	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Vinylidene Fluoride - Hexafluoropropylene Polymer	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
1-Propene,1,1,2,3,3,3- hexafluoro-,polmer with 1,1- difluoroethene and tetrafluoroethene	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Tetrafluoroethylene-propylene- vinylidene fluoride polymer	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Vinylidene Fluoride - Hexafluoropropylene Polymer	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 6,000 mg/kg
Fluoropolymer (NJTS Reg. No. 04499600-7052)	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Fluoropolymer (NJTS Reg. No. 04499600-7052)	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Phenol, 4,4'-[2,2,2-Trifluoro-1- (trifluoromethyl)ethylidene]bis-,ion(1), tributyl(2- methoxypropyl)phosphonium, sodium salt	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
4,4'-[2,2,2-trifluoro-1- (trifluoromethyl)ethylidene]bis[phen ol]	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
4,4'-[2,2,2-trifluoro-1- (trifluoromethyl)ethylidene]bis[phen ol]	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 3,400 mg/kg
Triphenylbenzylphosphonium salt with 4,4'-[2,2,2-trifluoro-1-(trifluoromethyl)ethylidene]bis[phen ol] (1:1)	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Triphenylbenzylphosphonium salt with 4,4'-[2,2,2-trifluoro-1-(trifluoromethyl)ethylidene]bis[phen	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 25-200 mg/kg

Page: 8 of 21

ol] (1:1)			
Phenol, 4,4'-[2,2,2-trifluoro-1-	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
(trifluoromethyl)ethylidene]bis-,			
reaction products with benzene,			
chlorine and sulphur chloride (S2Cl2)			
Phenol, 4,4'-[2,2,2-trifluoro-1-	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,000  mg/kg
(trifluoromethyl)ethylidene]bis-,			
reaction products with benzene,			
chlorine and sulphur chloride (S2Cl2)			
4,4'-Dichlorodiphenyl Sulfone	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
4,4'-Dichlorodiphenyl Sulfone	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 4,810 mg/kg
Tetrahydrothiophene 1,1-dioxide	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 4,897 mg/kg
Tetrahydrothiophene 1,1-dioxide	Inhalation-Dust/Mist	Rat	LC50 > 12 mg/l
	(4 hours)		
Tetrahydrothiophene 1,1-dioxide	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 1,846 mg/kg
Methanol	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be 1,000 - 2,000 mg/kg
Methanol	Inhalation-Vapour		LC50 estimated to be 10 - 20 mg/l
Methanol	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be 50 - 300 mg/kg

 $\overline{ATE}$  = acute toxicity estimate

#### Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
1-Propene,1,1,2,3,3,3-hexafluoro-,polmer with 1,1-	Professional judgement	No significant irritation
difluoroethene and tetrafluoroethene		
Vinylidene Fluoride - Hexafluoropropylene Polymer	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Fluoropolymer (NJTS Reg. No. 04499600-7052)	Professional judgement	No significant irritation
4,4'-[2,2,2-trifluoro-1-	Guinea pig	Mild irritant
(trifluoromethyl)ethylidene]bis[phenol]		
Triphenylbenzylphosphonium salt with 4,4'-[2,2,2-	Rabbit	No significant irritation
trifluoro-1-(trifluoromethyl)ethylidene]bis[phenol]		
(1:1)		
Phenol, 4,4'-[2,2,2-trifluoro-1-	Rabbit	No significant irritation
(trifluoromethyl)ethylidene]bis-, reaction products		
with benzene, chlorine and sulphur chloride (S2Cl2)		
4,4'-Dichlorodiphenyl Sulfone	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Tetrahydrothiophene 1,1-dioxide	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Methanol	Rabbit	Mild irritant

**Serious Eye Damage/Irritation** 

Name	Species	Value
1-Propene,1,1,2,3,3,3-hexafluoro-,polmer with 1,1-	Professional judgement	No significant irritation
difluoroethene and tetrafluoroethene		
Vinylidene Fluoride - Hexafluoropropylene	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Polymer		
Fluoropolymer (NJTS Reg. No. 04499600-7052)	Professional judgement	No significant irritation
4,4'-[2,2,2-trifluoro-1-	Professional judgement	Moderate irritant
(trifluoromethyl)ethylidene]bis[phenol]		
Triphenylbenzylphosphonium salt with 4,4'-[2,2,2-	Rabbit	Corrosive
trifluoro-1-(trifluoromethyl)ethylidene]bis[phenol]		
(1:1)		
Phenol, 4,4'-[2,2,2-trifluoro-1-	Rabbit	Severe irritant
(trifluoromethyl)ethylidene]bis-, reaction products		
with benzene, chlorine and sulphur chloride (S2Cl2)		
4,4'-Dichlorodiphenyl Sulfone	Rabbit	Severe irritant
Tetrahydrothiophene 1,1-dioxide	Rabbit	Moderate irritant
Methanol	Rabbit	Moderate irritant

Page: 9 of 21

#### **Skin Sensitisation**

Name	Species	Value
Triphenylbenzylphosphonium salt with 4,4'-[2,2,2-	Guinea pig	Not classified
trifluoro-1-(trifluoromethyl)ethylidene]bis[phenol]		
(1:1)		
Phenol, 4,4'-[2,2,2-trifluoro-1-	Mouse	Sensitising
(trifluoromethyl)ethylidene]bis-, reaction products		
with benzene, chlorine and sulphur chloride (S2Cl2)		
Tetrahydrothiophene 1,1-dioxide	Guinea pig	Not classified
Methanol	Guinea pig	Not classified

#### **Respiratory Sensitisation**

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

**Germ Cell Mutagenicity** 

Name	Route	Value
4,4'-[2,2,2-trifluoro-1- (trifluoromethyl)ethylidene]bis[phenol]	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Triphenylbenzylphosphonium salt with 4,4'-[2,2,2-trifluoro-1-(trifluoromethyl)ethylidene]bis[phenol] (1:1)	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Phenol, 4,4'-[2,2,2-trifluoro-1- (trifluoromethyl)ethylidene]bis-, reaction products with benzene, chlorine and sulphur chloride (S2Cl2)	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
4,4'-Dichlorodiphenyl Sulfone	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Tetrahydrothiophene 1,1-dioxide	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Methanol	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Methanol	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Carcinogenicity

ear emogenicity						
Name	Route	Species	Value			
4,4'-Dichlorodiphenyl Sulfone	Ingestion	Multiple animal	Not carcinogenic			
		species				
Methanol	Inhalation	Multiple animal	Not carcinogenic			
		species				

#### **Reproductive Toxicity**

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
4,4'-[2,2,2-trifluoro- 1- (trifluoromethyl)ethyl idene]bis[phenol]	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	10 days
Phenol, 4,4'-[2,2,2-trifluoro-1-(trifluoromethyl)ethyl idene]bis-, reaction products with benzene, chlorine and sulphur chloride (S2Cl2)	Ingestion	Not classified for reproduction and/or development	Rat	NOAEL 150 mg/kg/day	28 days
Tetrahydrothiophene	Ingestion	Not classified for	Rat	NOAEL 700	14 days

1,1-dioxide		male reproduction		mg/kg/day	
Tetrahydrothiophene	Ingestion	Not classified for	Rat	NOAEL 200	premating & during
1,1-dioxide		female reproduction		mg/kg/day	gestation
Tetrahydrothiophene 1,1-dioxide	Ingestion	Toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 60 mg/kg/day	premating & during gestation
Methanol	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,600 mg/kg/day	21 days
Methanol	Ingestion	Toxic to development	Mouse	LOAEL 4,000 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis
Methanol	Inhalation	Toxic to development	Mouse	NOAEL 1.3 mg/l	during organogenesis

#### Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
4,4'-[2,2,2- trifluoro-1- (trifluorometh yl)ethylidene] bis[phenol]	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOAEL Not available	
Methanol	Inhalation	blindness	Causes damage to organs	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Methanol	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	not available
Methanol	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL Not available	6 hours
Methanol	Ingestion	blindness	Causes damage to organs	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
Methanol	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure** 

Name	Route	Target	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure
		Organ(s)				Duration
Vinylidene	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 10,000	2 weeks
Fluoride -					mg/kg/day	
Hexafluoropr						
opylene						
Polymer						
Triphenylbenz	Ingestion	endocrine	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 20	28 days
ylphosphoniu		system   heart			mg/kg/day	
m salt with		liver   central				
4,4'-[2,2,2-		nervous system				
trifluoro-1-		nervous system				
(trifluorometh		respiratory				
yl)ethylidene]		system				
bis[phenol]		vascular system				
(1:1)						
Phenol, 4,4'-	Ingestion	endocrine	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 150	28 days
[2,2,2-		system   liver			mg/kg/day	-
trifluoro-1-		kidney and/or				

(trifluorometh yl)ethylidene] bis-, reaction products with benzene, chlorine and sulphur chloride (S2C12)		bladder   auditory system   heart   bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair   bone marrow   hematopoietic system   immune system   nervous system   respiratory system   vascular system				
4,4'- Dichlorodiphe nyl Sulfone	Ingestion	hematopoietic system   liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 200 mg/kg/day	14 weeks
4,4'- Dichlorodiphe nyl Sulfone	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 19 mg/kg/day	14 weeks
4,4'- Dichlorodiphe nyl Sulfone	Ingestion	nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 200 mg/kg/day	14 weeks
Tetrahydrothi ophene 1,1- dioxide	Inhalation	nervous system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Multiple animal species	LOAEL 0.5 mg/l	27 days
Tetrahydrothi ophene 1,1- dioxide	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 0.02 mg/l	90 days
Tetrahydrothi ophene 1,1- dioxide	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Monkey	LOAEL 0.5 mg/l	27 days
Tetrahydrothi ophene 1,1- dioxide	Inhalation	blood	Not classified	Guinea pig	NOAEL 0.16 mg/l	90 days
Tetrahydrothi ophene 1,1-dioxide	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 700 mg/kg/day	28 days
Tetrahydrothi ophene 1,1- dioxide	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 60 mg/kg/day	28 days
Methanol	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 6.55 mg/l	4 weeks
Methanol	Inhalation	respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 13.1 mg/l	6 weeks
Methanol	Ingestion	liver   nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day	90 days

#### **Aspiration Hazard**

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

#### **Exposure Levels**

Refer Section **8.1 Control Parameters** of this Safety Data Sheet.

#### **Interactive Effects**

Not determined.

#### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. Additional information leading to material classification in Section 2 is available upon request. In addition, environmental fate and effects data on ingredients may not be reflected in this section because an ingredient is present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient is not expected to be available for exposure, or the data is considered not relevant to the material as a whole.

#### 12.1. Toxicity

#### Acute aquatic hazard:

Not acutely toxic to aquatic life by GHS criteria. Aquatic toxicity classifications based on the results from a leachate study conducted per methodology allowed for in Annex 10 of UN GHS.

#### Chronic aquatic hazard:

Not chronically toxic to aquatic life by GHS criteria. Aquatic toxicity classifications based on the results from a leachate study conducted per methodology allowed for in Annex 10 of UN GHS.

No product test data available.

Material		Organism	Туре	Exposure	Test endpoint	Test result
1-	25190-89-0		Laboratory		LC50	>100 mg/l
Propene, 1, 1, 2, 3			-			
,3,3-						
hexafluoro-,pol						
mer with 1,1-						
difluoroethene						
and						
tetrafluoroethe						
ne						
1-	25190-89-0		Data not			
Propene, 1, 1, 2, 3			available or			
,3,3-			insufficient for			
hexafluoro-,pol			classification			
mer with 1,1-						
difluoroethene						
and						
tetrafluoroethe						
ne						
1-	25190-89-0		Laboratory		NOEC	>100 mg/l
Propene, 1, 1, 2, 3						
,3,3-						
hexafluoro-,pol						
mer with 1,1-						
difluoroethene						
and						
tetrafluoroethe						
ne						
Tetrafluoroethy	54675-89-7		Laboratory		LC50	>100 mg/l
lene-propylene-						
vinylidene						
fluoride						
polymer						
Tetrafluoroethy	54675-89-7		Data not			
lene-propylene-			available or			

T			I	T	1	
vinylidene			insufficient for			
fluoride			classification			
polymer						
Tetrafluoroethy 5	54675-89-7		Laboratory		NOEC	>100 mg/l
lene-propylene-						
vinylidene						
fluoride						
polymer	2011 15 0		D			
	9011-17-0		Data not			
Fluoride -			available or			
Hexafluoropro			insufficient for			
pylene Polymer			classification			
Fluoropolymer 7	Trade Secret		Data not			
(NJTS Reg.			available or			
No. 04499600-			insufficient for			
7052)			classification			
	181531-28-2	Rainbow trout	Estimated	96 hours	LC50	<1 mg/l
	101331-20-2	Kallidow trout	Estimated	90 Hours	LC30	\\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
[2,2,2-						
Trifluoro-1-						
(trifluoromethy						
l)ethylidene]bis						
-,ion(1),						
tributyl(2-						
methoxypropyl						
)phosphonium,						
sodium salt						
	181531-28-2	Green Algae	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	1.3 mg/l
[2,2,2-	101331-20-2	Giccii Aigac	Experimental	/2 Hours	LC30	1.5 mg/1
Trifluoro-1-						
(trifluoromethy						
l)ethylidene]bis						
-,ion(1),						
tributyl(2-						
methoxypropyl						
)phosphonium,						
sodium salt						
Phenol, 4,4'- 1	181531-28-2	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	4.1 mg/l
[2,2,2-	.01001 20 2	,, 4001 1100	Z.ip Grimenum			
Trifluoro-1-						
(trifluoromethy						
l)ethylidene]bis						
-,ion(1),						
tributyl(2-						
methoxypropyl						
)phosphonium,						
sodium salt						
Phenol, 4,4'- 1	181531-28-2	Green Algae	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	0.23 mg/l
[2,2,2-		_				
Trifluoro-1-						
(trifluoromethy						
l)ethylidene]bis						
-,ion(1),						
tributyl(2-						
THE HOY WITCHWILL						i l
methoxypropyl )phosphonium,						

sodium salt						
4,4'-[2,2,2-	1478-61-1	Rainbow trout	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	<1 mg/l
trifluoro-1-	1470 01 1	ramoow trout	Experimental	) Hours	LC30	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
(trifluoromethy						
l)ethylidene]bis						
[phenol]						
4,4'-[2,2,2-	1478-61-1	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	3.2 mg/l
trifluoro-1-	1470 01 1	vv ater frea	Experimental	To nours	LC30	3.2 mg/1
(trifluoromethy						
l)ethylidene]bis						
[phenol]						
Phenol, 4,4'-	921213-47-0	Green Algae	Estimated	96 hours	EC50	0.18 mg/l
[2,2,2-trifluoro-		Green ringue	Estimated	) o nours	Eco	0.10 mg/1
1-						
(trifluoromethy						
l)ethylidene]bis						
-, reaction						
products with						
benzene,						
chlorine and						
sulphur						
chloride						
(S2Cl2)						
Phenol, 4,4'-	921213-47-0	Water flea	Estimated	48 hours	EC50	0.088 mg/l
[2,2,2-trifluoro-						
1-						
(trifluoromethy						
l)ethylidene]bis						
-, reaction						
products with						
benzene,						
chlorine and						
sulphur						
chloride						
(S2C12)						
Phenol, 4,4'-	921213-47-0	Zebra Fish	Estimated	96 hours	LC50	>1.5 mg/l
[2,2,2-trifluoro-						
1-						
(trifluoromethy						
l)ethylidene]bis						
-, reaction						
products with						
benzene, chlorine and						
sulphur						
chloride						
(S2Cl2)						
Phenol, 4,4'-	921213-47-0	Green Algae	Estimated	96 hours	NOEC	0.12 mg/l
[2,2,2-trifluoro-		Green Aigae	Louinated	) Hours	TOLC	0.12 1115/1
[2,2,2-u111u010- ]1-						
(trifluoromethy						
l)ethylidene]bis						
-, reaction						
products with						
benzene,						
o onizono,	<u> </u>	1	1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>.                                    </u>

	ı	1	T			
chlorine and						
sulphur						
chloride						
(S2Cl2)						
4,4'-	80-07-9	Green Algae	Endpoint not	72 hours	EC50	>100 mg/l
Dichlorodiphen			reached			
yl Sulfone						
4,4'-	80-07-9	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	>100 mg/l
Dichlorodiphen			1			
yl Sulfone						
4,4'-	80-07-9	Zebra Fish	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	>100 mg/l
Dichlorodiphen		20014 1 1011	Емренинения	) o nours	Less	100 mg/1
yl Sulfone						
4,4'-	80-07-9	Cusan alasa	E-manimantal	72 hours	NOEC	0.29 ~/1
	00-07-9	Green algae	Experimental	/2 nours	NOEC	0.28 mg/l
Dichlorodiphen						
yl Sulfone		~				
4,4'-	80-07-9	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	0.32 mg/l
Dichlorodiphen						
yl Sulfone						
Phosphonium,	Trade Secret		Data not			
tributyl (2-			available or			
ethoxypropyl)-,			insufficient for			
salt with 4,4'-			classification			
[2,2,2-trifluoro-						
1-						
(trifluoromethy						
l)ethylidene]bis						
[phenol]						
monosodium						
salt (1:1)						
Tetrahydrothio	126-33-0	Cross Aless	E-maninantal	72 hours	EC50	> 1 000 m ~/1
	120-33-0	Green Algae	Experimental	/2 nours	ECSU	>1,000 mg/l
phene 1,1-						
dioxide						
Tetrahydrothio	126-33-0	Ricefish	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	>100 mg/l
phene 1,1-						
dioxide						
Tetrahydrothio	126-33-0	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	40 mg/l
phene 1,1-						
dioxide						
Tetrahydrothio	126-33-0	Green Algae	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	310 mg/l
phene 1,1-			1			
dioxide						
Tetrahydrothio	126-33-0	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	25 mg/l
phene 1,1-	120 33 0	VV ater frea	Бирегипенци	21 days	TOLE	25 1119/1
dioxide						
Methanol	67-56-1	Algae or other	Experimental	96 hours	EC50	16.9 mg/l
Methanor	07-30-1	1 ~	Experimentar	96 Hours	ECSU	16.9 mg/1
3.6.4. 1	67.56.1	aquatic plants	E 1	061	1.050	15.400 //
Methanol	67-56-1	Bluegill	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	15,400 mg/l
Methanol	67-56-1	Green Algae	Experimental	96 hours	EC50	22,000 mg/l
Methanol	67-56-1	Water flea	Experimental	24 hours	EC50	20,803 mg/l
Methanol	67-56-1	Algae or other	Experimental	96 hours	NOEC	9.96 mg/l
		aquatic plants				
Methanol	67-56-1	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	122 mg/l
Triphenylbenzy	75768-65-9	Rainbow trout	Estimated	96 hours	LC50	<1 mg/l
lphosphonium		1				
		1	1	1		ı

salt with 4,4'-						
[2,2,2-trifluoro-						
1-						
(trifluoromethy						
l)ethylidene]bis						
[phenol] (1:1)						
Triphenylbenzy	75768-65-9	Water flea	Estimated	48 hours	EC50	3.2 mg/l
lphosphonium						
salt with 4,4'-						
[2,2,2-trifluoro-						
1-						
(trifluoromethy						
l)ethylidene]bis						
[phenol] (1:1)						

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Material	CAS Number	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
1-	25190-89-0	Data not			N/A	
Propene, 1, 1, 2, 3		available-				
,3,3-		insufficient				
hexafluoro-,pol						
mer with 1,1-						
difluoroethene						
and						
tetrafluoroethe						
ne						
Tetrafluoroethy	54675-89-7	Data not			N/A	
lene-propylene-		available-				
vinylidene		insufficient				
fluoride						
polymer						
Vinylidene	9011-17-0	Data not			n/a	
Fluoride -		available-				
Hexafluoropro		insufficient				
pylene Polymer						
Fluoropolymer	Trade Secret	Data not			N/A	
(NJTS Reg.		available-				
No. 04499600-		insufficient				
7052)						
Phenol, 4,4'-	181531-28-2	Experimental	28 days	CO2 evolution	8 % weight	OECD 301B - Modified
[2,2,2-		Biodegradation				sturm or CO2
Trifluoro-1-						
(trifluoromethy						
l)ethylidene]bis						
-,ion(1),						
tributyl(2-						
methoxypropyl						
)phosphonium,						
sodium salt	1470 (1.1	F ( , , 1	20.1	DOD	0.67.0/	OF CD 201C MET
4,4'-[2,2,2-	1478-61-1	Estimated	28 days	BOD	0.67 % weight	OECD 301C - MITI
trifluoro-1-		Biodegradation				test (I)
(trifluoromethy						
l)ethylidene]bis						
[phenol]	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	

[2,2,2-trifluoro- 1- (trifluoromethy l)ethylidene]bis -, reaction products with benzene, chlorine and sulphur chloride	921213-47-0	Estimated Hydrolysis		Hydrolytic half-life	>1 years (t 1/2)	Other methods
(S2Cl2) Phenol, 4,4'- [2,2,2-trifluoro- 1- (trifluoromethy l)ethylidene]bis-, reaction products with benzene, chlorine and sulphur chloride (S2Cl2)	921213-47-0	Estimated Biodegradation	28 days	CO2 evolution	<=14 % weight	OECD 301B - Modified sturm or CO2
4,4'- Dichlorodiphen yl Sulfone	80-07-9	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	0 % BOD/ThBOD	OECD 301C - MITI test (I)
Phosphonium, tributyl (2-ethoxypropyl)-, salt with 4,4'-[2,2,2-trifluoro-1-(trifluoromethy l)ethylidene]bis [phenol] monosodium salt (1:1)	Trade Secret	Data not available- insufficient			N/A	
Tetrahydrothio phene 1,1-dioxide	126-33-0	Experimental Biodegradation	14 days	BOD	10.1 % BOD/ThBOD	OECD 301C - MITI test (I)
Methanol	67-56-1	Experimental Biodegradation	14 days	BOD	92 % BOD/ThBOD	OECD 301C - MITI test (I)
Triphenylbenzy lphosphonium salt with 4,4'- [2,2,2-trifluoro- 1- (trifluoromethy l)ethylidene]bis [phenol] (1:1)	75768-65-9	Estimated Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	0.67 % BOD/ThBOD	OECD 301C - MITI test (I)

#### 12.3 : Bioaccumulative potential

Tracerial Crist valued Test type Duration Study Type Test result Trotocol	Material	CAS Number	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
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1- Propene,1,1,2,3 ,3,3- hexafluoro-,pol mer with 1,1- difluoroethene and tetrafluoroethe ne	25190-89-0	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Tetrafluoroethy lene-propylene- vinylidene fluoride polymer	54675-89-7	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Vinylidene Fluoride - Hexafluoropro pylene Polymer	9011-17-0	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fluoropolymer (NJTS Reg. No. 04499600- 7052)	Trade Secret	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Phenol, 4,4'- [2,2,2- Trifluoro-1- (trifluoromethy l)ethylidene]bis -,ion(1), tributyl(2- methoxypropyl )phosphonium, sodium salt	181531-28-2	Estimated Bioconcentrati on		Bioaccumulatio n factor		Other methods
4,4'-[2,2,2- trifluoro-1- (trifluoromethy l)ethylidene]bis [phenol]	1478-61-1	Estimated Bioconcentrati on		Bioaccumulatio n factor	11.5	Estimated: Bioconcentration factor
Phenol, 4,4'- [2,2,2-trifluoro- 1- (trifluoromethy l)ethylidene]bis -, reaction products with benzene, chlorine and sulphur chloride (S2Cl2)		Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A		N/A	N/A
4,4'- Dichlorodiphen yl Sulfone	80-07-9	Experimental BCF-Carp	35 days	Bioaccumulatio n factor		OECD 305E - Bioaccumulation flow- through fish test
Phosphonium, tributyl (2- ethoxypropyl)-,	Trade Secret	Data not available or insufficient for	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

salt with 4,4'- [2,2,2-trifluoro- 1- (trifluoromethy l)ethylidene]bis [phenol] monosodium		classification				
salt (1:1) Tetrahydrothio phene 1,1- dioxide	126-33-0	Experimental BCF-Carp	42 days	Bioaccumulatio n factor	<13	Other methods
Methanol	67-56-1	Experimental Bioconcentrati on		Log Kow	-0.77	Other methods
Triphenylbenzy lphosphonium salt with 4,4'- [2,2,2-trifluoro- 1- (trifluoromethy l)ethylidene]bis [phenol] (1:1)		Experimental Bioconcentrati on		Log Kow	2.6	Other methods

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

Please contact manufacturer for more details

#### 12.5 Other adverse effects

No information available.

#### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Disposal methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. Proper destruction may require the use of additional fuel during incineration processes. Combustion products will include HF. Facility must be capable of handling halogenated materials.

#### **SECTION 14: Transport Information**

Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG) - Road/Rail Transport

UN No.: Not applicable.

Proper shipping name: Not applicable.

Class/Division: Not applicable.
Sub Risk: Not applicable.
Packing Group: Not applicable.

Hazchem Code: Not applicable

**IERG:** Not applicable.

International Air Transport Association (IATA) - Air Transport

UN No.: Not applicable.

**Proper shipping name:** Not applicable.

Class/Division: Not applicable. Sub Risk: Not applicable.

Packing Group: Not applicable.

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG)- Marine Transport

UN No.: Not applicable.

**Proper shipping name:** Not applicable.

Class/Division: Not applicable.
Sub Risk: Not applicable.
Packing Group: Not applicable.
Marine Pollutant: Not applicable.

#### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### **Australian Inventory Status:**

An ingredient(s) in this product is being introduced under the no unreasonable risk non-cosmetic (<100 Kg) exemption provisions specified in Section 21(4) of the Industrial Chemicals (Notification and Assessment) Act 1989 as amended. This 3M safety data sheet represents a group of products. Products imported by 3M Australia are listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances and are in compliance with the requirements of the Industrial Chemicals (Notification and Assessment) Act 1989 as amended.

**Poison Schedule:** This product is intended for Industrial or Professional Use only and therefore is not packaged and labelled in accordance with the requirements of the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons.

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### **Revision information:**

Initial issue.

DISCLAIMER: The information on this Safety Data Sheet is based on our experience and is correct to the best of our knowledge at the date of publication, but we do not accept any liability for any loss, damage or injury resulting from its use (except as required by law). The information may not be valid for any use not referred to in this Safety Data Sheet or use of the product in combination with other materials. For these reasons, it is important that customers carry out their own test to satisfy themselves as to the suitability of the product for their own intended applications.

Greenguard ® is a United States based program. The 'Low VOC' reference related to United States Federal and State regulations exemptions for some solvents.

3M Australia SDSs are available at www.3m.com.au